

**NATURAL RESOURCES CONSERVATION SERVICE  
CONSERVATION PRACTICE STANDARD**

**WASTE FACILITY COVER**

(No.)

**CODE 367**

**DEFINITION**

A fabricated rigid, semi-rigid, or flexible membrane over a waste treatment or storage facility.

**PURPOSE**

To cover a waste facility for:

- water quality improvement
- air quality improvement
- capture of biogas for energy production

**CONDITIONS WHERE PRACTICE APPLIES**

This practice applies where:

- Exclusion of precipitation from an animal waste storage or treatment facility will improve management of an existing or planned system.
- Capture and controlled release or flaring of emissions from an existing or planned agricultural waste storage will improve air quality.
- Bio-treatment of emissions from an existing or planned waste storage or treatment facility will improve air quality
- Biogas production and capture for energy are components of an existing or planned animal waste system.

**CRITERIA**

**General Criteria Applicable to All Purposes**

**Laws and Regulations.** Cover systems for animal waste facilities must be planned, designed, and constructed to meet all federal, state and local regulations.

**Service Life.** The cover and appurtenances shall be designed to provide a service life of not less than 10 years.

**Materials.** The type, thickness and material properties of the cover and any supporting members shall account for all loads and stresses due to operational, environmental, and climatic conditions.

Flexible membrane materials, used for fabrication of inflated and floating covers, shall be certified by the manufacturer as suitable for the intended application.

**Loads.** Where applicable, the membrane cover and support system shall be designed to resist snow and wind loads as specified in ASAE EP288.5, Agricultural Building Snow and Wind Loads.

**Biogas Emissions.** The cover system shall provide for capture and control of biogas, bio-reduction and direct release of gaseous emissions, or contain and release of gaseous emissions, as appropriate.

**Capture and Control**

The cover system shall be designed to capture biogas emissions and transfer to point of discharge without mixing with air. The point of discharge shall be equipped with a flare or utilization equipment as appropriate.

**Bio-reduction and Direct Release**

The cover shall be fabricated of a permeable composite membrane designed to promote biological treatment of gaseous emissions. Gaseous emissions pass through the membrane for direct release to the atmosphere.

**Contain and Release**

The cover system is designed for rainfall exclusion and not to specifically capture biogas. Therefore special handling or treatment of biogas emissions is not required except as necessary to prevent undue safety hazards.

**Anchorage.** The cover anchorage system shall be designed in a manner to resist internal gas pressures, corrosive environment, wind loads or other forces as appropriate to the cover system.

**Repair.** New and aged flexible cover materials shall be readily repairable by solvent, adhesive, or thermoplastic welding. Semi-rigid cover material shall be repairable by sectional replacement.

**Precipitation.** Impermeable covers shall direct precipitation to collection points for removal by pumping or by controlled release to suitable grassed or otherwise stabilized areas for discharge.

**Access.** Covers shall be removable or otherwise provided with suitable equipment access as necessary for normal operation and maintenance of the waste facility.

**Safety.** The cover shall include safety features, including fences and warning signs as appropriate to prevent undue hazards.

As a minimum all covers shall include the following:

“Warning Flammable Gas” and “No Smoking” signs shall be posted.

Where biogas is captured, the gas collection and control system shall be designed in accordance with standard engineering practice for safely handling a flammable gas.

Flares shall be grounded or otherwise protected to minimize the chance of lightning strikes.

A flame trap device shall be provided in the gas line between the flare and the waste facility.

The location of underground gas lines shall be marked with signs to prevent accidental disturbance or rupture.

#### **Additional Criteria for Rigid Covers**

Rigid covers shall meet the structural requirements of Practice Standard 313, Waste Storage Facility.

The cover or cover vessel design shall include provisions for fail safe pressure relief. Maximum pressure shall not exceed 12 inches water column.

#### **Additional Criteria for Inflated Covers**

Covers inflated and supported by forced air from mechanical means shall be:

- Equipped with a warning system to notify operator of blower failure.
- Provided with a support system to limit cover collapse in the event the blower fails and for access of equipment.
- Provided with a suitable access port for normal maintenance equipment.

#### **Additional Criteria for Floating Covers**

Floating membrane covers shall be supplemented with floatation materials as necessary for proper function, operation, and maintenance.

Minimum membrane or composite membrane thickness shall be 40 mils.

#### **Additional Criteria for Energy Production**

The cover materials and all appurtenances such as weights and floats shall be designed to capture and convey biogas to the gas collection system. The cover design shall provide for the following:

1. Air Infiltration. The cover system and appurtenances, including perimeter soil slopes above the water line for in-ground digesters, shall be designed to exclude the entrance of air under all operating conditions.
2. Material. The minimum material thickness for flexible geomembrane covers shall be:
  - 40 mils for non reinforced material
  - 36 mils for reinforced materials
3. Gas Collection, Control, and Utilization. The collection of biogas and flaring or other end use shall meet appropriate criteria in Practice Standard 365, Anaerobic Digester – Ambient Temperature.

#### **CONSIDERATIONS**

Animal waste storage facilities can release large amounts of biogas at certain times of the year. The cover and gas collection system should be designed for release of this gas.

Storage of biogas should be considered when installing flexible covers over storage impoundments (lagoons) to attenuate gas supply for end use or controlled release.

**PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS**

Plans and specifications shall be prepared in accordance with the criteria of this standard and shall describe the requirements for applying the practice to achieve its intended use.

**OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE**

An operation and maintenance plan shall be developed that is consistent with the purposes of the practice, its intended life, safety

requirements, and the criteria used for its design.

When gas storage is included in the system design, the plan shall contain instructions as to limits of cover ballooning and emergency procedures if control equipment fails.

**Warranties.** The cover manufacturer and or installer shall warrant the cover for the intended use and design life, provide maintenance instructions, and certify that the cover is properly installed.

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