Prime and other Important Farmlands

This table lists the map units in the survey area that are considered important farmlands. Important farmlands consist of prime farmland, unique farmland, and farmland of statewide or local importance. This list does not constitute a recommendation for a particular land use.

In an effort to identify the extent and location of important farmlands, the Natural Resources Conservation Service, in cooperation with other interested Federal, State, and local government organizations, has inventoried land that can be used for the production of the Nation's food supply.

Prime farmland is of major importance in meeting the Nation's short- and long-range needs for food and fiber. Because the supply of high-quality farmland is limited, the U.S. Department of Agriculture recognizes that responsible levels of government, as well as individuals, should encourage and facilitate the wise use of our Nation's prime farmland.

Prime farmland, as defined by the U.S. Department of Agriculture, is land that has the best combination of physical and chemical characteristics for producing food, feed, forage, fiber, and oilseed crops and is available for these uses. It could be cultivated land, pastureland, forestland, or other land, but it is not urban or built-up land or water areas. The soil quality, growing season, and moisture supply are those needed for the soil to economically produce sustained high yields of crops when proper management, including water management, and acceptable farming methods are applied. In general, prime farmland has an adequate and dependable supply of moisture from precipitation or irrigation, a favorable temperature and growing season, acceptable acidity or alkalinity, an acceptable salt and sodium content, and few or no rocks. The water supply is dependable and of adequate quality. Prime farmland is permeable to water and air. It is not excessively erodible or saturated with water for long periods, and it either is not frequently flooded during the growing season or is protected from flooding. Slope ranges mainly from 0 to 6 percent. More detailed information about the criteria for prime farmland is available at the local office of the Natural Resources Conservation Service.

For some of the soils identified in the table as prime farmland, measures that overcome a hazard or limitation, such as flooding, wetness, and droughtiness, are needed. Onsite evaluation is needed to determine whether or not the hazard or limitation has been overcome by corrective measures.

A recent trend in land use in some areas has been the loss of some prime farmland to industrial and urban uses. The loss of prime farmland to other uses puts pressure on marginal lands, which generally are more erodible, droughty, and less productive and cannot be easily cultivated.

Unique farmland is land other than prime farmland that is used for the production of specific high-value food and fiber crops, such as citrus, tree nuts, olives, cranberries, and other fruits and vegetables. It has the special combination of soil quality, growing season, moisture supply, temperature, humidity, air drainage, elevation, and aspect needed for the soil to economically produce sustainable high yields of these crops when properly managed. The water supply is dependable and of adequate quality. Nearness to markets is an additional consideration. Unique farmland is not based on national criteria. It commonly is in areas where there is a special microclimate, such as the wine country in California.

In some areas, land that does not meet the criteria for prime or unique farmland is considered to be *farmland of statewide importance* for the production of food, feed, fiber, forage, and oilseed crops. The criteria for defining and delineating farmland of statewide importance are determined by the appropriate State agencies. Generally, this land includes areas of soils that nearly meet the requirements for prime farmland and that economically produce high yields of crops when treated and managed according to acceptable farming methods. Some areas may produce as high a yield as prime farmland if conditions are favorable. Farmland of statewide importance may include tracts of land that have been designated for agriculture by State law.

In some areas that are not identified as having national or statewide importance, land is considered to be *farmland of local importance* for the production of food, feed, fiber, forage, and oilseed crops. This farmland is identified by the appropriate local agencies. Farmland of local importance may include tracts of land that have been designated for agriculture by local ordinance.

Report—Prime and other Important Farmlands

Prime and other Important Farmlands–Pasco County, Florida		
Map Symbol	**Map Unit Name**	**Farmland Classification**
1	Wauchula fine sand, 0 to 5 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
2	Pomona fine sand	Not prime farmland
3	Pineda fine sand	Not prime farmland
4	Felda fine sand	Not prime farmland
5	Myakka-Myakka, wet, fine sands, 0 to 2 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
6	Tavares sand, 0 to 5 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
7	Sparr fine sand, 0 to 5 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
8	Sellers mucky loamy fine sand	Not prime farmland
9	Ona fine sand	Not prime farmland
10	Wabasso fine sand	Not prime farmland
11	Adamsville fine sand, 0 to 2 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
12	Astatula fine sand, 0 to 5 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
13	Candler fine sand, 0 to 5 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
14	Candler fine sand, 5 to 8 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
15	Tavares-Urban land complex, 0 to 5 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
16	Zephyr muck	Not prime farmland
17	Immokalee fine sand	Not prime farmland
18	Electra Variant fine sand, 0 to 5 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
19	Paola fine sand, 0 to 8 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
20	Aripeka fine sand	Not prime farmland
21	Smyrna fine sand	Not prime farmland
22	Basinger fine sand	Not prime farmland
23	Basinger fine sand, depressional, 0 to 1 percent slopes	Not prime farmland

Prime and other Important Farmlands--Pasco County, Florida		
Map Symbol	**Map Unit Name**	**Farmland Classification**
24	Quartzipsamments, shaped, 0 to 5 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
25	Jonesville fine sand, 0 to 5 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
26	Narcoossee fine sand	Not prime farmland
27	Anclote fine sand, 0 to 2 percent slopes, ponded	Not prime farmland
28	Pits	Not prime farmland
29	Lacoochee complex	Not prime farmland
30	Okeelanta-Terra Ceia association	Not prime farmland
31	Udalfic Arents-Urban land complex	Not prime farmland
32	Lake fine sand, 0 to 5 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
34	Pompano fine sand	Not prime farmland
35	EauGallie fine sand	Not prime farmland
36	Candler-Urban land complex, 0 to 8 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
37	Paola-Urban land complex, 0 to 8 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
38	Urban land	Not prime farmland
39	Chobee soils, frequently flooded	Not prime farmland
40	Paisley fine sand	Not prime farmland
41	Pits-Dumps complex	Not prime farmland
42	Pomello fine sand, 0 to 5 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
43	Arredondo fine sand, 0 to 5 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
44	Arredondo fine sand, 5 to 8 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
45	Kendrick fine sand, 0 to 5 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
46	Cassia fine sand, 0 to 5 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
47	Weekiwachee muck	Not prime farmland
48	Lochloosa fine sand, 0 to 5 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
49	Blichton fine sand, 0 to 2 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
50	Blichton fine sand, 2 to 5 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
51	Blichton fine sand, 5 to 8 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
52	Samsula muck	Not prime farmland
53	Sparr fine sand, 5 to 8 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
54	Flemington Variant fine sand, 2 to 5 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
55	Homosassa mucky fine sandy loam	Not prime farmland
56	EauGallie-Urban land complex	Not prime farmland
57	Wabasso Variant fine sand	Not prime farmland
58	Tomoka muck	Not prime farmland
59	Newnan fine sand, 0 to 5 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
60	Palmetto-Zephyr-Sellers complex	Not prime farmland
61	Pompano fine sand, frequently flooded	Not prime farmland
62	Kendrick fine sand, 5 to 8 percent slopes	Not prime farmland

Prime and other Important Farmlands–Pasco County, Florida		
Map Symbol	**Map Unit Name**	**Farmland Classification**
63	Delray mucky fine sand	Not prime farmland
64	Nobleton fine sand, 0 to 5 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
65	Gainesville loamy fine sand, 0 to 5 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
66	Micanopy fine sand, 2 to 5 percent slopes	Prime farmland if drained
67	Kanapaha fine sand, 0 to 5 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
68	Lake fine sand, 5 to 8 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
69	Millhopper fine sand, 0 to 5 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
70	Placid fine sand	Not prime farmland
71	Anclote-Tavares-Pomello association, flooded	Not prime farmland
72	Orlando fine sand, 0 to 5 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
73	Zolfo fine sand	Not prime farmland
74	Candler Variant fine sand, 0 to 5 percent slopes	Not prime farmland
75	Beaches	Not prime farmland
76	Bessie muck	Not prime farmland
99	Water	Not prime farmland
100	Waters of the Gulf of Mexico	Not prime farmland

Data Source Information

Soil Survey Area: Pasco County, Florida
Survey Area Data: Version 11, Sep 23, 2014