

Micro Irrigation Design Data Worksheet

Project Owner's Name & Address:

Project Location		
Field No:	Legal Description:	
	, Section , T , R ; County, Colorado	
Project Designer		
Design Prepared By:	Representing: (name of agency, company, etc.)	Date:

Attach Construction Drawings or other documentation that identify and locate:

(check all that apply)

- Site Specific Contour or Grid Elevation Map**
Include map scale, legend, north arrow & critical elevations
- Irrigation well(s) or Other Water Source**
Indicate design capacity (gpm) and operating pressure (psi)
- Delivery Pipeline** (from source to system controller)
Indicate sizes, lengths, locations, material type, and pressure ratings
- Control Station & Filter Station(s)**
- Main Distribution Line & Sub-main Lines**
Indicate sizes, lengths, locations, material type, pressure ratings
- Manifolds, Headers, and Flush Lines**
Indicate sizes, lengths, locations, material type, pressure ratings
- Valves**
Indicate type, make, model, & size
- Zones or Blocks**
Identify zones & provide drip tape layout, number of tapes, and material type

Attach Supporting Documentation that includes:

- Construction Specifications**
- Material List and Itemized Cost Estimate**
- Recent (< 1 year old) Pump Test Data**
- Filter Selection & Design Computations**
- Hydraulic Design Computations**

Micro-Irrigation Design Data Worksheet, cont.

Project Owner's Name: _____

CROP & SOILS DATA SUMMARY

Basic Crop Data						
Crop to be Irrigated	Rooting Depth (feet)	Plant Spacing (feet)	Row Spacing (inches)	Threshold Salinity ¹ (mmhos/cm)	Net Water Requirement (inches/yr)	Peak Daily ET _c (inches /day)

¹ Threshold salinity, EC_{e(ct)}, is the maximum mean root zone soil salinity at which yield reductions will not occur.

Computed Q_{max} = 23 x ET_{max} = 23 x _____ in/day = _____ gpm/acre

where: Q_{max} = max. water requirement, gpm/day, and ET_{max} = highest peak daily ET_c, inches/day, from above. (assumes a maximum operating period of 22 hours/day and a design efficiency of 90%)

Basic Soil Data					
Soil Type/Name	Dominant Texture	Design Soil Intake Rate (Inches/hour)	Available Water Holding Capacity (inches/foot)	MAD ¹ (%)	EC _{e(ave)} ² (mmhos/cm)

¹ MAD is Management Allowed Deficit

² EC_{e(ave)} is Average Soil Extract Electrical Conductivity

Irrigation Water Electrical Conductivity, EC_w _____ mmhos/cm. Compute Leaching Fraction, LF, where:

$$LF = \frac{0.1794}{\left(\frac{EC_{e(ct)}}{EC_w}\right)^{3.0417}} = \frac{0.1794}{\left(\frac{\text{---}}{\text{---}}\right)^{3.0417}} = \text{---} \therefore \text{Use } LF = \text{---}$$

Attach Supporting Documentation that includes:

(check all that apply)

- Method for determining net annual water requirement and peak daily ET_c
- Rationale for selected Management Allowed Deficit (MAD)
- Rationale for selected leaching fraction
- Laboratory analysis of irrigation water with suitability assessment for drip irrigation including analysis to determine filtration requirements
- Proposed chemical treatments of irrigation water

Micro-Irrigation Design Data Worksheet, cont.

Project Owner's Name: _____

ZONE/BLOCK DATA

Refer to NRCS Standard 441- Irrigation System, Micro Irrigation, for design requirements. If all zones/blocks are identical in all design considerations, including topography, submit only one set of data and indicate "ALL" for zone number. Otherwise, submit a complete data set for each zone/block. Use the following equations to calculate system characteristics for each zone:

Flow Variation, %, = $\frac{q_{max} - q_{min}}{q_{ave}} \times 100$; where:

q_{max} = the maximum emitter discharge in the zone;
 q_{min} = the lowest emitter discharge in the zone; and
 q_{ave} = the average emitter discharge in the zone.

Emission Uniformity, (EU), %, = $100 \left[1.0 - \frac{1.27C_v}{\sqrt{n}} \right] \frac{q_{min}}{q_{ave}}$; where:

C_v = the manufacturer's coefficient of variation for the emitters;
 n - for point source emitters = the number of emitters per plant; or
 n - for line source emitters = the lateral plant rooting diameter divided by length of line used to calculate C_v , or 1, which ever is greater.
 q_{min} = the lowest emitter discharge in a lateral; and
 q_{ave} = the average emitter discharge in a lateral.

Zone Number: Type of drip tape/line: _____

Emitter data (model, type, etc.) _____ Spacing: (inches)

Design manifold inlet pressure downstream of zone control valve: (psi)

Emitter discharge = $q = K_d H^x$ (gal/hr) $K_d =$ $x =$

Manufacturer's Coefficient of Variation, (C_v):

Average emitter design discharge, q_{ave} : (gal/hr) @ line pressure of (psi)

Maximum emitter discharge, q_{max} : (gal/hr) @ line pressure of (psi)

Location of maximum discharge emitter: _____

Minimum emitter discharge, q_{min} : (gal/hr) @ line pressure of (psi)

Location of maximum discharge emitter: _____

Flow Variation = _____ %

Emission Uniformity, (EU), = _____ %

Micro-Irrigation Design Data Worksheet, cont.

Project Owner's Name: _____

(make additional copies of this page as needed)

Zone Number: Type of drip tape/line: _____

Emitter data (model, type, etc.) _____ Spacing: (inches)

Design manifold inlet pressure downstream of zone control valve: (psi)

Emitter discharge = $q = K_d H^x$ (gal/hr) $K_d =$ $x =$

Manufacturer's Coefficient of Variation, (C_v):

Average emitter design discharge, q_{ave} : (gal/hr) @ line pressure of (psi)

Maximum emitter discharge, q_{max} : (gal/hr) @ line pressure of (psi)

Location of maximum discharge emitter: _____

Minimum emitter discharge, q_{min} : (gal/hr) @ line pressure of (psi)

Location of maximum discharge emitter: _____

Flow Variation = _____ % Emission Uniformity, (EU), = _____ %

Zone Number: Type of drip tape/line: _____

Emitter data (model, type, etc.) _____ Spacing: (inches)

Design manifold inlet pressure downstream of zone control valve: (psi)

Emitter discharge = $q = K_d H^x$ (gal/hr) $K_d =$ $x =$

Manufacturer's Coefficient of Variation, (C_v):

Average emitter design discharge, q_{ave} : (gal/hr) @ line pressure of (psi)

Maximum emitter discharge, q_{max} : (gal/hr) @ line pressure of (psi)

Location of maximum discharge emitter: _____

Minimum emitter discharge, q_{min} : (gal/hr) @ line pressure of (psi)

Location of maximum discharge emitter: _____

Flow Variation = _____ % Emission Uniformity, (EU), = _____ %

