Scenario: #1 - Wheel Line System

# **Scenario Description:**

A 1,280 foot wheel line (also called side roll, wheelmove, or lateral-roll) with 7 foot diameter wheels and five inch diameter supply pipeline. A wheel line consists of the mover, lateral pipe, wheels, sprinklers, couplers, and connectors to the mainline supply.

Resource concerns include: Soil Erosion (Concentrated flow erosion e.g. irrigation induced), Insufficient Water (Inefficient use of irrigation water), Water Quality Degradation (Excess nutrients in surface and ground waters, Excessive salts in surface and ground waters, Excess pathogens and chemicals from manure, bio-solids or compost applications), Inefficient Energy Use (Equipment and facilities e.g. pumping)

Associated Practices: Irrigation Pipeline (430), Pumping Plant (533), Irrigation Water Management (449)

## **Before Situation:**

Cropland that is flood irrigated and has poor irrigation efficiency and distribution uniformity. The slope and irregular shape of the field limit the potential for improved management to improve the irrigation efficiency or the distribution uniformity.

Irrigation water moves both within the field and off it, resulting in wet areas, runoff and deep percolation. Parts of the field are over-irrigated, and other sections are under-irrigated. Runoff from the field flows into streams, water courses, and other water bodies. Excess applied irrigation water infiltrates into ground water causing degradation to the receiving waters.

## **After Situation:**

A 1,280 foot wheel line with 7 foot diameter wheels and five inch diameter supply pipeline. Sprinklers are spaced along the wheel line at 40-foot intervals and risers are spaced at 60-foot increments along the mainline. The wheel line irrigates 40 acres of cropland.

The wheel line improves distribution uniformity. Irrigation application efficiency improves to 75%. Water application rates meet the consumptive use of the crop and matches soil intake rates in order to prevent irrigation induced erosion, runoff, and deep percolation.

Scenario Feature Measure: Length of Wheel Line Lateral

Scenario Unit: Linear Feet
Scenario Typical Size: 1,280

Scenario Cost: \$16,325.84 Scenario Cost/Unit: \$12.75

Cost Details (by category	):			Price		
Component Name	ID	Component Description	Unit	(\$/unit)	Quantity	Cost
Materials						
Irrigation, Wheel line with appurtenances, variable price portion.	326	Variable cost portion of the wheel line system with appurtenances. This portion includes the following items: pipe, sprinklers, wheels, installation. Does not include a mover.	Foot	\$12.51	1280	\$16,012.80
Mobilization						
Mobilization, small equipment		Equipment <70 HP but can't be transported by a pick-up truck or with typical weights between 3,500 to 14,000 pounds.	Each	\$156.52	2	\$313.04

Scenario: #2 - Solid Set System

# **Scenario Description:**

A solid set irrigation system.

Resource concerns include: Soil Erosion (Concentrated flow erosion e.g. irrigation induced), Insufficient Water (Inefficient use of irrigation water), Water Quality Degradation (Excess nutrients in surface and ground waters, Excessive salts in surface and ground waters, Excess pathogens and chemicals from manure, bio-solids or compost applications)

Associated Practices: Irrigation Pipeline (430), Pumping Plant (533), Irrigation Water Management (449)

## **Before Situation:**

The typical installation will be on cropland with some existing inefficient irrigation. The farm is typically producing specialty crops, such as fresh vegetables.

## **After Situation:**

The system is installed on 10 acres or less. The installed solid set system has 3-4 inch pipe sizes and sprinklers set 30 – 50 ft apart. Improved distribution uniformity and irrigation efficiency will result.

Scenario Feature Measure: Area of Irrigation System

Scenario Unit: Acre

Scenario Typical Size: 10

Scenario Cost: \$44,449.32 Scenario Cost/Unit: \$4,444.93

Cost Details (by category): Price **Component Name Component Description** Unit **Quantity Cost** (\$/unit) Materials 10 Irrigation, Solid Set, 324 Solid Set irrigation system that includes pipe, sprinklers, Acre \$4,432.08 \$44,320.80 w/Appurtenances connections, installation and appurtenances. Mobilization \$64.26 Mobilization, very small 1137 Equipment that is small enough to be transported by a pick- Each 2 \$128.52 up truck with typical weights less than 3,500 pounds. Can equipment be multiple pieces of equipment if all hauled simultaneously.

Scenario: #3 - Traveling Gun System, less than 2in Hose

## **Scenario Description:**

A portable small gun system used to apply irrigation water on small fields.

A small traveling gun irrigation system is installed to apply water uniformly and at an acceptable application rate operated under pressure to effectively irrigate less than 3 acres. The irrigation system is installed with all necessary appurtenances.

Resource concerns: Soil Erosion (Concentrated flow erosion, e.g. overflowing waste storage) and Water Quality Degradation (Excess nutrients in surface and ground waters, Excessive salts in surface and ground waters, Excess pathogens and chemicals from liquid manure)

Associated Practices: Irrigation Pipeline (430), Pumping Plant (533), Irrigation Water Management (449), Conservation Crop Rotation (328), Cover Crop (340), Nutrient Management (590), Waste Utilization (633), Manure Transfer (634)

## **Before Situation:**

An existing traveling gun on a 5 acre field is inefficient and is not applying water uniformly or not at an acceptable application rate. Excess applied water causes irrigation induced erosion, runoff and deep percolation. The runoff and deep percolation degrade the receiving waters.

## **After Situation:**

A small traveling gun irrigation system is installed to irrigate 5 acres based on the determined spacing needs.

Irrigation is applied efficiently and uniformly to maintain adequate soil water for plant growth without causing excessive water loss, erosion, or water quality degradation

The irrigation system is installed with all necessary appurtenances.

Scenario Feature Measure: Number of Traveling Gun Systems

Scenario Unit: Each
Scenario Typical Size: 1

duty

**Scenario Cost:** \$8,026.00 **Scenario Cost/Unit:** \$8,026.00

installation. Normal hose length 500'

Cost Details (by category): Price **Component Name Component Description** Unit **Quantity Cost** (\$/unit) Materials Irrigation, Traveling Gun 1478 Irrigation, Traveling Gun System with ≤ 2" Nominal size Inch \$8,026.00 \$8,026.00 System with ≤ 2" Nominal size hose with appurtenances. This includes the sprinkler gun, Diameter traveler cart, hard hose, reel, connections, controls, and hose, and appurtenances light

Scenario: #4 - Traveling Gun System, 2in to 3in Hose

# **Scenario Description:**

A portable big gun system used to apply waste water from animal feeding operations.

This traveling big gun unit includes a sprinkler, towable cart, 1000' or more of PE hard hose, a self propelled reel that moves the sprinkler toward the reel during operation. The reel attaches to a mainline with appropriately designed towpath width. The scenario describes an irrigation system that is typical to confined animal feeding operations.

Resource concerns: Soil Erosion (Concentrated flow erosion, e.g. overflowing waste storage) and Water Quality Degradation (Excess nutrients in surface and ground waters, Excessive salts in surface and ground waters, Excess pathogens and chemicals from liquid manure)

Associated Practices: Irrigation Pipeline (430), Pumping Plant (533), Irrigation Water Management (449), Conservation Crop Rotation (328), Cover Crop (340), Nutrient Management (590), Waste Utilization (633), Manure Transfer (634)

## **Before Situation:**

A confined, animal operation has a waste management system that exceeds its capacity, or a operation that does not have a waste management system in place. The inefficiency of the existing system or the lack of a waste management system has an impact on the soil and water quality. Animal waste runs off and degrades the receiving waters.

#### **After Situation:**

The big gun applies animal manure in an appropriate quantity and location that eliminates both runoff of the manure and deep percolation of excess nutrients, salts, and pathogens.

The big gun system is typically located on 50 acres or less of hay/pasture land, or 100 acres or less of cropland. The system includes a large irrigation gun with 1" to 1%" orifice mounted onto a movable cart. 1000' or more flexible 3" PE pipe is attached to the cart on one end and a large reel on the other end. The reel serves as storage are for the pipe as the cart moves back to the reel. The reel is turned by a small engine which gradually pulls the flexible pipe and cart back to the reel/base.

Scenario Feature Measure: Number of Traveling Gun Systems

Scenario Unit: Each
Scenario Typical Size: 1

**Scenario Cost:** \$21,832.68 **Scenario Cost/Unit:** \$21,832.68

Cost Details (by category):

	11.			Price		
Component Name	ID	Component Description	Unit	(\$/unit)	Quantity	Cost
Materials						
Irrigation, Traveling Gun	1479	Irrigation, Traveling Gun System with 2.3 to 3 " Nominal	Inch	\$7,277.56	3	\$21,832.68
System, > 2" to 3 " Nominal		size hose with appurtenances. This includes the sprinkler	Diameter			
size hose		gun, traveler cart, hard hose, reel, connections, controls,				
		and installation. Normal hose length 1000'.				

D....

Scenario: #5 - Traveling Gun System, greater than 3in Hose

## **Scenario Description:**

A portable big gun system used to apply waste water from animal feeding operations.

This traveling big gun unit includes a sprinkler, towable cart, 1200' or more of PE hard hose, a self propelled reel that moves the sprinkler toward the reel during operation. The reel attaches to a mainline with appropriately designed towpath width. The scenario describes an irrigation system that is typical to confined animal feeding operations.

Resource concerns: Soil Erosion (Concentrated flow erosion, e.g. overflowing waste storage) and Water Quality Degradation (Excess nutrients in surface and ground waters, Excessive salts in surface and ground waters, Excess pathogens and chemicals from liquid manure)

Associated Practices: Irrigation Pipeline (430), Pumping Plant (533), Irrigation Water Management (449), Conservation Crop Rotation (328), Cover Crop (340), Nutrient Management (590), Waste Utilization (633), Manure Transfer (634)

## **Before Situation:**

A confined, animal operation has a waste management system that exceeds its capacity, or a operation that does not have a waste management system in place. The inefficiency of the existing system or the lack of a waste management system has an impact on the soil and water quality. Animal waste runs off and degrades the receiving waters.

#### **After Situation:**

The big gun applies animal manure in an appropriate quantity and location that eliminates both runoff of the manure and deep percolation of excess nutrients, salts, and pathogens.

The big gun system is typically located on 50 acres or less of hay/pasture land, or 100 acres or less of cropland. The system includes a large irrigation gun with 1" to 1½" orifice mounted onto a movable cart. 1200' or more flexible 4" PE pipe is attached to the cart on one end and a large reel on the other end. The reel serves as storage are for the pipe as the cart moves back to the reel. The reel is turned by a small engine which gradually pulls the flexible pipe and cart back to the reel/base.

Scenario Feature Measure: Number of Traveling Gun Systems

Scenario Unit: Each

Scenario Typical Size: 1

Scenario Cost: \$43,197.48 Scenario Cost/Unit: \$43,197.48

Cost Details (by category): Price **Component Name Component Description** Unit **Quantity Cost** (\$/unit) Materials \$43.197.48 Irrigation, Traveling Gun 1762 Irrigation, Traveling Gun System with > 3" Nominal size Each 1 \$43.197.48 System, > 3" Nominal size hose hose with appurtenances. This includes the sprinkler gun, traveler cart, hard hose, reel, connections, controls, and installation. Normal hose length 1300'

Scenario: #6 - Pod System

# **Scenario Description:**

A portable irrigation system consisting of Polyethylene (PE) pipe and pods that have attached sprinklers. This scenario addresses installation of all pod style irrigation sprinkler systems.

Resource concerns include: Soil Erosion (Concentrated flow erosion e.g. irrigation induced), Insufficient Water (Inefficient use of irrigation water), Water Quality Degradation (Excess nutrients in surface and ground waters, Excessive salts in surface and ground waters, Excess pathogens and chemicals from manure, bio-solids or compost applications)

Associated Practices: Irrigation Pipeline (430), Pumping Plant (533), Irrigation Water Management (449)

## **Before Situation:**

Pastureland is flood irrigated and has poor irrigation efficiency and distribution uniformity. The slope and irregular shape of the field limit the potential for improved management to improve the irrigation efficiency or the distribution uniformity. Irrigation water moves both within the field and off it, resulting in wet areas, runoff and deep percolation. Runoff from the field flows into streams, water courses, and other water bodies. Excess applied irrigation water infiltrates into ground water causing degradation to the receiving waters.

## **After Situation:**

A 10 acre irrigated pasture with a medium pressure irrigation system consisting of sprinkler pods along a PE line is installed. The pods and PE line are placed in different sections of the pasture by dragging both with a four wheeler. The PE line is 660 feet in length and has 14 pods evenly spaced along its length.

The improved distribution uniformity and irrigation efficiency reduces the inefficient use of water on irrigated land, reducing irrigation water applied and energy use. Water application rates meet the pasture vegetation consumptive use requirements. Runoff and deep percolation as a result of irrigation are eliminated, and the receiving waters are no longer degraded.

Scenario Feature Measure: Number of Sprinkler Pods

Scenario Unit: Each

Scenario Typical Size: 14

Scenario Cost: \$3,358.74 Scenario Cost/Unit: \$239.91

Cost Details (by catego	ory):			Price		
Component Name	ID	Component Description	Unit	(\$/unit)	Quantity	Cost
Materials						
Irrigation, Pod System, w/Appurtenances		Pod irrigation system that includes pod, pipe, sprinklers, connections, and appurtenances. Includes materials only.	Each	\$230.73	14	\$3,230.22
Mobilization						
Mobilization, very small equipment		Equipment that is small enough to be transported by a pick- up truck with typical weights less than 3,500 pounds. Can be multiple pieces of equipment if all hauled simultaneously.	- Each	\$64.26	2	\$128.52

Scenario: #7 - Renovation of Existing Sprinkler System

## **Scenario Description:**

Center Pivot and Linear Move sprinkler systems are used in large crop fields with fairly regular field borders and flat topography. The scenario involves changing nozzles on center pivot or lateral move irrigation systems to low-pressure systems to improve efficiency of water use and reduce energy use. This scenario is intended for cropland areas where the objective is water conservation. A typical scenario assumes a 1300 LF span, including end booms renozzled with low-pressure nozzles.

Resource concerns include: Soil Erosion (Concentrated flow erosion e.g. irrigation induced), Insufficient Water (Inefficient use of irrigation water), Water Quality Degradation (Excess nutrients in surface and ground waters, Excessive salts in surface and ground waters, Excess pathogens and chemicals from manure, bio-solids or compost applications), Inefficient Energy Use (Equipment and facilities e.g. pumping)

Associated Practices: Irrigation Pipeline (430), Pumping Plant (533), Irrigation Water Management (449)

#### **Before Situation:**

A center pivot or lateral move system has high pressure sprinklers. The nozzles are worn and water is applied non-uniformly. Water runs off the field and degrades the receiving waters. Deep percolation in some parts of the field degrades the ground water quality. The runoff from the field causes soil erosion. The high pressure requirement for the system requires excess energy use.

## **After Situation:**

A Center Pivot or Linear Move sprinkler system with a span of 1300 linear feet is re-nozzled with low-pressure nozzles. The irrigation water is applied efficiently and uniformly to maintain adequate soil moisture for optimum plant growth. Runoff and deep percolation are eliminated, and the surface and ground water is no longer degraded. The irrigation induced soil erosion caused by runoff is also eliminated. The lower pressure requirements of the sprinklers reduces the energy used by the pump.

Scenario Feature Measure: Length of Lateral Retrofitted

Scenario Unit: Linear Feet
Scenario Typical Size: 1,300

Scenario Cost: \$6,745.52 Scenario Cost/Unit: \$5.19

Cost Details (by category):				Price		
Component Name	ID	Component Description	Unit	(\$/unit)	Quantity	Cost
Materials						
Irrigation, Sprinkler Package, Renozzle or Retrofit, with drops and pressure regulators		Sprinkler Package - Rennovation including sprinkler nozzle addition, and/or replacement, including new pressure regulators and drops.	Foot	\$5.09	1300	\$6,617.00
Mobilization						
Mobilization, very small equipment		Equipment that is small enough to be transported by a pick up truck with typical weights less than 3,500 pounds. Can be multiple pieces of equipment if all hauled simultaneously.	- Each	\$64.26	2	\$128.52