

Prime and other Important Farmlands

This table lists the map units in the survey area that are considered important farmlands. Important farmlands consist of prime farmland, unique farmland, and farmland of statewide or local importance. This list does not constitute a recommendation for a particular land use.

In an effort to identify the extent and location of important farmlands, the Natural Resources Conservation Service, in cooperation with other interested Federal, State, and local government organizations, has inventoried land that can be used for the production of the Nation's food supply.

Prime farmland is of major importance in meeting the Nation's short- and long-range needs for food and fiber. Because the supply of high-quality farmland is limited, the U.S. Department of Agriculture recognizes that responsible levels of government, as well as individuals, should encourage and facilitate the wise use of our Nation's prime farmland.

Prime farmland, as defined by the U.S. Department of Agriculture, is land that has the best combination of physical and chemical characteristics for producing food, feed, forage, fiber, and oilseed crops and is available for these uses. It could be cultivated land, pastureland, forestland, or other land, but it is not urban or built-up land or water areas. The soil quality, growing season, and moisture supply are those needed for the soil to economically produce sustained high yields of crops when proper management, including water management, and acceptable farming methods are applied. In general, prime farmland has an adequate and dependable supply of moisture from precipitation or irrigation, a favorable temperature and growing season, acceptable acidity or alkalinity, an acceptable salt and sodium content, and few or no rocks. The water supply is dependable and of adequate quality. Prime farmland is permeable to water and air. It is not excessively erodible or saturated with water for long periods, and it either is not frequently flooded during the growing season or is protected from flooding. Slope ranges mainly from 0 to 6 percent. More detailed information about the criteria for prime farmland is available at the local office of the Natural Resources Conservation Service.

For some of the soils identified in the table as prime farmland, measures that overcome a hazard or limitation, such as flooding, wetness, and droughtiness, are needed. Onsite evaluation is needed to determine whether or not the hazard or limitation has been overcome by corrective measures.

A recent trend in land use in some areas has been the loss of some prime farmland to industrial and urban uses. The loss of prime farmland to other uses puts pressure on marginal lands, which generally are more erodible, droughty, and less productive and cannot be easily cultivated.

Unique farmland is land other than prime farmland that is used for the production of specific high-value food and fiber crops, such as citrus, tree nuts, olives, cranberries, and other fruits and vegetables. It has the special combination of soil quality, growing season, moisture supply, temperature, humidity, air drainage, elevation, and aspect needed for the soil to economically produce sustainable high yields of these crops when properly managed. The water supply is dependable and of adequate quality. Nearness to markets is an additional consideration. Unique farmland is not based on national criteria. It commonly is in areas where there is a special microclimate, such as the wine country in California.

In some areas, land that does not meet the criteria for prime or unique farmland is considered to be *farmland of statewide importance* for the production of food, feed, fiber, forage, and oilseed crops. The criteria for defining and delineating farmland of statewide importance are determined by the appropriate State agencies.

Generally, this land includes areas of soils that nearly meet the requirements for prime farmland and that economically produce high yields of crops when treated and managed according to acceptable farming methods. Some areas may produce as high a yield as prime farmland if conditions are favorable. Farmland of statewide importance may include tracts of land that have been designated for agriculture by State law.

In some areas that are not identified as having national or statewide importance, land is considered to be *farmland of local importance* for the production of food, feed, fiber, forage, and oilseed crops. This farmland is identified by the appropriate local agencies. Farmland of local importance may include tracts of land that have been designated for agriculture by local ordinance.

Report—Prime and other Important Farmlands

Prime and other Important Farmlands--Stark County, Ohio		
Map Symbol	Map Unit Name	Farmland Classification
Ad	Alluvial land	Not prime farmland
An	Alluvial land-Urban land complex	Not prime farmland
ArB	Arkport fine sandy loam, 0 to 6 percent slopes	All areas are prime farmland
ArC	Arkport fine sandy loam, 6 to 12 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
ArD	Arkport fine sandy loam, 12 to 18 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
AwD2	Amanda-Wooster silt loams, 12 to 18 percent slopes, eroded	Not prime farmland
BeB	Berks silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
BeD	Berks silt loam, 12 to 18 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
BeE	Berks silt loam, 18 to 25 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
BfD	Bethesda channery clay loam, 8 to 25 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
BfF	Bethesda channery clay loam, 25 to 70 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
BgA	Bogart loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	All areas are prime farmland
BgB	Bogart loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes	All areas are prime farmland
BhC	Bethesda channery clay loam, 8 to 15 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
BkE	Berks channery silt loam, 25 to 35 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
BIF	Berks channery silt loam, 35 to 70 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
BoA	Bogart silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	All areas are prime farmland
BoB	Bogart silt loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes	All areas are prime farmland
BoC	Bogart silt loam, 6 to 12 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
BrA	Boyer loam, 0 to 4 percent slopes	All areas are prime farmland
Bu	Bogart-Urban land complex	Not prime farmland
BwC2	Brooke silty clay loam, 4 to 12 percent slopes, moderately eroded	Not prime farmland
BwE2	Brooke silty clay loam, 12 to 25 percent slopes, moderately eroded	Not prime farmland

Prime and other Important Farmlands--Stark County, Ohio		
Map Symbol	Map Unit Name	Farmland Classification
Ca	Canadice silt loam	Not prime farmland
CbB	Culleoka silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	All areas are prime farmland
CcD	Conotton gravelly loam, 15 to 25 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
CdA	Canfield silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	All areas are prime farmland
CdB	Canfield silt loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes	All areas are prime farmland
CdC	Canfield silt loam, 6 to 12 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
CdC2	Canfield silt loam, 6 to 12 percent slopes, eroded	Not prime farmland
CdD	Canfield silt loam, 12 to 18 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
CdD2	Canfield silt loam, 12 to 18 percent slopes, eroded	Not prime farmland
CddD	Canfield silt loam, 12 to 20 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
CddE	Canfield silt loam, 20 to 35 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
CeB	Canfield-Urban land complex, 2 to 6 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
CeC	Canfield-Urban land complex, 6 to 12 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
CfB	Canfield silt loam, moderately deep variant, 2 to 6 percent slopes	All areas are prime farmland
CfC	Canfield silt loam, moderately deep variant, 6 to 12 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
CgC	Canfield silt loam, 8 to 15 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
Ch	Carlisle muck	Not prime farmland
Ci	Chagrin loam	All areas are prime farmland
CjD	Conotton-Oshtemo complex, 12 to 18 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
Ck	Chagrin loam, alkaline phase	All areas are prime farmland
CIA	Chili silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes	All areas are prime farmland
Cm	Chagrin silt loam, alkaline phase	All areas are prime farmland
CnA	Chili loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	All areas are prime farmland
CnB	Chili loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes	All areas are prime farmland
CoC	Chili gravelly loam, 6 to 12 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
CoC2	Chili gravelly loam, 6 to 12 percent slopes, moderately eroded	Not prime farmland
CoD2	Chili gravelly loam, 12 to 18 percent slopes, moderately eroded	Not prime farmland
CoE2	Chili gravelly loam, 18 to 25 percent slopes, moderately eroded	Not prime farmland
CpA	Chili silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	All areas are prime farmland
CpB	Chili silt loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes	All areas are prime farmland
CpC	Chili silt loam, 6 to 12 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
CpC2	Chili silt loam, 6 to 12 percent slopes, moderately eroded	Not prime farmland
CrD2	Chili gravelly loam, 12 to 25 percent slopes, eroded	Not prime farmland
CsC	Coshocton-Guernsey silt loams, 8 to 15 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
CsD	Coshocton-Guernsey silt loams, 15 to 25 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
CsE	Coshocton-Guernsey silt loams, 25 to 40 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
CtC	Coshocton silt loam, 6 to 12 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
CtD2	Coshocton silt loam, 15 to 25 percent slopes, eroded	Not prime farmland

Prime and other Important Farmlands--Stark County, Ohio		
Map Symbol	Map Unit Name	Farmland Classification
CuB	Chili-Urban land complex, undulating	Not prime farmland
CuC	Chili-Urban land complex, rolling	Not prime farmland
CuF	Chili-Urban land complex, steep	Not prime farmland
CvF2	Chili and Conotton gravelly loams, 25 to 50 percent slopes, moderately eroded	Not prime farmland
CwA	Conotton loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	All areas are prime farmland
CxC	Coshocton-Guernsey very stony silt loams, 8 to 15 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
CxD	Coshocton-Guernsey very stony silt loams, 15 to 25 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
CyB	Conotton gravelly loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
CyC	Conotton gravelly loam, 6 to 12 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
CyD2	Conotton gravelly loam, 12 to 18 percent slopes, moderately eroded	Not prime farmland
CyE2	Conotton gravelly loam, 18 to 25 percent slopes, moderately eroded	Not prime farmland
Da	Damascus loam	Prime farmland if drained
Dc	Damascus loam, till substratum	Prime farmland if drained
DeD	Dekalb channery loam, 12 to 18 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
DeE	Dekalb channery loam, 18 to 25 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
DkB	Dekalb sandy loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
DkC	Dekalb sandy loam, 6 to 12 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
DkE2	Dekalb sandy loam, 12 to 25 percent slopes, moderately eroded	Not prime farmland
DkF2	Dekalb sandy loam, 25 to 50 percent slopes, moderately eroded	Not prime farmland
Ed	Edwards muck	Not prime farmland
EIB	Ellsworth silt loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes	All areas are prime farmland
EuB	Ellsworth-Urban land complex, 2 to 6 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
FaD	Fairpoint channery clay loam, 8 to 25 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
FaF	Fairpoint channery clay loam, 25 to 70 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
FcA	Fitchville silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	Prime farmland if drained
FcB	Fitchville silt loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes	Prime farmland if drained
FcC	Fitchville silt loam, 6 to 12 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
FoC2	Fredericktown gravelly loam, 6 to 15 percent slopes, eroded	Not prime farmland
Fr	Frenchtown silt loam	Prime farmland if drained
Fu	Fitchville-Urban land complex	Not prime farmland
GbB	Geeburg silt loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
GbB2	Geeburg silt loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes, moderately eroded	Not prime farmland
GbC2	Geeburg silt loam, 6 to 12 percent slopes, moderately eroded	Not prime farmland
GbE2	Geeburg silt loam, 12 to 25 percent, moderately eroded	Not prime farmland
GcC2	Geeburg silty clay loam, 6 to 12 percent slopes, moderately eroded	Not prime farmland

Prime and other Important Farmlands--Stark County, Ohio		
Map Symbol	Map Unit Name	Farmland Classification
GdB	Gilpin silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	All areas are prime farmland
GdC	Gilpin silt loam, 8 to 15 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
GdD	Gilpin silt loam, 15 to 25 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
Ge	Ginat silt loam	Prime farmland if drained
GfA	Glenford silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	All areas are prime farmland
GfB	Glenford silt loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes	All areas are prime farmland
GfC	Glenford silt loam, 6 to 12 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
GfC2	Glenford silt loam, 6 to 12 percent slopes, moderately eroded	Not prime farmland
GfD2	Glenford silt loam, 12 to 18 percent slopes, moderately eroded	Not prime farmland
GhB	Glenford silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
GIC	Glenford silt loam, 6 to 12 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
GmC	Guernsey silt loam, 8 to 15 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
GnB	Guernsey silty clay loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
HeC	Hazleton channery loam, 6 to 15 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
HeD	Hazleton channery loam, 15 to 25 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
HeE	Hazleton channery loam, 25 to 40 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
HgC	Hazleton loam, 8 to 15 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
HgD	Hazleton loam, 15 to 25 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
HgE	Hazleton loam, 25 to 40 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
HI	Holly silt loam	Prime farmland if drained and either protected from flooding or not frequently flooded during the growing season
Ho	Holly silt loam, ponded	Not prime farmland
Hy	Holly silt loam, alkaline	Prime farmland if drained and either protected from flooding or not frequently flooded during the growing season
JtA	Jimtown loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	Prime farmland if drained
JtB	Jimtown loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes	Prime farmland if drained
JuB	Jimtown loam, till substratum, 2 to 6 percent slopes	Prime farmland if drained
JwA	Jimtown silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes	Prime farmland if drained
KeB	Keene silt loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes	All areas are prime farmland
KeC	Keene silt loam, 6 to 12 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
KeC2	Keene silt loam, 6 to 12 percent slopes, moderately eroded	Not prime farmland
KeD	Keene silt loam, 12 to 18 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
KeD2	Keene silt loam, 12 to 18 percent slopes, moderately eroded	Not prime farmland
KeE	Keene silt loam, 18 to 25 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
KhC	Keene silt loam, 8 to 15 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
Kk	Killbuck silt loam	Prime farmland if drained
KnC	Kensington silt loam, 6 to 15 percent slopes	Not prime farmland

Prime and other Important Farmlands--Stark County, Ohio		
Map Symbol	Map Unit Name	Farmland Classification
KnD	Kensington silt loam, 15 to 25 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
LaB	Latham silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	All areas are prime farmland
LaC	Latham silt loam, 8 to 15 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
LaC2	Latham silt loam, 6 to 12 percent slopes, moderately eroded	Not prime farmland
LaD	Latham silt loam, 12 to 18 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
LaD2	Latham silt loam, 12 to 18 percent slopes, moderately eroded	Not prime farmland
LaF	Latham silt loam, 25 to 35 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
LcA	Licking silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	All areas are prime farmland
LcB	Licking silt loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes	All areas are prime farmland
LcC	Licking silt loam, 6 to 12 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
LcC2	Licking silt loam, 6 to 12 percent slopes, moderately eroded	Not prime farmland
LcE2	Licking silt loam, 12 to 25 percent slopes, moderately eroded	Not prime farmland
Ld	Linwood muck	Not prime farmland
Le	Lobdell silt loam, alkaline phase	All areas are prime farmland
Lf	Lobdell silt loam, occasionally flooded	All areas are prime farmland
LnA	Lorain silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	Prime farmland if drained
LoB	Loudonville silt loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes	All areas are prime farmland
LoC	Loudonville silt loam, 6 to 12 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
LoC2	Loudonville silt loam, 6 to 12 percent slopes, moderately eroded	Not prime farmland
LoD	Loudonville silt loam, 12 to 18 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
LoD2	Loudonville silt loam, 12 to 18 percent slopes, moderately eroded	Not prime farmland
LoE2	Loudonville silt loam, 18 to 25 percent slopes, moderately eroded	Not prime farmland
LoF2	Loudonville silt loam, 25 to 35 percent slopes, moderately eroded	Not prime farmland
Lr	Luray silty clay loam	Prime farmland if drained
LuB	Loudonville-Urban land complex, undulating	Not prime farmland
LuC	Loudonville-Urban land complex, rolling	Not prime farmland
Lw	Lorain silty clay loam, silty substratum	Prime farmland if drained
Ly	Luray silt loam	Prime farmland if drained
Lz	Luray silt loam, gravelly subsoil variant	Prime farmland if drained
Ma	Made land	Not prime farmland
Mc	Melvin silt loam, frequently flooded	Prime farmland if drained and either protected from flooding or not frequently flooded during the growing season
MdB	Mahoning silt loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes	Prime farmland if drained
MeA	Mentor silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	All areas are prime farmland
MeB	Mentor silt loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes	All areas are prime farmland
MeC	Mentor silt loam, 6 to 12 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
MeD	Mentor silt loam, 12 to 18 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
Mg	Montgomery silty clay loam	Prime farmland if drained

Prime and other Important Farmlands--Stark County, Ohio		
Map Symbol	Map Unit Name	Farmland Classification
MhB	Mechanicsburg silt loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes	All areas are prime farmland
MsB	Muskingum silt loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes	All areas are prime farmland
MsC	Muskingum silt loam, 6 to 12 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
MsD	Muskingum silt loam, 12 to 18 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
MvE	Muskingum and Gilpin silt loams, 18 to 25 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
MvE3	Muskingum and Gilpin silt loams, 18 to 25 percent slopes, severely eroded	Not prime farmland
MvF	Muskingum and Gilpin silt loams, 25 to 35 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
MvG	Muskingum and Gilpin silt loams, 35 to 50 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
MwF	Muskingum and Gilpin-Urban land complex, steep	Not prime farmland
Od	Olmsted loam	Prime farmland if drained
OmA	Oshtemo sandy loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	All areas are prime farmland
OmB	Oshtemo sandy loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes	All areas are prime farmland
OmC	Oshtemo sandy loam, 6 to 12 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
OrA	Orrville silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes, occasionally flooded	Prime farmland if drained
OsB	Oshtemo sandy loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	All areas are prime farmland
Ot	Orrville silt loam, occasionally flooded	Prime farmland if drained
Pg	Pits, gravel	Not prime farmland
PIB	Plainfield loamy sand, 0 to 6 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
PIC	Plainfield loamy sand, 6 to 12 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
PnB	Plainfield loamy sand, 3 to 8 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
Pq	Pits, quarry	Not prime farmland
RaB	Rainsboro silt loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes	All areas are prime farmland
RaC	Rainsboro silt loam, 6 to 12 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
RcC	Ramsey channery sandy loam, 6 to 12 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
RcD	Ramsey channery sandy loam, 12 to 18 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
RcE2	Ramsey channery sandy loam, 18 to 25 percent slopes, moderately eroded	Not prime farmland
RcF2	Ramsey channery sandy loam, 25 to 50 percent slopes, moderately eroded	Not prime farmland
ReA	Ravenna silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	Prime farmland if drained
ReB	Ravenna silt loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes	Prime farmland if drained
Rn	Ravenna-Urban land complex	Not prime farmland
RoA	Remsen silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
RoB	Remsen silt loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
Rr	Remsen-Urban land complex	Not prime farmland
RsB	Rittman silt loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes	All areas are prime farmland
RsC	Rittman silt loam, 6 to 12 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
RsC2	Rittman silt loam, 6 to 12 percent slopes, moderately eroded	Not prime farmland

Prime and other Important Farmlands--Stark County, Ohio		
Map Symbol	Map Unit Name	Farmland Classification
RsD2	Rittman silt loam, 12 to 18 percent slopes, moderately eroded	Not prime farmland
RtD2	Rittman silt loam, 12 to 20 percent slopes, eroded	Not prime farmland
RuA	Rush silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes	All areas are prime farmland
Sb	Sebring silt loam	Prime farmland if drained
Se	Sebring silt loam, till substratum	Prime farmland if drained
Sg	Sebring-Urban land complex	Not prime farmland
Sh	Shoals silt loam	Prime farmland if drained
Sl	Sloan silt loam	Prime farmland if drained and either protected from flooding or not frequently flooded during the growing season
SoC	Strip mine spoil, sandstone and shale materials, undulating	Not prime farmland
SoE	Strip mine spoil, sandstone and shale materials, rolling	Not prime farmland
SoF	Strip mine spoil, sandstone and shale materials, steep	Not prime farmland
SsC	Strip mine spoil, acid clay shale materials, undulating	Not prime farmland
SsE	Strip mine spoil, acid clay shale materials, rolling	Not prime farmland
SsF	Strip mine spoil, acid clay shale materials, steep	Not prime farmland
StC	Strip mine spoil, nonacid materials, undulating	Not prime farmland
StD	Strip mine spoil, nonacid materials, rolling	Not prime farmland
StF	Strip mine spoil, nonacid materials, steep	Not prime farmland
TeC	Teegarden silt loam, 6 to 15 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
TeC2	Teegarden silt loam, 6 to 15 percent slopes, eroded	Not prime farmland
TgA	Tioga loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes, occasionally flooded	All areas are prime farmland
TIC	Tilsit silt loam, 6 to 12 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
TID	Tilsit silt loam, 12 to 18 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
To	Tioga silt loam, occasionally flooded	All areas are prime farmland
Tr	Trumbull silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
Ua	Udorthents	Not prime farmland
Ub	Udorthents, hilly	Not prime farmland
Uf	Udorthents, sanitary landfill	Not prime farmland
Up	Udorthents-Pits complex	Not prime farmland
Ur	Urban land	Not prime farmland
UtB	Urban land-Canfield complex, 2 to 6 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
UvB	Urban land-Chili complex, 2 to 6 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
UxF	Udorthents, loamy till materials, steep	Not prime farmland
W	Water	Not prime farmland
WaA	Wadsworth silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	Prime farmland if drained
WaB	Wadsworth silt loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes	Prime farmland if drained
WaC	Wadsworth silt loam, 6 to 12 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
WaC2	Wadsworth silt loam, 6 to 12 percent slopes, moderately eroded	Not prime farmland

Prime and other Important Farmlands--Stark County, Ohio		
Map Symbol	Map Unit Name	Farmland Classification
WbB	Wadsworth silt loam, moderately shallow variant, 2 to 6 percent slopes	Prime farmland if drained
Wc	Wallkill silt loam, clayey subsoil variant	Not prime farmland
Wd	Wayland silt loam	Prime farmland if drained and either protected from flooding or not frequently flooded during the growing season
WeC	Weikert channery silt loam, 6 to 12 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
WeD	Weikert channery silt loam, 12 to 18 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
WeE2	Weikert channery silt loam, 18 to 25 percent slopes, moderately eroded	Not prime farmland
WeF2	Weikert channery silt loam, 25 to 50 percent slopes, moderately eroded	Not prime farmland
Wg	Wallkill silt loam	Not prime farmland
WhA	Weinbach silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	Prime farmland if drained
WhB	Weinbach silt loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes	Prime farmland if drained
Wk	Weinbach-Urban land complex	Not prime farmland
WIB	Wellston silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	All areas are prime farmland
WIC	Wellston silt loam, 8 to 15 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
WmA	Wheeling loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	All areas are prime farmland
WmB	Wheeling loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes	All areas are prime farmland
WmC2	Wheeling loam, 6 to 12 percent slopes, moderately eroded	Not prime farmland
WnC	Westmoreland silt loam, 8 to 15 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
WnD	Westmoreland silt loam, 15 to 25 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
WnE	Westmoreland silt loam, 25 to 35 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
WoA	Wheeling loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes	All areas are prime farmland
WpC	Westmoreland-Coshocton silt loams, 8 to 15 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
WpD	Westmoreland-Coshocton silt loams, 15 to 25 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
WrA	Wheeling silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	All areas are prime farmland
WrB	Wheeling silt loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes	All areas are prime farmland
WrC	Wheeling silt loam, 6 to 12 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
WrC2	Wheeling silt loam, 6 to 12 percent slopes, moderately eroded	Not prime farmland
WsD2	Wheeling soils, 12 to 18 percent slopes, moderately eroded	Not prime farmland
Wt	Willette muck	Not prime farmland
WuB	Wooster silt loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes	All areas are prime farmland
WuC	Wooster silt loam, 6 to 12 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
WuC2	Wooster silt loam, 6 to 12 percent slopes, moderately eroded	Not prime farmland
WuD2	Wooster silt loam, 12 to 18 percent slopes, moderately eroded	Not prime farmland
WuE2	Wooster silt loam, 18 to 25 percent slopes, moderately eroded	Not prime farmland
WuF2	Wooster silt loam, 25 to 50 percent slopes, moderately eroded	Not prime farmland
WvD	Wooster-Urban land complex, steep	Not prime farmland

Prime and other Important Farmlands--Stark County, Ohio		
Map Symbol	Map Unit Name	Farmland Classification
WxB	Wooster-Riddles silt loams, 2 to 6 percent slopes	All areas are prime farmland
WxC	Wooster-Riddles silt loams, 6 to 12 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
WxC2	Wooster-Riddles silt loams, 6 to 12 percent slopes, eroded	Not prime farmland
WxD2	Wooster-Riddles silt loams, 12 to 18 percent slopes, eroded	Not prime farmland
WyE	Westmoreland-Berks complex, 25 to 40 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
ZeA	Zepernick silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes, occasionally flooded	Prime farmland if drained

Data Source Information

Soil Survey Area: Stark County, Ohio
 Survey Area Data: Version 11, Sep 19, 2014