

FACT SHEET

October, 2010

PRACTICE DEFINITION

The establishment of permanent vegetation on sites that have or are expected to have high erosion rates and on sites that have physical, chemical or biological conditions that prevent the establishment of vegetation with normal practices

PRACTICE PURPOSE

- Stabilize areas with existing or expected high rates of soil erosion by water.
- Stabilize areas with existing or expected high rates of soil erosion by wind.
- Rehabilitate and re-vegetate degraded sites that cannot be stabilized through normal farming practices.
- Stabilize coastal areas, such as sand dunes and riparian areas



PRACTICE INFORMATION

This practice applies to highly disturbed areas such as active or abandoned mined lands, urban conservation sites, road construction areas, conservation practice construction sites, areas needing stabilization before or after natural disasters such as floods, hurricanes, tornados and wildfires and other areas degraded by human activities or natural events.

A site investigation shall be conducted to identify any physical, chemical or biological conditions that could affect the successful establishment of vegetation.

Species selected for seeding or planting shall be suited to current site conditions and intended uses.

No plants on the state noxious weeds list shall be planted.

This document is not all inclusive and should not be considered as guidance for implementation. The Conservation Practice Standard and Practice Specification are the official guidance documents for implementation of this practice.