TECHNICAL NOTES

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Plant Materials Technical Note No. 75

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To: All Colorado Western Slope Offices

From: Christine Taliga Plant Materials Specialist

Plant Materials for Pollinators and Other Beneficial Insects in Eastern Utah and Western Colorado

This Technical Note provides guidance for the design and implementation of conservation plantings to enhance habitat for pollinators and other beneficial insects.

Plant species included are adapted to the Colorado Plateau in eastern Utah and western Colorado.

Plant Materials for Pollinators and Other Beneficial Insects in Eastern Utah and Western Colorado

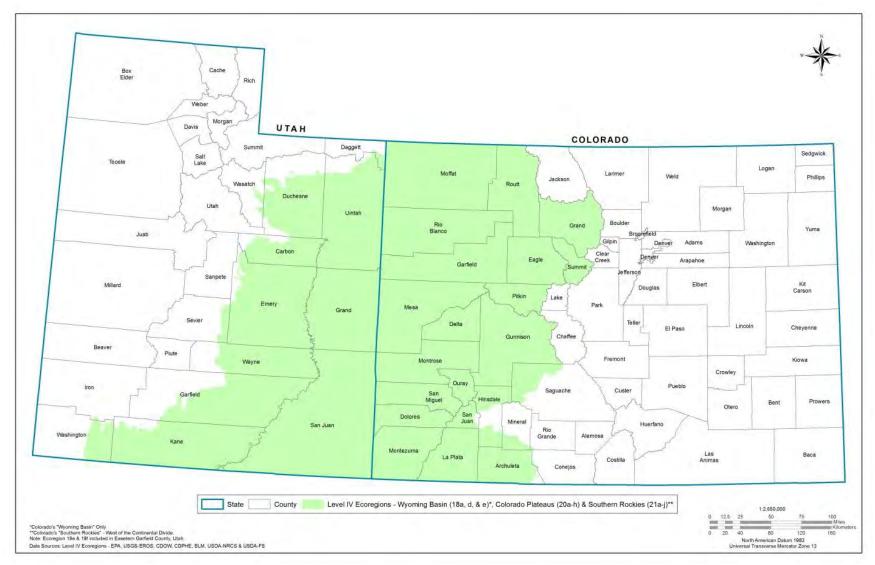
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The purpose of this Technical Note is to provide guidance for the design and implementation of conservation plantings to enhance habitat for pollinators and beneficial insects including: bees, wasps, butterflies, moths and hummingbirds. Plant species included in this document are adapted to the Colorado Plateau of eastern Utah and western Colorado to the Continental Divide.

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Area covered by this Technical Note encompassing EPA Ecoregions 20 (Colorado Plateau) and 21 (Southern Rockies) delimited to the east by the continental divide. Contributed by Christine Taliga, Colorado Plant Materials Program.

INTRODUCTION

Many of the world's crop species benefit from insect pollination, which is mostly provided by bees. In North America, bees pollinate billions of dollars' worth of crops annually. Nearly one quarter of our diet comes from crops whose production benefits from pollinating bees.

Pollinators include bees, moths, flies, beetles, wasps, desert bats, hummingbirds, and butterflies. Collectively, pollinators are critical to the function of terrestrial ecosystems because they enhance plant reproduction. Despite their importance, pollinators are threatened world-wide by habitat loss, habitat fragmentation, improper pesticide use, disease and parasites. This has serious economic implications for humans and for maintaining ecosystem diversity and stability.

The Natural Resources Conservation Service can assist landowners with habitat enhancement for pollinators by encouraging the establishment of an array of attractive plants that flower throughout the growing season. Plant species, both herbaceous and woody, that provide a source of nectar, pollen and cover for adult and immature pollinators, will also provide habitat for a large array of other wildlife species.



Green sweatbee on hoary tansyaster. Derek Tilley, NRCS Aberdeen.

This technical note covers eastern Utah comprised of the Colorado Plateau Ecoregion, and the West Slope region of Colorado to the Continental Divide. These boundaries are not intended to illustrate the precise area of adaptation for the listed species, but a generalized boundary in which the species should be applicable. The species listed herein should be used in areas to which they are adapted according to the precipitation and soil requirements of the species. For additional species adapted to the Intermountain Western Region, refer to Idaho Plant Materials Technical Note 2A. Species adapted to the southern deserts can be found in Arizona Plant Materials Technical Note 12-1. New Mexico Plant Materials Technical Note 71, and Colorado Plant Materials Technical Note 59.

This is not meant to be an inclusive list of all species that can be used for pollinator plantings. Revisions and updates to this guide will be made as new species and varieties become available on the market, and as more knowledge is developed to better establish and manage pollinator plantings.

ECOLOGICAL BENEFITS OF POLLINATOR PLANTINGS

Pollinator-friendly plantings have the potential to provide multiple ecological benefits. They can:

Reduce pesticide use. Sequentially flowering plants provide forage and cover for predatory and parasitic insects that help control pest species. Established plant communities will also resist weed invasion.

Stabilize soil and provide ground cover. Root systems and above ground vegetation hold soil in place, improve soil moisture infiltration and water holding capacity, reduce the risk of erosion and serve as buffers which protect against surface water pollution. Legumes also contribute nitrogen to the soil.

Serve as hedgerows, windbreaks and shelterbelts. Shrubs and trees protect farmsteads, feeding areas, crops and livestock from wind, snow and dust damage. They also provide food, nesting and cover habitat for a great variety of wildlife, pollinators and other beneficial insects.

TYPES OF POLLINATOR PLANTINGS

The easiest and most effective way to provide habitat for pollinators and beneficial insects is through

maintaining or restoring natural areas. These are the largest and best areas for pollinators and one can see the largest benefits if these areas are managed properly. Grazing management with pollinator habitat in mind will have huge landscape-level effects.

In addition to restoration and management of natural areas, many options are available to landowners to provide a pollinator friendly environment. These range from areas designed specifically for pollinator habitat to using pollinator friendly species as part of a farming rotation.



A predatory stink bug (*Podisus maculiventris* [Say], Pentatomidae) feeding on an eastern tent caterpillar (*Malacosoma americanum* [F.], Lasiocampidae). Ted Evans, Utah State University. Used with permission.

Insectary plantings are plantings that may be placed as a block inside of a crop, along the borders or placed just outside of a crop to attract beneficial insects to the crop for biological control (i.e. predators or parasitoids) of crop pests. Beneficial insects can be as much as ten times more abundant in insectary plantings compared to nearby locations. Some of these plants can also provide good pollen or nectar sources for bees. These may be annual plantings or more permanent plantings along the outer rows within the field or outside but adjacent to the crop field. The principles of enhancement for pollinators also generally apply to insectary plantings - such as including a diversity of flowers that bloom through the entire growing season to provide a steady supply of nectar and pollen.

Insectary plantings often include species with very small flowers. Predatory and parasitoid beneficial insects are often small with small mouth-parts. Plants with simple, cup-shaped and open flowers (that the insects can easily access) are preferred.

Cover crops, seasonally established crops for vegetative cover and soil conservation, can reduce soil erosion and weed competition, and improve soil organic material and soil tilth. They may be part of a crop rotation that is a harvested crop or they may be inter-planted between crop rows (e.g. vineyards) to enhance soil organic matter and nutrients. Broadleaf cover crops (i.e. forbs and legumes) can also provide good pollen or nectar sources for bees and other beneficial insects.

HABITAT CONSIDERATIONS

Habitat needs for pollinators are similar to other animal species: food, shelter, nesting sites and water. Shelter and nesting sites may be a limiting factor in your project area and should be considered during planning.

Nectar and pollen from flowering plants provide food and water for pollinators. Additional needs for water, if necessary, can be met in riparian areas and wetlands, birdbaths, fountains, irrigation water, and moisture from plants. Moist salt licks help provide mineral requirements for butterflies and sweat bees. Shelter and nesting habitat needs differ by pollinator species and include bare or partially vegetated, welldrained soil; soil banks and cliffs, dead standing or fallen trees with beetle emergence holes, bee nest blocks, live trees, clumps of grass, live brush, piles of leaves and sticks, wood piles, tree bark and rock crevices.

Most native bees are solitary, nesting underground, or less commonly, above ground using beetle holes in dead-wood or dead pithy stems (e.g. elderberry, sumac or rose). Bumblebees are social with colonies of dozens to hundreds of workers. They typically nest in tree hollows or below ground in old rodent burrows or in grass hummocks.

In pollinator plantings, use of pesticides should be avoided, especially insecticides. (Some applications, such as carbaryl bran baits for grasshoppers, are safe for bees.) If pesticides must be used, leave some areas untreated as refuge habitat for predatory and parasitic insects and pollinators that can re-colonize treated areas. Harm to beneficial insects can also be limited by spraying at dusk when pollinators are nesting and not actively foraging.

TABLE 1: HABITAT REQUIREMENTS FOR NATIVE POLLINATORS

Pollinator Group	Food	Nest		
Solitary bees	Nectar and pollen	Nest in bare and partially vegetated		
		soils where water won't pond; or in		
		beetle holes in deadwood, within		
		pithy stems or twigs, or construct		
		surface nests of mud or leaf pulp		
Bumblebees	Nectar and pollen	Nest cavities underground, often in		
		old rodent burrows, or in hollow		
		trees or within clumps of grass		
Butterflies and moths	Nectar, nutrients, minerals and salts	Leaves and stems of larval host		
	from rotting fruit, tree sap, clay	plants; also small woodpiles used by		
	deposits and mud puddles	species that winter as adults		
Hummingbirds	Nectar, insects, caterpillars, tree sap	Trees, shrubs and vines		
	and willow catkins			

ESTABLISHING POLLINATOR PLANTINGS: GENERAL CONSIDERATIONS

- Select an area that is at least 0.5 acres in size. This will ensure adequate floral resources are available for pollinators. Bigger is obviously better; however small scale plantings (backyards, community gardens) can also be very beneficial.
- **Start right**. Most grasses and forbs, including legumes, can be started by direct seeding or in some cases by transplanting nursery seedlings. Flowering shrubs and trees are often best established by transplanting nursery seedlings.
- Determine soil drainage and other soil limitation factors. Most species will not do well in heavy, poorly drained or saline to sodic soils; select species that can perform well in the soils of the site. You may need to conduct a soil test to assess salinity and other existing site conditions that may affect plant establishment.
- Match plants with similar site preferences. Choose plants that have similar soil and water requirements and that are adapted to the local climate (reference ecological site descriptions, local plant inventories, etc.)
- Choose the right plant species. Plantings should include a mixture of species that provide continual blooms throughout the growing season. A well planned seed mix of plant species that bloom throughout the growing season will result in a continuous source of nectar, pollen, and nesting sites needed by pollinators and other beneficial insects. Depending on the precipitation zone, at least one to three species are recommended for each bloom period: early (April-May), mid (June-July) and late (August-September). One or two grass species may also be included in the mix if ground cover is needed and to provide nesting habitat for ground nesting bees. Grasses should not comprise more than 25% of the mixture. To select plant species for your precipitation zone, use the Approved Pollinator Plant Lists (Tables 2-5).
- Water wisely. Shrub and tree plantings in the drier portions of the Intermountain West may require irrigation. For the best establishment biweekly watering the first 2 to 3 years is recommended. Once the plants are well established, watering less frequently, and for a longer duration will drive the moisture deeper into the soil to ensure the plants develop their roots more fully, enhancing long-term survival.

- **Control weeds**. Most plants do not compete well with weeds during establishment. Before establishment, select a weed free area or create one using appropriate herbicides or tillage. Keep the area relatively weed free for the first 2 to 3 years of establishment. Mowing weeds during plant establishment will help suppress weed competition and encourage desired plants. However, some annual and biennial weeds are good nectar sources for pollinators and will die out naturally as the planting becomes established.
- **Protect planting from wildlife and livestock**. Fencing to protect the planting may be required in areas with abundant deer, antelope or elk, or with livestock such as sheep, cattle or horses. Monitor and control rodents and rabbits. This will ensure flowers are available to provide nectar, pollen and succulent foliage for pollinators. After plants are established, sustainable levels of wildlife use may be an additional benefit of the planting.
- **Maintain plantings**. Treatments such as haying or mowing may be required outside of the primary flowering period(s) to remove excess residue or weeds. Leaf litter and downed branches should be left in place for soil erosion, weed control, soil organic matter, and wildlife habitat and forage. Spot-spray herbicide treatments may also be needed to control invasive or noxious weeds.

PLANT SELECTION AND ESTABLISHMENT GUIDELINES FOR POLLINATOR HABITAT PLANTINGS

PLANT SELECTION

- Select plants from the Approved Plant List (found in appendix tables 2-5) that are adapted to your precipitation range.
- For restoration projects on range and other non-cropped lands such as riparian areas, select native species.
- A mixture of 5 to 9 species including those that bloom in spring, summer and late summer (fall) are recommended (follow NRCS guidelines for CRP).
- Select plants that will attract the target pollinator type(s). There may be concern that pollinator plants can lure pollinators away from crop areas. The opposite however has been shown to be true. Farms adjacent to natural areas have a greater diversity and number of native bees resulting in increased pollination.
- Species with an asterisk (*) are known to establish easily and are commercially available in large quantities. It is strongly recommended several of these species be included in all mixes. The remaining species



Honey Bee on Rocky Mountain bee plant. Photo by Colorado Plant Materials Program.

for each mix will depend on seed availability and the price the landowner is willing to pay.

• Annual flowering plants can be useful tools in pollinator plantings because they produce tremendous amounts of flowers. However, many annual plants only last one growing season and can be very competitive with perennial species that are slower to establish. Some annual plants may also be considered "weedy". Consequently, annuals should only be used for site specific purposes such as for small, odd areas where they are not mixed with perennials or as pollinator friendly cover crops.

- Non-native annual plants that readily attract pollinators include buckwheat, canola, safflower, berseem clover, camelina, lentils and dry peas. Some annual forbs may be used as temporary cover crops prior to planting perennials to suppress weed growth and reduce the weed seed bank in the soil.
- Native annuals and biennials such as Rocky Mountain beeplant, annual flax, annual sunflower, native annual buckwheat, golden crownbeard, and greenthread may be helpful in perennial stand establishment by acting as soil primers for mycorrhizae. These plants can act as soil stabilizers, and may also be more tolerant to higher levels of soil nitrogen (which is sometimes the case in former cropland). These traits can aid in establishment of post-disturbance plant communities, such as after wildfire (fireweed). These species tend to reseed themselves in a site appropriate seed mix decreasing in density over time as the perennial plants become established.
- Many pollinator species available have not been thoroughly tested, and their performance in conservation plantings is unknown. Released cultivars and pre-varietal germplasm releases have been tested and evaluated for performance prior to their official release. Source Identified and wildland collected materials may not have a history of evaluation and likelihood of establishment is less certain. The use of certified seed from varieties released by NRCS, ARS and other plant materials programs is recommended.
- Some species listed may be toxic to livestock and are not appropriate for planting in rangeland or pasture grazing situations.
- For NRCS plantings, species not included on these lists may be substituted only if approved by the State Plant Materials Specialist.

EXAMPLE OF POLLINATOR PLANTING SEED MIXTURE

The table below showcases a possible seed mix appropriate to eastern Utah and western Colorado, within a 12-14" precipitation zone. This seed mix might be applicable for example in the lower Dolores River Drainages in western Colorado, in a site that was historically a basin big sagebrush, Indian ricegrass, blue grama plant community with sandy loam soils. (PLS=Pure Live Seed).

Species	Variety	Color/Bloom Time			Full Seeding Rate Lbs/ac	Desired % of Mix	PLS lbs./ac	Ac to be seeded	Total PLS
		Early	Mid.	Late					
Rocky Mtn. penstemon	Bandera				4	10	0.4	10	4.0
Lewis flax	Maple Grove	-			4	15	0.6	10	6.0
Western Yarrow	Eagle	*	-		0.5	5	0.025	10	0.25
Rocky Mountain beeplant	Common	*			17	5	0.85	10	8.5
Sulfurflower buckwheat	Common				4	10	0.4	10	4.0
Utah sweetvetch	Timp	4			24	10	2.4	10	24.0
Annual Sunflower	Common		<u>.</u>	<u>.</u>	24	2	0.5	10	5.0
White prairieclover	Common				2	10	0.2	10	2.0
Hoary tansyaster	Common				2	8	0.16	10	1.6
Blue grama	Hachita		N/A		3	10	0.3	10	3.0
Indian ricegrass	White River		N/A		8	15	1.2	10	12.0
Totals					73.1	100	7.04		70.4

RECOMMENDED ESTABLISHMENT GUIDELINES

SITE PREPARATION

- Some herbicides can have residual carryover and can negatively affect seedling establishment. Know the cropping history and past herbicide use of the site to be planted.
- Eliminate existing vegetation prior to seeding with tillage, herbicide, or a combination of techniques.
- Fallow the area to be seeded for at least one growing season. Delay seeding until after a flush of fall germinating weeds. Weed seedlings need to be controlled prior to seeding.
- Create a firm, weed-free seed bed. Rule of thumb: a person's footprint will not sink deeper than 1/2 inch into the seedbed.

SEEDING

- Seed forbs and grasses at the same time during a late fall dormant planting (November or December).
- One of two seeding methods is recommended:
 - Drill seed into a firm, weed-free seedbed. The best drill seedings have been accomplished by setting the drill to place the seed no deeper than ¹/₄ inch. Drag chains or press wheels help to cover the seed with a thin soil layer.
 - Broadcast seed into a weed-free seedbed. The best broadcast seedings have been accomplished by
 pulling the tubes on the drill and running the packer wheels with enough downward pressure to
 create good furrows and improve seed to soil contact. Often, a harrow is pulled behind the drill to
 lightly cover the broadcasted seed.
- Rice hulls, cracked grain or granular clay may be used to assist seed flow.
- Omit grasses from the planting mix in areas heavily infested with cheatgrass or medusahead to allow for the option of using selective grass herbicides. This should only be done if the ground is not highly erodible.

SHRUB ESTABLISHMENT

- Plant shrub seedlings in early spring (late March through April) directly into soil where vegetation has been killed during the previous growing season with 1-2 applications of herbicides or by mechanical site preparation. Plant shrubs in areas that will not be mowed, or in rows to allow for mowing between the rows.
- Suppress weed growth around the shrubs with use of weed barrier fabric or herbicides.
- Install protective tubes or other barriers to reduce damage from rodents, rabbits and deer.

MANAGEMENT

- Manage weeds during the first year by mowing prior to seed production to prevent development and spread of weed seed.
- Manage weeds during following years by hand rogueing, spot spraying, using pre-emergent herbicides or herbicides applied during phases of perennial dormancy.
- Do not apply fertilizer during the first year of establishment.

Establishment techniques different than those listed may be used, but only with extreme caution. The guidelines have proven to have the highest rates of success.

There are many challenges associated with establishing forb plots. Many forb seedings fail due to poor seedbed preparation, poor seed germination/emergence, weed competition, and neglect. Establishing, monitoring and maintaining forb plantings may be expensive and labor-intensive. The area may have to be re-seeded if an adequate stand is not achieved the first time.

An alternative establishment method to seeding is transplanting forb seedlings. Transplanting seedlings may initially be more expensive than seeding but may be less expensive in the long run, especially if a seeded stand fails, and has to be reseeded. The advantages of forb seedlings are: there are no seed dormancy/germination concerns, they already have a developed root system, and they can better compete with weeds. To establish forb plugs, use the same planting guidelines listed above for shrub establishment. A disadvantage of transplanting seedlings may be lack of commercial sources of seedlings.

Species Descriptions

Additional information for many of these species can be found in NRCS Plant Guides and Fact Sheets, available by download from the PLANTS Database (http://plants.usda.gov). Seeding rates listed are full stand pure live seeding rates, derived from a target rate of 20-30 PLS/ft² for species with <500,000 PLS/lb, and 40-50 PLS/ft² for species with >500,000 PLS/lb. **Rates should be adjusted to reflect the percentage in the mixture when used as a part of a seed mixture (see example on page 9).** In Colorado, follow Colorado Plant Materials Technical Note 59 and ECS-5 for seeding rate instructions and specifications. For plants with multiple applicable species, for example Indian paintbrush (*Castilleja* spp.), select locally adapted and available species. Consult your plant materials specialist if you have any questions regarding appropriate species selection.

Forbs and Legumes



Western Yarrow. Derek Tilley, NRCS Idaho.

Achillea millefolium, western yarrow Origin: native forb Mature Height: 0.5-1.5 ft. Growth Rate: rapid Growth Habit: upright to prostrate Wildlife Value: good forage Attracts: butterflies, pollinating flies some bees Flowers: white to yellow Bloom: June-August Seeding Rate: 0.5 lb/ac Recommended precipitation range: 8-60 in.



Giant hyssop. Photo ©Al Schneider, www.swcoloradowildflowers.com, used with permission.

Agastache pallidiflora, giant hyssop

Origin: native forb Mature Height: 2 feet Growth Rate: rapid Growth Habit: upright Wildlife Value: good food Attracts: bees Flowers: purple Bloom: July- September Seeding Rate: 2 lb/ac Recommended precipitation range: 12-24 in.



Nettleleaf giant hyssop. Derek Tilley, NRCS Idaho.

Agastache urticifolia, nettleleaf giant hyssop Origin: native forb Mature Height: 2-3 ft. Growth Rate: rapid Growth Habit: upright Wildlife Value: good food Attracts: bees Flowers: lavender Bloom: June-July Seeding Rate: 2 lb/ac Recommended precipitation range: 18-36 in.



Western pearly everlasting. Photo ©Al Schneider, www.swcoloradowildflowers.com, used with permission.

Anaphalis margaritacea, western pearly everlasting

Origin: native forb Mature Height: 1-2 ft. Growth Rate: rapid Growth Habit: upright Wildlife Value: limited Attracts: larval host plant of Virginia lady butterfly (Vanessa virginiensis). Flowers: yellow Bloom: June-July Seeding Rate: 0.5 lb/ac Recommended precipitation range: 10-35 in.



Pussytoes. Photo ©Al Schneider, www.swcoloradowildflowers.com, used with permission.

Antennaria spp., pussytoes Origin: native forb Mature Height: 1-2 ft. Growth Rate: rapid Growth Habit: mound Wildlife Value: poor forage Attracts: painted lady butterfly. Flowers: white-pink Bloom: June-July Seeding Rate: 0.5 lb/ac Recommended precipitation range: 8-40 in.



Blue columbine. Photo ©Al Schneider, www.swcoloradowildflowers.com, used with permission.

Aquilegia caerulea, blue columbine Origin: native forb Mature Height: 1-2 ft. Growth Rate: moderate to rapid Growth Habit: upright Wildlife Value: excellent food Attracts: hummingbirds Flowers: blue/white Bloom: June-July Broadcast Seeding Rate: 3 lb/ac Recommended precipitation range: 20-40 in. Note: avoid cultivated varieties



Showy milkweed. Derek Tilley, NRCS Idaho.

Asclepias speciosa, showy milkweed

Warning: Toxic, Limit use to non-grazed areas Origin: native forb Mature Height: 2-3 ft. Growth Rate: moderate Growth Habit: upright Wildlife Value: toxic to livestock Attracts: butterflies; Larval host plant for the monarch (*Danaus plexippus*,) and the queen butterflies (*Danaus gilippus thersippus*), predacious insects Flowers: pink Bloom: May-July Seeding Rate: 15 lb/ac Recommended precipitation range: 16-30 in.



Butterfly milkweed, J.S. Peterson @ PLANTS Database.

Asclepias tuberosa, butterfly milkweed

Warning: Toxic, Limit use to non-grazed areas

Origin: native forb Mature Height: 1-3 ft. Growth Rate: rapid Growth Habit: upright Wildlife Value: toxic to livestock Attracts: butterflies Flowers: orange Bloom: July-August Seeding Rate: 15 lb/ac Recommended precipitation range: 28-45 in.



Gray Aster. Photo ©Al Schneider, www.swcoloradowildflowers.com, used with permission.

Aster glaucodes, gray aster

Origin: native forb Mature Height: 1-3 ft. Growth Rate: Growth Habit: upright Wildlife Value: fair forage Attracts: bees, butterflies Flowers: blue/purple Bloom: July-September Seeding Rate: 3 lb/ac Recommended precipitation range: 10-18 in.



Cicer milkvetch. Dan Ogle, NRCS Idaho.

Astragalus cicer, cicer milkvetch Origin: introduced forb Mature Height: 1-3 ft. Growth Rate: moderate to rapid Growth Habit: upright (lodges at maturity) Wildlife Value: excellent forage Attracts: bees Flowers: cream Bloom: May-July Seeding Rate: 7 lb/ac Recommended precipitation range: 16-60 in.



Basalt milkvetch. Gary A. Monroe @ PLANTS Database.

Astragalus filipes, basalt milkvetch Origin: native legume Mature height: 1-3 ft. Growth Rate: Growth Habit: upright Wildlife Value: excellent forage Attracts: bees Flowers: white to cream Bloom: May-July Seeding Rate: 9 lb/ac Recommended precipitation range: 8-12 in.



Hooker's balsamroot. Alfred Brousseau @ USDA-NRCS PLANTS Database.

Balsamorhiza hookeri, Hooker's balsamroot Origin: native forb Mature Height: 1-2 ft. Growth Rate: slow Growth Habit: upright Wildlife Value: excellent Attracts: bees Flowers: yellow Bloom: May-June Seeding Rate: 18 lb/ac Recommended precipitation range: 9-20 in



Cutleaf balsamroot. Teresa Prendusi, U.S. Forest Service.

Balsamorhiza macrophylla, cutleaf balsamroot Origin: native forb Mature Height: 1-2 ft. Growth Rate: slow Growth Habit: upright Wildlife Value: excellent Attracts: bees Flowers: yellow Bloom: May-June Seeding Rate: 18 lb/ac Recommended precipitation range: 14-40 in.



Arrowleaf balsamroot. Derek Tilley, NRCS Idaho.

Balsamorhiza sagittata, arrowleaf balsamroot Origin: native forb Mature Height: 1-2 ft. Growth Rate: slow Growth Habit: upright Wildlife Value: excellent Attracts: bees, butterflies Flowers: yellow Bloom: May-June Seeding Rate: 18 lb/ac Recommended precipitation range: 14-18 in.



Indian paintbrush. Derek Tilley, NRCS Idaho.

Castilleja **spp.**, Indian paintbrush Origin: native forb Mature Height: 6-18 in Growth Rate: Growth Habit: upright Wildlife Value: limited Attracts: hummingbirds; Larval host plant of many scroph-feeding Western U.S. checkerspot butterflies including *Thessalia leanira alma*, *Euphydryas anicia wheeleri*, and *Euphydryas anicia*. Flowers: red Bloom: May-July Seeding Rate: Paintbrush species are hemi-parasitic and require a host plant for establishment. Site appropriate transplants are recommended. Recommended precipitation range: 8-15 in.



Douglas' dustymaiden. Derek Tilley, NRCS Idaho.

Chaenactis douglasii, Douglas' dustymaiden Origin: native forb Mature Height: 1-3 ft. Growth Rate: rapid Growth Habit: upright Wildlife Value: excellent food Attracts: bees Flowers: white to pinkish Bloom: June-July Seeding Rate: 3 lb/ac Recommended precipitation range: 9-15 in.



Yellow beeflower. Idaho Dept. of Transportation

Cleome lutea, Yellow beeflower Origin: native annual forb Mature Height: 2-3 ft. Growth Rate: rapid Growth Habit: upright Wildlife Value: pollinator forage Attracts: bees, wasps, butterflies Flowers: yellow Bloom: May-June Seeding Rate: 11 lb/ac Recommended precipitation range: 8-12 in.



Rocky Mountain bee plant. Casey Burns, NRCS Utah.

Cleome serrulata, Rocky Mountain beeplant Origin: native annual forb Mature Height: 2-3 ft. Growth Rate: rapid Growth Habit: upright Wildlife Value: pollinator forage Attracts: bees, wasps, butterflies Flowers: purple Bloom: May-June Seeding Rate: 17 lb/ac Recommended precipitation range: 13-55 in.



Tapertip hawskbeard. Derek Tilley, NRCS Idaho

Crepis acuminata, tapertip hawksbeard Origin: native forb Mature Height: 1-3 ft. Growth Rate: Growth Habit: upright Wildlife Value: good forage Attracts: bees Flowers: yellow Bloom: June-July Seeding Rate: 3 lb/ac Recommended precipitation range: 7-20 in.



Large flower hawskbeard .Photo ©Al Schneider, www.swcoloradowildflowers.com, used with permission.

Crepis occidentalis, largeflower hawksbeard

Origin: native forb Mature Height: 8-36 in Growth Rate: Growth Habit: upright Wildlife Value: good forage Attracts: bees Flowers: yellow Bloom: June-July Seeding Rate: 10 lb/ac Recommended precipitation range: 12-18 in.



White prairie clover. Photo ©Al Schneider, www.swcoloradowildflowers.com, used with permission.

Dalea candida, white prairie clover Origin: native forb Mature Height: 2-3 ft. Growth Rate: rapid Growth Habit: upright Wildlife Value: excellent forage Attracts: bees; larval host plant of the southern dogface butterfly (Zerene cesonia). Flowers: white Bloom: June-August Seeding Rate: 4 lb/ac Recommended precipitation range: 10-18 in.



Purple conflower. Jeff McMillian @ PLANTS Database.

Echinacea purpurea, purple coneflower Origin: introduced forb Mature Height: 1.5-3 ft. Growth Rate: rapid Growth Habit: upright Wildlife Value: excellent forage

Attracts: butterflies, bees Flowers: white to purple Bloom: July-September Broadcast Seeding Rate: 9 lb/ac: Recommended precipitation range: 14-40 in.



Engelmann's aster. Photo by W. Padgett, BLM Utah.

Erigeron engelmannii, Engelmann's fleabane Origin: native forb Mature Height: 2-18 in Growth Rate: rapid Growth Habit: upright to spreading Wildlife Value: limited Attracts: bees Flowers: white-pink Bloom: June-July Seeding Rate: 1 lb/ac Recommended precipitation range: 8-20 in.



Shaggy fleabane. Derek Tilley, NRCS Idaho.

Erigeron pumilus, shaggy fleabane Origin: native forb Mature Height: 2-18 in Growth Rate: rapid Growth Habit: upright to spreading Wildlife Value: limited Attracts: bees, butterflies Flowers: purple Bloom: May-June Seeding Rate: 1 lb/ac Recommended precipitation range: 6-17 in.



Aspen fleabane. Photo ©Al Schneider, www.swcoloradowildflowers.com, used with permission.

Erigeron speciosus, aspen fleabane Origin: native forb Mature Height: 0.5-3 ft. Growth Rate: rapid Growth Habit: upright Wildlife Value: limited forage value Attracts: bees, butterflies Flowers: pink/purple Bloom: July-September Seeding Rate: 1 lb/ac Recommended precipitation range: 18-25 in.



Blanketflower. Casey Burns, NRCS Utah.

Gaillardia aristata, blanketflower

Origin: native forb Mature Height: 1-1.5 ft. Growth Rate: moderate Growth Habit: upright Wildlife Value: excellent food and cover Attracts: bees Flowers: orange, yellow Bloom: July-September Seeding Rate: 6 lb/ac Recommended precipitation range: 16-30 in. Note: avoid cultivated varieties



Sticky geranium. Derek Tilley, NRCS Idaho.

Geranium viscosissimum, sticky geranium Origin: native forb Mature Height: 2-3 ft. Growth Rate: rapid Growth Habit: upright Wildlife Value: Attracts: bees, butterflies Flowers: purple Bloom: May-June Seeding Rate: 20 lb/ac Recommended precipitation range: 16-20 in.



Northern or Utah sweetvetch. USDA-ARS.

Hedysarum boreale, northern or Utah sweetvetch

Origin: native legume Mature Height: 1-2 ft. Growth Rate: moderate Growth Habit: spreading to upright Wildlife Value: good forage Attracts: bees, butterflies Flowers: red to purple Bloom: May-June Seeding Rate: 24 lb/ac Recommended precipitation range: 12-18 in.



Oneflower sunflower. Teresa Predusi, USDA Forest Service.

Helianthella uniflora, oneflower sunflower

Origin: native forb Mature Height: 1-3 ft. Growth Rate: rapid Growth Habit: upright Wildlife Value: good forage Attracts: bees, ants Flowers: yellow Bloom: June-July Seeding Rate: 26 Recommended precipitation range: 12-35 in.



Annual sunflower. A. Schneider @ PLANTS Database.

Helianthus annuus, annual sunflower Origin: native forb Mature Height: 2-5 ft. Growth Rate: rapid Growth Habit: upright Wildlife Value: good winter food Attracts: butterflies, bees, ants and birds Flowers: yellow to orange Bloom: July-September Seeding Rate: 4 lb/ac Recommended precipitation range: 8-15 in.



Prairie sunflower. Patrick J. Alexander @ USDA-NRCS PLANTS Database. Helianthus petiolaris, prairie sunflower Origin: native forb Mature Height: 2-5 ft. Growth Rate: rapid Growth Habit: upright Wildlife Value: good winter food Attracts: bees Flowers: yellow Bloom: July-September Seeding Rate: 9 lb/ac Recommended precipitation range: 9-18 in.



Showy goldeneye. Photo ©Al Schneider, www.swcoloradowildflowers.com, used with permission.

Heliomeris multiflora, showy goldeneye

Origin: native forb Mature Height: 1-3 ft. Growth Rate: rapid Growth Habit: upright Wildlife Value: cover Attracts: bees Flowers: yellow Bloom: June-July Seeding Rate: 2 lb/ac Recommended precipitation range: 16-25 in.



Hairy false goldenaster. Photo ©Al Schneider, www.swcoloradowildflowers.com, used with permission.

Heterotheca villosa, hairy false goldenaster Origin: native forb Mature Height: 1-2 ft. Growth Rate: rapid Growth Habit: upright Wildlife Value: cover for small animals Attracts: bees Flowers: yellow Bloom: June-August Seeding Rate: 3 lb/ac Recommended precipitation range: 10-26 in.



Scarlet gilia. Derek Tilley, NRCS Idaho.

Ipomopsis aggregata, scarlet gilia Origin: native biennial forb Mature Height: 1-3 ft. Growth Rate: rapid Growth Habit: upright Wildlife Value: limited Attracts: hummingbirds, moths Flowers: red, pink Bloom: June-July Seeding Rate: 3 lb/ac Recommended precipitation range: 13-40 in.



Blue-flag iris. Casey Burns, NRCS Utah.

Iris missouriensis, Blue-flag iris Origin: native forb Mature Height: 3-4 ft. Growth Rate: rapid Growth Habit: upright Wildlife Value: limited Attracts: bees, bumblebees, butterflies Flowers: blue Bloom: April-May Seeding Rate: 54 lb/ac Recommended precipitation range: 24-35 in.



Fewflower pea. Photo ©Al Schneider, www.swcoloradowildflowers.com, used with permission.

Lathyrus pauciflorus, fewflower pea Origin: native forb Mature Height: 1-3 ft. Growth Rate: rapid Growth Habit: climbing vine Wildlife Value: medium palatability Attracts: bees; larval host for butterflies Flowers: pink-purple Bloom: April-May Seeding Rate: 87 lb/ac Recommended precipitation range: 5-14 in.



Dotted blazingstar. R. Alan Shadow, NRCS Texas.

Liatris punctata, dotted blazingstar Origin: native forb Mature Height: 1-2 ft. Growth Rate: slow Growth Habit: upright Wildlife Value: good forage Attracts: bees, butterflies Flowers: pink-purple Bloom: July-August Seeding Rate: 9 lb/ac Recommended precipitation range: 18-26 in.



Lewis flax. Derek Tilley, NRCS Idaho.

Linum lewisii, Lewis flax Origin: native forb Mature height: 1-2 ft. Growth Rate: moderate to rapid Growth Habit: upright Wildlife value: excellent food Attracts: bees Flowers: light blue Bloom: May-July Seeding Rate: 4 lb/ac Recommended precipitation range: 10-20 in.



Blue flax. Derek Tilley, NRCS Idaho.

Linum perenne, blue flax Origin: introduced forb Mature height: 1-2 ft. Growth Rate: moderate to rapid Growth Habit: upright Wildlife value: excellent food Attracts: bees Flowers: light blue Bloom: May-July Seeding Rate: 4 lb/ac Recommended precipitation range: 10-20 in.



Cardinal flower. William S. Justice @ USDA-NRCS PLANTS Database.

Lobelia cardinalis, cardinalflower Origin: native forb Mature Height: 1-4 ft. Growth Rate: moderate Growth Habit: upright Wildlife Value: hummingbird food Attracts: hummingbirds Flowers: red Bloom: May-Oct Seeding Rate: 0.2 lb/ac Recommended precipitation range: 28-60 in.



Fernleaf biscuitroot. Photo ©Al Schneider, www.swcoloradowildflowers.com, used with permission.

Lomatium dissectum, fernleaf biscuitroot Origin: native forb Mature Height: 0.5-2 ft. Growth Rate: slow Growth Habit: erect Wildlife Value: excellent food Attracts: bees Flowers: yellow green Bloom: June-July Seeding Rate: 24 lb/ac Recommended precipitation range: 14-30 in.

Lomatium macrocarpum

Origin: native forb Mature Height: 0.5-2 ft. Growth Rate: moderate Growth Habit: erect Wildlife Value: good food Attracts: bees Flowers: white Bloom: April-June Seeding Rate: 10 lb/ac Recommended precipitation range: 8-16 in.



Nineleaf biscuitroot. A. Schneider @ PLANTS Database.

Lomatium triternatum, nineleaf biscuitroot

Origin: native forb Mature Height: 2-3 ft. Growth Rate: slow Growth Habit: erect Wildlife Value: excellent food Attracts: bees Flowers: yellow green Bloom: May-June Seeding Rate: 20 lb/ac Recommended precipitation range: 12-20 in.



Birdsfoot trefoil. R. Mohlenbrock @ PLANTS Database.

Lotus corniculatus, birdsfoot trefoil

Origin: introduced legume Mature Height: 1.5-3 ft. Growth Rate: rapid Growth Habit: upright Wildlife Value: good winter food Attracts: bees Flowers: yellow Bloom: June-August Seeding Rate: 3 lb/ac Recommended precipitation range: 20-45 in



Silver lupine. Photo ©Al Schneider, www.swcoloradowildflowers.com, used with permission.

Lupinus argenteus, silver lupine *Warning*: May be toxic to animals and humans Origin: native forb Mature Height: 1.5-2 ft. Growth Rate: rapid Growth Habit: upright Wildlife Value: forage Attracts: bumble bees, bees, butterflies, hummingbirds Flowers: blue to purple Bloom: June - August Seeding Rate: 70 lb/ac Recommended precipitation range: 10-45 in.



Hoary tansyaster. Derek Tilley, NRCS Idaho.

Machaeranthera canescens, hoary tansyaster

Origin: native forb Mature Height: 2-3 ft. Growth Rate: rapid Growth Habit: upright Wildlife Value: forage Attracts: bees, butterflies Flowers: blue to purple Bloom: August-October Seeding Rate: 2 lb/ac Recommended precipitation range: 8-15 in.

Machaeranthera tanacetifolia, tansyleaf aster

Origin: native forb Mature Height: 0.5-2 ft. Growth Rate: rapid Growth Habit: upright Wildlife Value: limited food Attracts: bees, butterflies Flowers: purple Bloom: May-October Seeding Rate: 3 lb/ac Recommended precipitation range: 16-24 in.



Alfalfa. Derek Tilley, NRCS Idaho.

Medicago sativa, alfalfa Origin: introduced legume Mature Height: 2-3 ft. Growth Rate: fast Growth Habit: upright Wildlife Value: excellent forage Attracts: bees Flowers: purple Bloom: May-July (delay by cutting) Seeding Rate: 10 lb/ac Recommended precipitation range: 12-65 in.



Yellow blossom alfalfa. Derek Tilley, NRCS Idaho.

Medicago sativa ssp. falcata, yellow blossom alfalfa Origin: introduced legume Mature Height: 2-3 ft. Growth Rate: fast Growth Habit: upright, spreading Wildlife Value: excellent forage Attracts: bees Flowers: yellow Bloom: May – July (delay by cutting) Seeding Rate: 10 lb/ac Recommended precipitation range: 10-25 in.



Yellow sweetclover. J.S. Peterson @ PLANTS Database.

Melilotus alba and M. officinalis, white and yellow sweetclover Origin: introduced legume Mature Height: 1-3 ft. Growth Rate: rapid Growth Habit: upright Wildlife Value: fair forage Attracts: bees Flowers: white or yellow Bloom: June-July Seeding Rate: 1 lb/ac Recommended precipitation range: 9-18 in. Note: can become invasive; not recommended in wildlands



Bee balm. Photo ©Al Schneider, www.swcoloradowildflowers.com, used with permission.

Mondarda fistulosa, bee balm Origin: native forb

Mature Height: 1-3 ft. Growth Rate: moderate Growth Habit: upright Wildlife Value: limited food Attracts: bees, bumblebees Flowers: purple Bloom: June-September Seeding Rate: 2 lb/ac Recommended precipitation range: 20-60 in.



Sainfoin. Derek Tilley. NRCS Idaho.

Onobrychis viciifolia, sainfoin Origin: introduced legume Mature Height: 2-5 ft. Growth rate: rapid Growth Habit: upright Wildlife Value: excellent forage Attracts: larger bees Flowers: pink Bloom: May-July (delay by cutting) Seeding Rate: 34 lb/ac Recommended precipitation range: 14-45 in.



Sharpleaf penstemon. Photo by Cassondra Skinner, USDI-BLM, Idaho.

Penstemon acuminatus, sharpleaf penstemon

Origin: native forb Mature Height: 1-2 ft. Growth Rate: moderate Growth Habit: upright Wildlife Value: Attracts: bees Flowers: blue Bloom: May-July Seeding Rate: 3 lb/ac Recommended precipitation range: 12-30 in.



Narrowleaf penstemon. USDA NRCS Los Lunas Plant Materials Center, Los Lunas, New Mexico.

Penstemon angustifolius, narrowleaf penstemon

Origin: native forb Mature Height: 8-20 in Growth Rate: rapid Growth Habit: upright Wildlife Value: limited Attracts: bees, hummingbirds Flowers: lavender Bloom: May-June Broadcast Seeding Rate: 3 lb/ac Recommended precipitation range: 9-35 in.



Firecracker penstemon. Derek Tilley, NRCS Idaho.

Penstemon eatonii, firecracker penstemon Origin: native forb Mature Height: 1-2.5 ft. Growth Rate: rapid Growth Habit: upright Wildlife Value: excellent forage Attracts: bees, wasps, hummingbirds Flowers: red Bloom: April-June Broadcast Seeding Rate: 4 lb/ac Recommended precipitation range: 10-18 in.



Low penstemon. Derek Tilley, NRCS Idaho.

Penstemon humilis, low penstemon Origin: native forb Mature Height: 3-8 in Growth Rate: moderate Growth Habit: erect, semi mat-forming Wildlife Value: limited Attracts: bees Flowers: purple Bloom: May-June Seeding Rate: 2 lb/ac Recommended precipitation range: 12-20 in.



Toadflax penstemon. Photo ©Al Schneider, www.swcoloradowildflowers.com, used with permission.

Penstemon linarioides, toadflax penstemon

Origin: native forb Mature Height: 6-18 in Growth Rate: moderate Growth Habit: subshrub, upright Wildlife Value: food Attracts: bees Flowers: lavender/blue Bloom: May-July Broadcast Seeding Rate: 2 lb/ac Recommended precipitation range: 12-20 in.

Penstemon pachyphyllus, thickleaf beardtongue

Origin: native forb Mature Height: 1-2 ft. Growth Rate: rapid Growth Habit: upright Wildlife Value: good forage Attracts: bees Flowers: blue/purple Bloom: May-June Broadcast Seeding Rate: 3 lb/ac Recommended precipitation range: 12-20 in.



Palmer's penstemon Stan Young, Utah Crop Improvement Association. Used with permission.

Penstemon palmeri, Palmer's penstemon

Origin: native forb Mature Height: 2-3 ft. Growth Rate: rapid Growth Habit: erect Wildlife Value: fair forage Attracts: larger bees Flowers: pink Bloom: May-July Broadcast Seeding Rate: 3 lb/ac Recommended precipitation range: 6-12 in.

Penstemon rydbergii, Rydberg's penstemon

Origin: native forb Mature Height: 1-2 ft. Growth Rate: moderate Growth Habit: upright Wildlife Value: limited Attracts: small bees Flowers: blue Bloom: June-July Broadcast Seeding Rate: 8 lb/ac Recommended precipitation range: 20-30 in.



Royal penstemon. Derek Tilley, NRCS Idaho.

Penstemon speciosus, royal penstemon Origin: native forb Mature Height: 1-2 ft. Growth Rate: moderate Growth Habit: upright Wildlife Value: good forage Attracts: bees, moths Flowers: blue, pink Bloom: May-July Seeding Rate: 3 lb/ac Recommended precipitation range: 8-24 in.

Penstemon spectabalis, showy penstemon

Origin: native forb Mature Height: 1-3 ft. Growth Rate: rapid Growth Habit: upright Wildlife Value: food, cover Attracts: bees, wasps Flowers: pink/purple Bloom: April-June Seeding Rate: 3 lb/ac Recommended precipitation range: 12-40 in.



Rocky Mountain penstemon. Photo ©Al Schneider, www.swcoloradowildflowers.com, used with permission.

Penstemon strictus, Rocky Mountain penstemon Origin: native forb Mature Height: 1-3 ft. Growth Rate: rapid Growth Habit: Wildlife Value: fair forage Attracts: bees Flowers: purple Bloom: May-July Seeding Rate: 2 lb/ac Recommended precipitation range: 14-26 in.



Silverleaf phacelia. Derek Tilley, NRCS Idaho.

Phacelia hastata, silverleaf phacelia Origin: native forb Mature Height: 1-2 ft. Growth Rate: moderate Growth Habit: upright Wildlife Value: limited Attracts: bees Flowers: lavender Bloom: May-August Seeding Rate: 7 lb/ac Recommended precipitation range: 10-18 in.



Silky phacelia. Photo ©Al Schneider, www.swcoloradowildflowers.com, used with permission.

Phacelia sericea, silky phacelia Origin: native forb Mature Height: 1-3 ft. Growth Rate: moderate Growth Habit: upright Wildlife Value: limited Attracts: bees Flowers: purple Bloom: June-July Seeding Rate: 3 lb/ac Recommended precipitation range: 18-30 in.



Cinquefoil. Derek Tilley, NRCS Idaho.

Potentilla arguta, tall cinquefoil Origin: native forb Mature Height: 2-3 ft. Growth Rate: rapid Growth Habit: upright Wildlife Value: flowers are palatable Attracts: bees Flowers: yellow Bloom: May-June Seeding Rate: 0.5 lb/ac Recommended precipitation range: 10-50 in.



Prairie coneflower. C.A. Rechenthin @ PLANTS Database.

Ratbida columnifera, prairie coneflower Origin: Origin: introduced forb (native to the east of the Continental Divide) Mature Height: 1-1.5 ft. Growth Rate: rapid Growth Habit: upright Wildlife Value: poor to fair forage Attracts: bees Flowers: yellow/orange Bloom: June-August Seeding Rate: 3 lb/ac Recommended precipitation range: 16-40 in.



Small burnet. Derek Tilley, NRCS Idaho.

Sanguisorba minor, small burnet Origin: introduced forb Mature Height: 1-2.5 ft. Growth Rate: rapid Growth Habit: upright Wildlife Value: excellent forage Attracts: bees Flowers: green-red Bloom: June-August Seeding Rate: 26 lb/ac Recommended precipitation range: 15-25 in.



Scarlet globemallow. Derek Tilley, NRCS Idaho.

Sphaeralcea coccinea, scarlet globe mallow Origin: native forb

Mature Height: 6-18 in Growth Rate: rapid Growth Habit: upright Wildlife Value: excellent forage Attracts: bees Flowers: orange/red Bloom: April-June Seeding Rate: 3 lb/ac Recommended precipitation range: 6-15 in.

Sphaeralcea grossulariifolia, gooseberryleaf globe mallow Origin: native forb Mature Height: 1.5-3 ft. Growth Rate: rapid Growth Habit: upright Wildlife Value: excellent forage Attracts: bees Flowers: orange to red Bloom: April-June Seeding Rate: 3 lb/ac Recommended precipitation range: 8-15 in.



Small flower globemallow. Photo ©Al Schneider, www.swcoloradowildflowers.com, used with permission.

Sphaeralcea parvifolia, small flower globemallow

Origin: native forb Mature Height: 6-18 in Growth Rate: rapid Growth Habit: upright Wildlife Value: excellent forage Attracts: bees Flowers: orange/red Bloom: April-June Seeding Rate: 3 lb/ac Recommended precipitation range: 6-15 in.



Aster. G.A. Cooper @ PLANTS Database.

Symphyotrichum ascendens, western aster Origin: native forb Mature Height: 0.5-3 ft. Growth Rate: moderate Growth Habit: upright Wildlife Value: excellent food and cover Attracts: bees Flowers: pink/purple Bloom: July-October Seeding Rate: 1 lb/ac Recommended precipitation range: 14-60 in.



Mountain goldenbanner. Derek Tilley, NRCS Idaho.

Thermopsis montana, goldenbanner

Warning: Toxic, Limit use to non-grazed areas Origin: native legume Mature Height: 24-30 in Growth Rate: medium Growth Habit: erect Wildlife Value: toxic Attracts: bee, bumblebees Flowers: yellow Bloom: May-June Seeding Rate: 36 lb/ac Recommended precipitation range: 24-30 in.

Trifolium fragiferum, strawberry clover

Origin: introduced legume Mature Height: 1-18 in Growth Rate: rapid Growth Habit: decumbent to ascending Wildlife Value: excellent food Attracts: bees Flowers: pink Bloom: April-May Seeding Rate: 4 lb/ac Recommended precipitation range: 20-60 in.

Trifolium hybridum, alsike clover

Origin: introduced legume Mature Height: 1-3 ft. Growth Rate: rapid Growth Habit: upright Wildlife Value: excellent forage Attracts: bees Flowers: white/pink Bloom: April-May Seeding Rate: 3 lb/ac Recommended precipitation range: 25-60 in.



White clover. L. Allain@PLANTS Database.

Trifolium repens, white clover

Origin: introduced legume Mature Height: 4-14 in Growth Rate: rapid Growth Habit: creeping Wildlife Value: forage Attracts: bees Flowers: white Bloom: May-July Seeding Rate: 3 lb/ac Recommended precipitation range: 24-70 in.



American vetch. Photo ©Al Schneider, www.swcoloradowildflowers.com, used with permission.

Vicia americana, American vetch Origin: native legume Mature Height: 0.5-1 ft. Growth Rate: rapid Growth Habit: spreading Wildlife Value: excellent forage Attracts: bees Flowers: purple Bloom: May-June Seeding Rate: 34 lb/ac Recommended precipitation range: 9-50 in.



Mule-ears. Andy Degues, USFS.

Wyethia amplexicaulis, mule-ears Origin: native forb Mature Height: 1-3 ft. Growth Rate: moderate Growth Habit: upright Wildlife Value: flower heads eaten by deer Attracts: bees, bumblebees, butterflies Flowers: yellow Bloom: May-June Seeding Rate: 39 lb/ac Recommended precipitation range: 12-20 in.

Trees, Shrubs, and Half-Shrubs



Serviceberry. Derek Tilley, NRCS Idaho.

Amelanchier alnifolia, serviceberry

Origin: native shrub-small tree Mature Height: 6-15 ft. Growth Rate: slow Growth Habit: upright Wildlife Value: good cover and food Attracts: butterflies, bees Flowers: white Bloom: May-June Seeding Rate: seedlings recommended In-row Spacing: 5-10 ft. Recommended precipitation range: 12-30 in.

Amerlanchier utahensis, Utah service berry

Origin: native shrub Mature Height: 3-12 ft. Growth Rate: rapid Growth Habit: upright Wildlife Value: cover and food Attracts: butterflies, bees; larval butterfly host plant of the weidemeyer's admiral (Limenitis weidemeyeri) and the lorquin's admiral (Limenitis lorquini). Flowers: white Bloom: Mav-June Seeding Rate: seedlings recommended In-row Spacing: 5-10 ft. Recommended precipitation range: 12-20 in.



Greenleaf manzanita. Gary A. Monroe @ PLANTS Database.

Arctostaphylos patula, Greenleaf manzanita Origin: native shrub Mature Height: 3-6 ft. Growth Rate: slow Growth Habit: rounded shrub Wildlife Value: good cover and browse Attracts: bees Flowers: pink Bloom: April-June Seeding Rate: seedlings recommended In-row Spacing: 5 ft. Recommended precipitation range: 13-60 in.

Arctostaphylos uva-ursi, kinnikinnik

Origin: native shrub Mature Height: 6 in Growth Rate: moderate Growth Habit: prostrate creeping Wildlife Value: fruit provide food for bids Attracts: bees, butterflies, hummingbirds Flowers: pink Bloom: March-June Seeding Rate: seedlings recommended In-row Spacing: 2-3 ft. Recommended precipitation range: 18-45 in.



Photo left. Eucosma ragonoti, moth on prairie sagewort, Christine Taliga, Colorado Plant Materials Program.

Artemisia frigida, prairie sagewort

Origin: native shrub Mature Height: 4-16 in. Growth Rate: moderate Growth Habit: upright low shrub Wildlife Value: good cover and forage Attracts: provides habitat and nesting structure; used as food plants by the larvae of a number of Lepidoptera species and other insects. Flowers: yellow Bloom: August-September Seeding Rate: 0.5 lb/ac In-row Spacing: 1-3 ft. Recommended precipitation range: 10-40 in.

Artemisia nova, black sagebrush Origin: native shrub Mature Height: 4-12 in Growth Rate: moderate Growth Habit: upright low shrub Wildlife Value: good cover and forage Attracts: provides habitat and nesting structure Flowers: yellow Bloom: August-September Seeding Rate: 2 lb/ac In-row Spacing: 1-3 ft. Recommended precipitation range: 6-18 in.



Basin big sagebrush. Derek Tilley, NRCS Idaho.

Artemisia tridentata ssp. tridentata, basin big sagebrush Origin: native shrub

Mature Height: 3-8 ft. Growth Rate: slow Growth Habit: upright shrub Wildlife Value: cover and food Attracts: provides habitat and nesting structure Flowers: yellow Bloom: September-October Seeding Rate: 0.5 lb/ac In-row Spacing: 3-6 ft. Recommended precipitation range: 9-15 in.

Artemisia tridentata ssp. vaseyana, mountain big

sagebrush Origin: native shrub Mature Height: 2-4 ft. Growth Rate: slow Growth Habit: upright shrub Wildlife Value: cover and food Attracts: provides habitat and nesting structure Flowers: yellow Bloom: September-October Seeding Rate: 0.5 lb/ac In-row Spacing: 3-6 ft. Recommended precipitation range: 16-25 in



Wyoming big sagebrush. Derek Tilley, NRCS Idaho.

Artemisia tridentata ssp. wyomingensis, Wyoming

big sagebrush Origin: native shrub Mature Height: 2-3 ft. Growth Rate: slow Growth Habit: upright shrub Wildlife Value: cover and food Attracts: provides habitat and nesting structure Flowers: yellow Bloom: September-October Seeding Rate: 0.5 lb/ ac In-row Spacing: 3-6 ft. Recommended precipitation range: 8-13 in.



Fourwing saltbush. Derek Tilley, NRCS Idaho.

Atriplex canescens, fourwing saltbush Origin: native shrub Mature Height: 1-6 ft. Growth Rate: slow Growth Habit: upright shrub Wildlife Value: cover and browse Attracts: provides habitat and nesting structure Flowers: green/brown Bloom: August-September Seeding Rate: 2 lb/ac In-row Spacing: 3-6 ft.

Recommended precipitation range: 8-16 in.



Mule-fat. USDA PLANTS Database.

Baccharis salicifolia, mule-fat

Origin: native shrub Mature Height: 6-10 ft. Growth Rate: rapid Growth Habit: upright shrub Wildlife Value: Attracts: butterflies Flowers: white Bloom: April-July Seeding Rate: seedlings recommended In-row Spacing: 8-10 ft. Recommended precipitation range: 10-15 in.

Ceanothus velutinus, snowbrush ceanothus Origin: native shrub Mature Height: 2-5 ft. Growth Rate: moderate Growth Habit: rounded shrub Wildlife Value: Attracts: butterflies Flowers: white Bloom: May-June Seeding Rate: seedlings recommended In-row Spacing: 3ft. Recommended precipitation range: 16-40 in.



Desert sweet. Nevada native Plant Society @ PLANTS Database.

Chamaebatiaria millefolium, desert sweet

Origin: native shrub Mature Height: 3-7 ft. Growth Rate: moderate Growth Habit: upright shrub Wildlife Value: cover Attracts: bees Flowers: white Bloom: July-September Broadcast Seeding Rate: 8 lb/ac In-row Spacing: 8-12 ft. Recommended precipitation range: 15-60 in.

Chrysothamnus viscidiflorus, yellow rabbitbrush

Origin: native shrub Mature Height: 1-3 ft. Growth Rate: moderate Growth Habit: upright shrub Wildlife Value: browse and cover Attracts: butterflies, bees and other beneficial insects Flowers: yellow Bloom: September-October Seeding Rate: 0.25 lb/ac In-row Spacing: 2-3 ft. Recommended precipitation range: 7-15 in.

Cornus sericea, redosier dogwood

Origin: native shrub Mature Height: 4-12 ft. Growth Rate: rapid Growth Habit: upright Wildlife Value: food and cover Attracts: bees, butterflies Flowers: white Blooms: May-June Seeding Rate: seedlings recommended In-row Spacing: 5-10 ft. Recommended precipitation range: 12-60 in.



Black hawthorn. Susan McDougall @ PLANTS Database

Crataegus douglasii, black hawthorn Origin: native shrub-small tree Mature Height: 12-15 ft. Growth Rate: slow Growth Habit: upright Wildlife Value: food and cover Attracts: moths, bees, butterflies Flowers: white Blooms: May-June Seeding Rate: seedlings recommended In-row Spacing: 5-10 ft. Recommended precipitation range: 16-60 in.



Shrubby cinquefoil. Photo ©Al Schneider, www.swcoloradowildflowers.com, used with permission.

Dasiphora fruticosa, shrubby cinquefoil Origin: native shrub

Mature Height: 2-4 ft. Growth Rate: slow Growth Habit: upright Wildlife Value: food and cover Attracts: moths, bees, butterflies Flowers: yellow Blooms: May-June Seeding Rate: seedlings recommended In-row Spacing: 4-6 ft. Recommended precipitation range: 18-25 in.



Rubber rabbitbrush. USDI-BLM.

Ericameria nauseosa, rubber rabbitbrush Origin: native shrub Mature Height: 2-6 ft. Growth Rate: moderate Growth Habit: open spreading Wildlife Value: loafing, food and browse Attracts: butterflies, bees, and other beneficial insects Flowers: yellow Bloom: August-October Seeding Rate: 0.25 lb/ac In-row Spacing: 3-6 ft. Recommended precipitation range: 7-16 in.



Whorled buckwheat. Derek Tilley, NRCS Idaho.

Eriogonum heracleoides, whorled buckwheat Origin: native sub-shrub Mature Height: 1-3 ft. Growth Rate: moderate Growth Habit: spreading, open sub-shrub Wildlife Value: cover, fall forage Attracts: moths, butterflies, bees and other beneficial insects Flowers: white, cream Bloom: July-September Seeding Rate: 6 lb/ac In-row Spacing: 1-3 ft. Recommended precipitation range: 12-25 in.



Sulphurflower buckwheat. Derek Tilley, NRCS Idaho.

Eriogonum umbellatum, sulphurflower buckwheat Origin: native sub-shrub Mature Height: 0.5-2 ft. Growth Rate: moderate Growth Habit: spreading, open sub-shrub Wildlife Value: cover, fall forage Attracts: moths, butterflies, bees, and other beneficial insects Flowers: yellow Bloom: July-September Seeding Rate: 4 lb/ac In-row Spacing: 1-3 ft. Recommended precipitation range: 12-25 in.

Fallugia paradoxa, Apache plume

Origin: native shrub Mature Height: 4-6 ft. Growth Rate: rapid Growth Habit: upright shrub Wildlife Value: cover Attracts: bees and butterflies Flowers: white-purple Bloom: May-June Seeding Rate: seedlings recommended In-row Spacing: 4-6 ft. Recommended precipitation range: 8-20 in.

Forestiera neomexicana, stretchberry

Origin: native shrub Mature Height: 4-6 ft. Growth Rate: moderate Growth Habit: shrub Wildlife Value: cover Attracts: butterflies Flowers: yellow Bloom: April-May Seeding Rate: seedlings recommended In-row Spacing: 4-6 ft. Recommended precipitation range: 9-24 in.



Oceanspray. Gary Monroe @ PLANTS Database.

Holodiscus discolor, oceanspray

Origin: native shrub-small tree Mature Height: 6-20 ft. Growth Rate: moderate Growth Habit: upright shrub Wildlife Value: cover and browse Attracts: butterflies, bees Flowers: white Bloom: May-August Seeding Rate: seedlings recommended In-row Spacing: 10-20 ft. Recommended precipitation range: 18-24 in.

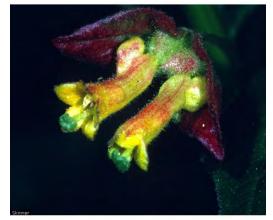
Holodiscus dumosus, rockspirea

Origin: native shrub Mature Height: 6-12 ft. Growth Rate: moderate Growth Habit: upright Wildlife Value: browse and cover Attracts: butterflies, bees Flowers: white Bloom: June-August Seeding Rate: seedlings recommended In-row Spacing: 10-20 ft. Recommended precipitation range: 10-35 in.



Winterfat. Derek Tilley, NRCS Idaho.

Krascheninnikovia lanata, winterfat Origin: native shrub Mature Height: 1-3 ft. Growth Rate: rapid Growth Habit: low shrub Wildlife Value: excellent winter forage Attracts: provides nesting structure for bees Flowers: green/white Bloom: July-August Broadcast Seeding Rate: 2 lb/ac In-row Spacing: 3 ft. Recommended precipitation range: 7-12 in.



Twinberry honeysuckle. Mark Skinner @ PLANTS Database.

Lonicera involucrata, twinberry honeysuckle Origin: native shrub Mature Height: 2-7 ft. Growth Rate: moderate Growth Habit: upright Wildlife Value: cover, food for birds Attracts: butterflies, hummingbirds Flowers: yellow Bloom: March-July Seeding Rate: seedlings recommended In-row Spacing: 6 ft. Recommended precipitation range: 14-32 in.



Prickly pear cactus. Casey Burns, NRCS Utah.

Opuntia spp., prickly pear cactus Origin: native shrub

Mature Height: 1-2 ft. Growth Rate: moderate Growth Habit: upright Wildlife Value: cover Attracts: bees, beetles Flowers: yellow, pink Bloom: May-June Seeding Rate: 8 lb/ac In-row Spacing: 4 ft. Recommended precipitation range: 10-20 in.

Philadelphus microphyllus, littleleaf mockorange

Origin: native shrub Mature Height: 3-7 ft. Growth Rate: moderate Growth Habit: upright Wildlife Value: cover Attracts: bees Flowers: white Bloom: March-May Seeding Rate: seedlings recommended In-row Spacing: 6 ft. Recommended precipitation range: 12-20 in.

Poliomintha incana, frosted mint

Origin: native shrub Mature Height: 1-3 ft. Growth Rate: moderate Growth Habit: upright Wildlife Value: cover Attracts: bees Flowers: purple Bloom: May-August Seeding Rate: seedlings recommended In-row Spacing: 3 ft. Recommended precipitation range: 8-12 in.

Prunus americana, American plum

Origin: native shrub Mature Height: 8-10 ft. Growth Rate: moderate Growth Habit: rounded crown, suckers Wildlife Value: nesting, loafing, food, browse Attracts: butterflies, bees Flowers: white Bloom: April-May Seeding Rate: seedlings recommended In-row Spacing: 6-10 ft. Recommended precipitation range: 16-40 in.



Chokecherry. Derek Tilley, NRCS Idaho.

Prunus virginiana, chokecherry Origin: native shrub Mature Height: 12-25 ft. Growth Rate: moderate Growth Habit: oval to round; suckering Wildlife Value: excellent food and cover Attracts: bees, butterflies Flowers: white Bloom: April-May Seeding Rate: seedlings recommended In-row Spacing: 8-12 ft. Recommended precipitation range: 16-60 in.

Purshia glandulosa, desert bitterbrush

Origin: native shrub Mature Height: 3-7 ft. Growth Rate: slow Growth Habit: upright Wildlife Value: cover, fall forage Attracts: bees Flowers: yellow Bloom: April-May Seeding Rate: seedlings recommended In-row Spacing: 5 ft. Recommended precipitation range: 5-12 in.

Purshia mexicana, Mexican cliffrose Origin: native shrub Mature Height: 2-10 ft. Growth Rate: moderate Growth Habit: upright shrub Wildlife Value: cover, fall forage Attracts: butterflies, bees Flowers: yellow Seeding Rate: seedlings recommended Bloom: May-June In-row Spacing: 5-10 ft. Recommended precipitation range: 6-12 in.



Antelope bitterbrush. Derek Tilley, NRCS Idaho.

Purshia tridentata, antelope bitterbrush Origin: native shrub Mature Height: 2-6 ft. Growth Rate: moderate Growth Habit: upright shrub Wildlife Value: cover, fall forage Attracts: butterflies, bees Flowers: yellow Seeding Rate: seedlings recommended Bloom: May-June In-row Spacing: 3-5 ft. Recommended precipitation range: 10-15 in.



Skunkbush sumac. Derek Tilley, NRCS Idaho.

Rhus trilobata, skunkbush sumac Origin: native shrub Mature Height: 6-8 ft. Growth Rate: slow to moderate Growth Habit: ascending to spreading Wildlife Value: browse, nesting, bird food Attracts: early bees Flowers: light yellow Seeding Rate: seedlings recommended Bloom: May-June In-row Spacing: 4-6 ft. Recommended precipitation range: 8-18 in.



Golden currant. Derek Tilley, NRCS Idaho.

Ribes aureum, golden currant Origin: native shrub Mature Height: 5-8 ft. Growth Rate: moderate Growth Habit: spreading and upright Wildlife Value: roosting, loafing, nesting, fruit Attracts: early spring bees, bumblebees Flowers: fragrant golden yellow Seeding Rate: seedlings recommended Bloom: April-May In-row Spacing: 4-6 ft. Recommended precipitation range: 12-18 in.

Ribes cereum, wax currant

Origin: native shrub Mature Height: 2-5 ft. Growth Rate: rapid Growth Habit: upright Wildlife Value: cover, nesting, fruit Attracts: bees Flowers: white Bloom: May-June Seeding Rate: seedlings recommended In-row Spacing: 5 ft. Recommended precipitation range: 13-35 in.



Wood's rose. Derek Tilley, NRCS Idaho.

Rosa woodsii, Wood's rose Origin: native shrub Mature Height: 3-6 ft. Growth Rate: moderate Growth Habit: upright to semi-weeping shrub Wildlife Value: nesting, cover, excellent food Attracts: bees Flowers: pink Seeding Rate: seedlings recommended Bloom: June-July In-row Spacing: 3-5 ft. Recommended precipitation range: 12-40 in.

Salix spp, willow Origin: native shrub, multiple-stemmed small tree Mature Height: 12-18 ft. Growth Rate: moderate Growth Habit: upright Wildlife Value: cover, nesting Attracts: bees, butterflies Flowers: yellow-green Bloom: April-May Seeding Rate: cuttings recommended In-row Spacing: 6-10 ft. Recommended precipitation range: 20-60 in.



Buffaloberry. R.A. Howard @ PLANTS Database.

Shepherdia argentea, buffalo berry Origin: native shrub Mature Height: 6-20 ft. Growth Rate: moderate Growth Habit: upright to spreading tall shrub Wildlife Value: browse, fruit Attracts: butterflies, bees Flowers: male=yellow; female=inconspicuous Seeding Rate: seedlings recommended Bloom: May-July In-row Spacing: 8-10 ft. Recommended precipitation range: 12-20 in.



Goldenrod. Casey Burns, NRCS Utah.

Solidago spp, goldenrod

Warning: Toxic when dried as hay Origin: native shrub Mature Height: 1-7 ft. Growth Rate: moderate Growth Habit: rhizomatous shrub Wildlife Value: fair forage Attracts: bees, wasps, beetles Flowers: yellow Seeding Rate: seedlings or 0.5 PLS/ac Bloom: August-September In-row Spacing: 3-5 ft. Recommended precipitation range: 16-60 in.



Snowberry. R.A. Howard @ PLANTS Database.

Symphoricarpos oreophilus, mountain snowberry Origin: native shrub Mature Height: 2-4 ft. Growth Rate: moderate Growth Habit: open and spreading Wildlife Value: loafing, food, browse Attracts: butterflies, bees, hummingbirds Flowers: pink Seeding Rate: seedlings recommended Bloom: May-August In-row Spacing: 3-4 ft. Recommended precipitation range: 14-45 in.



Yucca. Photo ©Al Schneider, www.swcoloradowildflowers.com, used with permission.

Yucca spp., yucca or soapweed Origin: native to the Great Plains Mature Height: 2-4 ft. Growth Rate: slow Growth Habit: upright Wildlife Value: cover Attracts: moths Flowers: creamy white Seeding Rate: seedlings recommended Blooms: June-July In-row Spacing: 3 ft. Recommended precipitation range: 7-60 in.

NRCS APPROVED POLLINATOR PLANT LISTS

The following tables lists plants approved for use in NRCS pollinator plantings. These species have known value for pollinators and are adapted to various precipitation ranges in eastern Utah and western Colorado. Care was taken to list species that are commercially available. Additional species may be available or become available that were not considered for this technical note during publication. Consult your State Plant Materials Specialist prior to making any species substitutions.

Species with an asterisk (*) are known to establish easily and are commercially available in large quantities. It is strongly recommended several of these species be included in all mixes.

This section also lists additional grasses and shrubs, which do not provide pollen or nectar, yet are important elements of pollinator habitat, and should be included in pollinator or wildlife friendly plantings, but may not count towards the CRP required species, or other programmatic guidelines. Several conservation programs are administered by USDA NRCS to assist private landowners in developing pollinator habitat, such as the Environmental Quality Incentives Program (EQIP), the Wildlife Habitat Incentives Program (WHIP), the Conservation Stewardship Program (CSP), and the Conservation Reserve Program (CRP). For additional information, please consult your local <u>NRCS Service Center</u>.

TABLE 2. FORB AND LEGUME CHARACTERISTICS LISTED BY PRECIPITATION REQUIREMENTS

		Bloc	om Tim Color									Soils	0
Latin Name	Common Name	Early	Mid.	Late	Origin	Character	Height (in)	Seedling Vigor	Longevity	Precip. Range (in)	Fine	Med.	Coarse
Lathyrus pauciflorus	Pea, fewflower				N	Vine	8-30	**	**	5-14	х	х	х
Penstemon palmeri	Penstemon, Palmer's				N	Erect	24-36	V. Low	Medium	6-12		x	x
Machaeranthera bigelovii	Tansyaster, Bigelow's				N	Erect	12-36	**	Short	6-15	х	х	х
Penstemon cyanocaulis	Penstemon, bluestem				N	Erect	8-18	V. Low	Medium	6-15		х	х
Sphaeralcea coccinea	Globernallow, scarlet	-			N	Erect	12-18	Low	Short	6-15		х	х
Erigeron pumilus	Fleabane, shaggy				N	Decumbent	4-12	**	**	6-17		х	х
Sphaeralcea parvifolia	Small flower globemallow	-			N	Erect	6-18	Low	Short	6-18		х	х
Crepis acuminata	Hawksbeard, tapertip				N	Erect	10-30	Low	Long	7-20		х	х
Astragalus filipes	Milkvetch, basalt				N	Erect	12-36	Low	Medium	8-12		х	х
Cleome lutea	Beeflower, yellow				Ν	Erect	24-36	MedRapid	Annual	8-12	х	х	
Castilleja spp.	Paintbrush, Indian	-	-		Ν	Е	6-18	Low	Short	8-15			
Helianthus annuus*	Sunflower, annual				Ν	Erect	36-120	Medium	Annual	8-15	х	х	х
Machaeranthera canescens	Tansyaster, hoary				Ν	Erect	24-36	Low	Short	8-15		х	х
Sphaeralcea grossulariifolia	Globemallow, gooseberryleaf				Ν	Erect	18-36	Low	Long	8-15		х	х
Lomatium macrocarpum	Biscuitroot, bigseed				Ν	Prostrate	5-12	Medium	Short	8-16			х
Erigeron engelmannii	Fleabane, Engelmann's				Ν	Erect	9-12	**	**	8-20	х	х	х
Penstemon speciosus	Penstemon, royal		*		Ν	Erect	12-24	V. Low	Medium	8-24		х	х
Antennaria sp. (rosea)	Pussytoes				Ν	Mat	6-12	V. Low	**	8-40	х	х	х
Achillea millefolium*	Yarrow, western				Ν	Erect	6-24	Low	Medium	8-60		х	х
Chaenactis douglasii	Dustymaiden, Douglas'				Ν	Erect	12-36	Medium	Short	9-15		х	х
Helianthus petiolaris	Sunflower, prairie				Ν	Erect	10-36	Medium	Annual	9-18			х
Melilotus alba	Sweetclover, white				Ι	Erect	12-36	MedRapid	Short	9-18	х	х	х
Melilotus officinalis	Sweetclover, yellow				Ι	Erect	12-36	MedRapid	Short	9-18	х	х	х
Balsamorhiza hookeri	Balsamroot, Hooker's	- <mark></mark>			N	Erect	12-24	Medium	Medium	9-20	х	х	х
Duisumorniza nooken	Bulsullioot, Hooker 5												

Linu mer Congent (m) Charles (m) Conge (m) Conge (m) Conge (m) Conge (m) Vicia americana Vetch, American N Spreading 6-12 Low Medium 9-50 x Aster glacodes Aster, gray S N Erect 20-30 Low Short 10-18 x Dalea candida Prairie clover, white S N Erect 21-30 V. Low Short 10-18 x Phacelia instata Phacelia, silverleaf S N Erect 12-16 *** 10-18 x Phacelia hastata Phacelia, silverleaf S N Decumbent 18-24 Medium Medium 10-18 x Inum perenne* Flax, Lewis S N Erect 12-24 Low-Med. Short 10-20 x x Verbeisian ancelioides Crowheard, golden N Erect 12-30 Medium Medium 10-25 x x Medicago sativa ssp. falcata Alfalfa, yellow blossom I Erect 24-36 Medium	TABLE 2 (cont). FOI	RB AND LEGUME CH				TICS L	ISTED BY	Y PRECII	PITATIO	N REQU	IREMEN	JTS		
Linu mer Congent (m) Charles (m) Conge (m) Conge (m) Conge (m) Conge (m) Vicia americana Vetch, American N Spreading 6-12 Low Medium 9-50 x Aster glacodes Aster, gray S N Erect 20-30 Low Short 10-18 x Dalea candida Prairie clover, white S N Erect 21-30 V. Low Short 10-18 x Phacelia instata Phacelia, silverleaf S N Erect 12-16 *** 10-18 x Phacelia hastata Phacelia, silverleaf S N Decumbent 18-24 Medium Medium 10-18 x Inum perenne* Flax, Lewis S N Erect 12-24 Low-Med. Short 10-20 x x Verbeisian ancelioides Crowheard, golden N Erect 12-30 Medium Medium 10-25 x x Medicago sativa ssp. falcata Alfalfa, yellow blossom I Erect 24-36 Medium			Bloc										Soils	
Aster grayNErect20-30LowShort10-18xDalea candidaPrairie clover, whiteNNErect24-36Med.**10-18xPenstemon catoniiPenstemon, firecrackerNNErect12-30V. LowShort10-18xPhacelia silverleafNNErect12-30V. LowShort10-18xPhacelia silverleafNNErect12-30V. LowShort10-18xPradescantia occidentalisSpidervort, prairieNNErect12-16***10-18xLinum levisitaFlax, LewisNErect12-24Low-Med.Short10-20xxLinum perenne*Flax, blueNErect12-24Low-Med.Short10-20xxMedicago sativa sep, falcataAlfalfa, yellow blossomNFreet16-30MediumMedium10-25xxMedicago sativa sep, falcataAlfalfa, yellow blossomNErect12-18MediumShort10-25xxxLapinus argeniaceaPearly everlasting, westernNNErect18-24MediumMedium10-25xxxLapinus argeniaceaCinquefoil, tallNFreet18-24MediumShort10-25xxxLapinus argeniaceaPearly everlasting, westernNErect12-36Medium <td< th=""><th>Latin Name</th><th>Common Name</th><th>Early</th><th>Mid.</th><th>Late</th><th>Origin</th><th>Character</th><th>Height (in)</th><th></th><th>Longevity</th><th>-</th><th>Fine</th><th>Med.</th><th>Coarse</th></td<>	Latin Name	Common Name	Early	Mid.	Late	Origin	Character	Height (in)		Longevity	-	Fine	Med.	Coarse
NormalianPrairie clover, whiteNFreet24-36Med.**10-18xPenstemon, firecrackerNNErect12-30V. LowShort10-18xPhacelia hastataPhacelia, silverleafNDecumbent18-24MediumMedium10-18xPhacelia hastataPhacelia, silverleafNDecumbent18-24MediumMedium10-18xTradscantia occidentatisSpiderwort, prairieNErect12-16****10-18xLinum lewisit*Flax, LewisNErect12-24Low-Med.Short10-20xxVerbesina encelioidesCrownbeard, goldenNErect16-30Medium**10-20xxMedicago sativa ssp. falcataAlfalfa, yellow blossomNIErect24-36MediumMedium10-25xxMedicago sativa ssp. falcataAlfalfa, yellow blossomNIErect24-36MediumModium10-26xxAnaphilis margaritaceaPearly everlasting, westernNErect24-36MediumShort10-35xxLupine, silverNNErect18-24HighShort10-45xxxPotentilla argutaCinquefoil, tallNFreet18-24LowMedium12-18xxLupine, silverNFreet10-30LowLong12	Vicia americana	Vetch, American	•			N	Spreading	6-12	Low	Medium	9-50		x	x
Penstemon eatoniiPenstemon, firecrackerNNErect12-30V. LowShort10-18xPhacelia, silverleafNDecumbent18-24MediumMedium10-18xTradescantia occidentalisSpiderwort, prairieNFreet12-16****10-18xLinum lewisit*Flax, LewisNFreet12-24Low-Med.Short10-20xLinum perenne*Flax, blueNFreet12-24Low-Med.Short10-20xxVerbsina encelioidesCrownbeard, goldenNFreet16-30MediumMedium10-20xxMedicago sariva ssp. falcataAlfalfa, yellow blossomNFreet24-36MediumMedium10-26xxMedicago sariva ssp. falcataGlodenaster, hairy falseNRounded12-18MediumShort10-26xxLapinus argentusLupine, silverNFreet24-36MediumShort10-30xxxLapinus argentusLupine, silverNFreet18-24HighShort10-45xxxLopis socidentalisHawkbeard, largeflowerNFreet12-36MediumLong12-18xxxLapinus argentusLupine, silverNFreet10-30LowLong12-18xxxPenstemon humilisPeastemon, lowNFreet <t< td=""><td>Aster glaucodes</td><td>Aster, gray</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>N</td><td>Erect</td><td>20-30</td><td>Low</td><td>Short</td><td>10-18</td><td></td><td>х</td><td>х</td></t<>	Aster glaucodes	Aster, gray				N	Erect	20-30	Low	Short	10-18		х	х
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Linum perene*Flax, blueFlax, blue <td>Tradescantia occidentalis</td> <td>Spiderwort, prairie</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>N</td> <td>Erect</td> <td>12-16</td> <td>**</td> <td>**</td> <td>10-18</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>х</td>	Tradescantia occidentalis	Spiderwort, prairie				N	Erect	12-16	**	**	10-18			х
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Anaphilis margaritaceaPearly everlasting, westemNErect24-36MediumShort10-35xLupinus argenteusLupine, silverImage and the second of	Medicago sativa ssp. falcata	Alfalfa, yellow blossom				I	Erect	24-36	Medium	Medium	10-25	х	х	
Lupine, silverNErect18-24HighShort10-45xxPotentilla argutaCinquefoil, tallNErect10-30LowShort10-45xxCrepis occidentalisHawksbeard, largeflowerNErect24-36V. LowShort10-45xxxHedysarum boreale*SweetvetchNErect10-30LowLong12-18xxxLomatium triternatumBiscuitroot, nineleafNErect12-24LowMedium12-18xxxPenstemon humilisPenstemon, lowNErect24-36MediumLong12-20xPenstemon linarioidesPenstemon, thickleafNErect12-20V. Low***12-20xWyethia amplexicaulisMule's earsNErect12-30LowLong12-20xPenstemon acuminatusPenstemon, sharpleafNErect12-30LowLong12-20xPenstemon acuminatusPenstemon, sharpleafNErect12-30***12-20xxMelianthella unifloraSunflower, oneflowerNErect12-36MeliumMelium12-35x	Heterotheca villosa	Goldenaster, hairy false				N	Rounded	12-18	Medium	Short	10-26		x	х
Potentilla argutaCinquefoil, tallNErect24-36V. LowShort10-50xCrepis occidentalisHawksbeard, largeflowerNFrect10-30LowLong12-18xxHedysarum boreale*SweetvetchMFrect12-24LowMedium12-18xxLomatium triternatumBiscuitroot, nineleafMNErect24-36MediumLong12-20xPenstemon humilisPenstemon, lowMNErect24-36MediumLong12-20xPenstemon linarioidesPenstemon, toadflaxMNErect6-14****12-20xPenstemon pachyphyllusPenstemon, thickleafMNErect12-20V. Low**12-20xxMyethia amplexicaulisMule's earsMMErect12-30****12-20xxPenstemon acuminatusPenstemon, sharpleafMMErect12-30****12-20xxMelium IjforaSunflower, oneflowerMMErect12-30****12-20xx	Anaphilis margaritacea	Pearly everlasting, western				N	Erect	24-36	Medium	Short	10-35		x	
Crepis occidentalisHawksbeard, largeflowerNErect10-30LowLong12-18xxHedysarum boreale*SweetvetchMRect12-24LowMedium12-18xxLomatium triternatumBiscuitroot, nineleafCNErect24-36MediumLong12-20xxPenstemon humilisPenstemon, lowCNErect6-14****12-20xPenstemon linarioidesPenstemon, toadflaxCNErect12-20V. Low**12-20xWyethia amplexicaulisMule's earsCNErect12-30LowLong12-20xxPenstemon acuminatusPenstemon, sharpleafCNErect12-30V. LowMedium12-30xxPenstemon acuminatusMule's carsNCNErect12-30***12-20xxPenstemon acuminatusPenstemon, sharpleafCNErect12-30***12-20xxPenstemon acuminatusPenstemon, sharpleafCNErect12-30***12-24xxPenstemon acuminatusPenstemon, sharpleafCNErect12-36Medium12-30xxPenstemon acuminatusPenstemon, sharpleafCNErect12-36Medium12-35x	Lupinus argenteus	Lupine, silver				N	Erect	18-24	High	Short	10-45	х	х	х
Hedysarum boreale*SweetvetchMINErect12-24LowMedium12-18xxxLomatium triternatumBiscuitroot, nineleafNErect24-36MediumLong12-20xxxPenstemon humilisPenstemon, lowPenstemonNErect6-14****12-20xPenstemon linarioidesPenstemon, toadflaxPenstemon, toadflaxPenstemon thickleafNErect4-12****12-20xWyethia amplexicaulisMule's earsIINErect12-30V. LowKeit12-20xxPenstemon acuminatusPenstemon, sharpleafIINErect12-30XXxxxPenstemon acuminatusPenstemon, coefflowerNErect12-36Medium12-35x	Potentilla arguta	Cinquefoil, tall				N	Erect	24-36	V. Low	Short	10-50		х	
Lomatium triternatumBiscuitroot, nineleafNErect24-36MediumLong12-20XPenstemon humilisPenstemon, lowNErect6-14***12-20XPenstemon linarioidesPenstemon, toadflaxIIIIIIIPenstemon gachyphyllusPenstemon, thickleafIII <td>Crepis occidentalis</td> <td>Hawksbeard, largeflower</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>N</td> <td>Erect</td> <td>10-30</td> <td>Low</td> <td>Long</td> <td>12-18</td> <td>х</td> <td>х</td> <td>х</td>	Crepis occidentalis	Hawksbeard, largeflower				N	Erect	10-30	Low	Long	12-18	х	х	х
Penstemon humilisPenstemon, lowNErect6-14**12-20xPenstemon linarioidesPenstemon, toadflaxNErect4-12****12-20xPenstemon pachyphyllusPenstemon, thickleafNErect12-20V. Low**12-20xWyethia amplexicaulisMule's earsImage: Constraint of the section of the sec	Hedysarum boreale*	Sweetvetch				N	Erect	12-24	Low	Medium	12-18	х	х	х
Penstemon humitsPenstemon, toolRefNErect0.1412.20XPenstemon linarioidesPenstemon, toadflaxNErect4-12****12-20XPenstemon pachyphyllusPenstemon, thickleafImage: Constraint of the searsNErect12-20V. Low**12-20XWyethia amplexicaulisMule's earsImage: Constraint of the searsNErect12-20V. LowMedium12-20XAgastache pallidifloraHyssop, mountain giantImage: Constraint of the searsNErect12-30****12-24XXPenstemon acuminatusPenstemon, sharpleafImage: Constraint of the searsNErect12-36Medium12-30XHeianthella unifloraSunflower, oneflowerImage: Constraint of the searsNErect12-36MediumMedium12-35X	Lomatium triternatum	Biscuitroot, nineleaf				N	Erect	24-36	Medium	Long	12-20			х
Penstemon hultitotiesPenstemon, touchaxPenstemon, thickleafNErect12-20V. Low**12-20xWyethia amplexicaulisMule's earsImage: Constraint of the section of the se	Penstemon humilis	Penstemon, low				N	Erect	6-14	**	**	12-20		x	х
Wyethia amplexicaulisMule's earsNNErect12-20NNNErect12-20xxAgastache pallidifloraHyssop, mountain giantNErect12-30****12-24xxPenstemon acuminatusPenstemon, sharpleafONErect12-36Medium12-30xHelianthella unifloraSunflower, oneflowerONErect12-36MediumMedium12-35x	Penstemon linarioides	Penstemon, toadflax		•		N	Erect	4-12	**	**	12-20			
Agastache pallidifloraHyssop, mountain giantNErect12-30****12-24xxPenstemon acuminatusPenstemon, sharpleafImage: Comparison of the state of the s	Penstemon pachyphyllus	Penstemon, thickleaf				Ν	Erect	12-20	V. Low	**	12-20		х	
Penstemon acuminatusPenstemon, sharpleafImage: Constraint of the state of t	Wyethia amplexicaulis	Mule's ears				N	Erect	24-30	Low	Long	12-20	х	х	
Helianthella uniflora Sunflower, oneflower N Erect 12-36 Medium 12-35 x	Agastache pallidiflora	Hyssop, mountain giant				Ν	Erect	12-30	**	**	12-24	х	х	х
	Penstemon acuminatus	Penstemon, sharpleaf				N	Erect	8-24	V. Low	Medium	12-30		х	х
	Helianthella uniflora	Sunflower, oneflower				N	Erect	12-36	Medium	Medium	12-35		х	х
Penstemon spectabilis Penstemon, showy N Erect 24-30 ** ** 12-40 x	Penstemon spectabilis	Penstemon, showy	-	4		N	Erect	24-30	**	**	12-40		х	х

Latin Name Medicago sativa Ipomopsis aggregate Cleome serrulata	Common Name Alfalfa Gilia, scarlet	🔹 Early	Mid.	Late	0.1.1								
Ipomopsis aggregate					Origin	Character	Height (in)	Seedling Vigor	Longevity	Precip. Range (in)	Fine	Med.	Coarse
Ipomopsis aggregate	Gilia, scarlet				Ι	Erect	24-36	Medium	Medium	12-65	х	х	
Clearne semulata			4		N	Erect	12-36	Low	Biennial	13-40		х	x
Cieome serruiaia	Beeflower, Rocky Mountain				N	Erect	12-72	MedRapid	Annual	13-55		х	х
Balsamorhiza sagittata	Balsamroot, arrowleaf				N	Erect	12-24	V. Low	Long	14-18		х	х
Penstemon strictus	Penstemon, Rocky Mountain	*			N	Erect	12-36	V. Low	Medium	14-26	х	х	
Lomatium dissectum	Biscuitroot, fernleaf				N	Erect	6-24	Medium	Long	14-30		х	
Balsamorhiza macrophylla	Balsamroot, cutleaf				N	Erect	12-24	V. Low	Long	14-40	х	х	х
Echinacea purpurea*	Coneflower, purple				N	Erect	6-24	Medium	Medium	14-40	х	х	х
Onobrychis viciifolia*	Sainfoin				Ι	Erect	24-60	Low-Med.	Medium	14-45		х	х
Symphyotrichum ascendens	Aster, western				N	Erect	12-40	Low	Medium	14-60		х	х
Sanguisorba minor*	Burnet, small		4	4	Ι	Erect	12-30	Medium	Medium	15-25	х	х	
Geranium viscosissimum	Geranium, sticky purple		6		N	Erect	24-36	Low	Short	16-20	х	х	
Machaeranthera tanacetifolia	Tansyaster, tansyleaf		•		N	Erect	24	Medium	Annual	16-24		х	
Heliomeris multiflora	Goldeneye, showy				N	Erect	8-39	Medium	Long	16-25		х	х
Asclepias speciosa	Milkweed, showy		6		N	Erect	36-48	Medium	Long	16-30		х	х
Gailardia aristata*	Blanketflower	<u>_</u>			N	Erect	12-18	Medium	Short	16-30		х	х
Ratibida columnifera*	Coneflower, prairie or Mex hat				N	Erect	12-18	Medium	Medium	16-40	х	х	х
Astragalus cicer	Milkvetch, cicer				I	Erect	12-36	Low	Long	16-60	х	х	
Solidago simplex/canadensis	Goldenrod				N	Erect	24-40	Medium	Long	16-60	х	х	x
Erigeron speciosus	Fleabane, aspen				N	Erect	24-36	**	**	18-25		х	x
Liatris punctata	Blazingstar, dotted		4		N	Erect	24-32	Low	Short	18-26	х	х	x
Phacelia sericea	Phacelia, silky				N	Erect	12-18	**	**	18-30			
Agastache urticifolia	Hyssop, nettleleaf giant		•		N	Erect	30-36	Low	Long	18-36	х	х	х
Penstemon rydbergii	Penstemon, Rydberg's				N	Erect	24-36	Low	Medium	20-30	х	х	

TABLE 2 (cont). FORB AND LEGUME CHARACTERISTICS LISTED BY PRECIPITATION REQUIREMENTS

	Bloom Time and Color												
Latin Name	Common Name	Early	Mid.	Late	Origin	Character	Height (in)	Seedling Vigor	Longevity	Precip. Range (in)	Fine	Med.	Coarse
Thermopsis montana	Goldenbanner				N	Erect	24-30	Medium	**	20-30		x	х
Symphyotrichum laeve	Aster, smooth blue	_			N	Erect	36-48	**	**	20-35		х	х
Aquilegia caerulea	Columbine, Colorado				N	Erect	12-24	Medium	Short	20-40		х	
Lotus corniculatus	Trefoil, birdfoot				I	Erect	18-36	Low	Long	20-45	х	х	х
Trifolium fragiferum	Clover, strawberry	4	-		I	Erect	6-14	Medium	Short	20-60		х	
Monarda fistulosa	Bee balm (wild bergamot)		-		N	Erect	36-48	Medium	Medium	20-60	х	х	
Thermopsis montana	Goldenbanner, mountain				N	Erect	24-30	Medium	**	24-30		х	х
Iris missouriensis	Blue-flag iris				N	Erect	24-35	High	Short	24-35	х	х	х
Trifolium repens	Clover, white				Ι	Prostrate	3-14	Medium	Short	24-70	х	х	
Trifolium hybridum	Clover, alsike				I	Erect	24-48	Medium	Short	25-60	х	х	
Asclepias tuberosa	Milkweed, butterfly				N	Erect	12-36	Low	Medium	28-45		х	х
Lobelia cardinalis	Cardinalflower			-	N	Erect	48-60	High	Medium	28-60		х	
Rudbeckia hirta*	Blackeyed Susan				N	Erect	9-12	Rapid	Short	28-65	х	х	

*Seed readily available and easily established ** Information not available

Latin NameSeeding basedPail blassReleases-recommended ar blassAutomic Name9470056470Releases-recommended ar blassNameAgostache palidiforaYarow, western0-181.000001.0comnonbestAgostache palidiforaHyssop, mountain giant0-181.000001.0comnonbestAgostache paricipitaDissop, neutilear giant0-181.000000.3comnonbestAngehis margerizatePearly verlasting, westo0-186.00000.3comnonpaireliby blast of the Yirginia lady (Umcesso verginicots)).Autieriza speciosaOlombic, Colorado0.18400.000.3comnonpaireliby blast of Moarch bla	TABLE 3. FORB A	ND LEGUME SEEDI	ING INFO	ORMATI	ON		
Achillea millefolium Varrow, western 0-1/8 4.400,000 0.5 Fagle, Yakima, Great Northern batterflies, some bees Agastache pallidifora Hyssop, montain ginth 0-1/8 1.500,000 1 common bees Agastache urticifolia Hyssop, montain ginth 0-1/8 1.400,000 1 common bees Anaphilis margariacea Pearly verlasting, western 0-1/8 8,200,000 0.3 common paral host plat of the Virginia IdV (Vanessa virginiensis). Antennario sp. forscal Pussytoes 0-1/8 400,000 3 common paral host plat of the Virginia IdV (Vanessa virginiensis). Astergiaic carrilea Columbins, Colorado 0-1/8 400,000 3 common humminghirds Astergiaic scier Milkweed, showy 1/8-1/2 72,000 15 common bees Astregulas cicer Milkweed, butterfly 1/8-1/2 130,000 8 Tatand, Marachi Winasch bees Balsamoria, sagitata Balsamoroi, curdar 0-1/4 55,000 18 common bees							
Agastache pallidifforaHyssop, mountain giant 0.18 $1.500,000$ 1 commonbeesAgastache urricijoliaHyssop, nettlekäť giant 0.18 $1.400,000$ 1 commonbeesAnaphilis margariaceaPearly everlasting, western 0.18 $8.200,000$ 0.3 commonpairel laby plant of the Virginia lady (Vanessa virginiensis), indicativeAutennaria sp. (rosca)Pussytocs 0.18 $600,000$ 3 commonpairel daly butterflyAutennaria sp. (rosca)Pussytocs 0.18 $400,000$ 3 commonhummingbirdsAster giancedesAster, grav $1/8.1/2$ $72,000$ 15 commonbutterflies; taval host of Monarch butterflyAster giancedesAster, grav $1/8.1/2$ $70,000$ 15 commonbees, butterfliesAster glaucedesAster, grav $1/8.1/2$ $130,000$ 8 $1.1utant', Monarch', Windsot'beesAster glaucedisAster, grav1/8.1/2130,00081.1utant', Monarch', Windsot'beesBakamerika hokeriBalsamrot, Hockr's0.1/455,00018commonbeesBakamerika hokeriBalsamrot, Hockr's0.1/455,00018commonbeesBakamerika hokeriBalsamrot, Hockr's0.1/455,00018commonbeesBakamerika hokeriBalsamrot, Hockr's0.1/455,00018commonbeesBakamerika hokeriBalsamrot, Hockr's0.1/4$	Latin Name	Common Name	depth	Seeds/lb	lb/ac	underlined	Pollinators
Agastache pallidifforaHyssop, mountain giant 0.18 $1.500,000$ 1 commonbeesAgastache urricijoliaHyssop, nettlekäť giant 0.18 $1.400,000$ 1 commonbeesAnaphilis margariaceaPearly everlasting, western 0.18 $8.200,000$ 0.3 commonpairel laby plant of the Virginia lady (Vanessa virginiensis), indicativeAutennaria sp. (rosca)Pussytocs 0.18 $600,000$ 3 commonpairel daly butterflyAutennaria sp. (rosca)Pussytocs 0.18 $400,000$ 3 commonhummingbirdsAster giancedesAster, grav $1/8.1/2$ $72,000$ 15 commonbutterflies; taval host of Monarch butterflyAster giancedesAster, grav $1/8.1/2$ $70,000$ 15 commonbees, butterfliesAster glaucedesAster, grav $1/8.1/2$ $130,000$ 8 $1.1utant', Monarch', Windsot'beesAster glaucedisAster, grav1/8.1/2130,00081.1utant', Monarch', Windsot'beesBakamerika hokeriBalsamrot, Hockr's0.1/455,00018commonbeesBakamerika hokeriBalsamrot, Hockr's0.1/455,00018commonbeesBakamerika hokeriBalsamrot, Hockr's0.1/455,00018commonbeesBakamerika hokeriBalsamrot, Hockr's0.1/455,00018commonbeesBakamerika hokeriBalsamrot, Hockr's0.1/4$	Achillea millefolium	Yarrow western	0-1/8	4 400 000	0.5	Eagle Yakima Great Northern	butterflies some bees
Agastache urticifoliaHyssop, nettleleaf giant $0-1/8$ $1,400,000$ 1commonbeesAnaphilis margaritaceaPearly everlasting, western $0-1/8$ $8,200,000$ 0.3 commonpaired lady butterflyAquilegia caeruleaColumbine, Colorado $0-1/8$ $6,600,000$ 3 commonpainted lady butterflyAquilegia caeruleaColumbine, Colorado $0-1/8$ $400,000$ 3 commonbutterflyAsclepias speciosaMilkweed, showy $18-1/2$ $72,000$ 15 commonbutterflyAstergias speciosaMilkweed, butterfly $18-1/2$ $70,000$ 15 commonbees, butterfliesAstergias tuberosaMilkweed, batterfly $18-1/2$ $70,000$ 15 commonbees, butterfliesAstergalus cicerMilkvetch, basalt $14-1/2$ $70,000$ 18 commonbeesAstragalus cicerMilkvetch, basalt $14-1/2$ $130,000$ 8 $\frac{1utana'}{10000}$ beesBalsamortika macrophyllaBalsamort, culeaf $0-1/4$ $55,000$ 18 commonbeesBalsamortika sagittataBalsamort, curvelaf $0-1/4$ $55,000$ 18 commonbeesCleane uterBeeflower, Rocky Mountain $0-1/8$ $350,000$ 3 commonbeesCleane uterBeeflower, Rocky Mountain $0-1/8$ $450,000$ 3 commonbeesCleane uterBeeflower, Necky Mountain $0-1/8$ $450,000$ 3 commonbees </td <td>, ,</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>,</td>	, ,						,
Anaphilis margaritaceaPearly everlasting, western0-1/88,200,0000.3commonIarval host plant of the Virginia lady (Vancesa virginiensis).Antennaria sp. (rosca)Pussytoes0-1/86,600,0000.3commonpainted lady butterflyAquilegia caeruleaColumbine, Colorado0-1/8400,0003commonhummingbirdsAsclepias speciosaMilkweed, showy1/8-1/272,00015commonhutterflyAsclepias tuberosaMilkweed, butterfly1/8-1/270,00015commonbutterfliesAstragalus cieerMilkweed, butterfly1/8-1/2170,0008'Lutana', Monarch', Windso'becsAstragalus cieerMilkwetch, cieer1/4-1/2130,0008'Lutana', Monarch', Windso'becsBalsamorhiz hookeriBalsamtot, Hooker's0-1/455,00018commonbecsBalsamorhiz anacrophyllaBalsamtot, evelow0-1/455,00018commonbecsBalsamorhiz anderophyllaBalsamtot, evelow0-1/455,00018commonbecsCastilleja spp.Paintbrush, IndianSeedlingsN/AN/AcommonbecsCleone tuberBeeflower, velow0-1/455,00013commonbecsCleane tuberBeeflower, velow0-1/4101,00011commonbecsCleane tuberBeeflower, velow0-1/4100,0003commonbecsCleane tuberBeeflower, velow0-	0 1 0	J 17 C	0 -1 0				
Antennaria sp. (rosea)Pussytes0-1/8\$,200,0000.3commonpainted lady butterflyAntennaria sp. (rosea)Columbins, Colorado0-1/8400,0003commonhummingbirdsAsclepias speciosaMilkweed, showy1/8-1/272,00015commonbutterflies; Iarval host of Monarch butterfly (Domars) plexippus)Asclepias tuberosaMilkweed, butterfly1/8-1/270,00015commonbutterfliesAster glaucodesAster, gray1/8-1/2100,0003commonbees, butterfliesAstragalus cierMilkvetch, cier1/4-1/2120,0009'NBR-1'beesBalsamorit, a hookeriBalsamroot, Hooker's0-1/455,00018commonbeesBalsamorit, a nacrophylaBalsamroot, Hooker's0-1/455,00018commonbeesBalsamorit, andoptaniBalsamroot, arrowleaf0-1/455,00018commonbeesBalsamorit, andoptaniBalsamroot, arrowleaf0-1/455,00018commonbeesCastiligi spp.Paintorush, IndianSeedingsN/AN/AcommonbeesCastiligi spp.Paintorush, IndianSeedingsN/AN/AcommonbeesCleome tartaBeeflower, yellow0-1/4101,00011commonbeesCrepis occidentalisHawksbeard, laperlip1/4-1/2800,0003commonbeesCrepis occidentalisHawksbeard, laperlip1/4-1/2	0						
Aquilegia carruleaColumbine, Colorado0-1/8400,0003commonhummingbirdsAsclepias speciosaMilkweed, showy1/8-1/272,00015commonbutterfles; larval host of Monarch butterfly (Danatas plecippos)Asclepias tuberosaMilkweed, butterfly1/8-1/270,00015commonbutterflesAster glaucodesAster, gray1/8-1/2800,0003commonbees, butterflesAstragalis cicerMilkvetch, cicer1/4-1/2130,0008"Lutana", Monarch, 'Windsor'beesBalsamorit, a hookeriBalsamoot, Hooker's0-1/455,00018commonbeesBalsamorit, a macrophyllBalsamoot, cutleaf0-1/455,00018commonbeesBalsamorit, a macrophyllBalsamoot, arowleaf0-1/455,00018commonbeesBalsamorit, a sequintaBalsamoot, arowleaf0-1/455,00018commonbeesCastilleja spp.Paintbrush, IndianSceedingsN/AN/AcommonbeesbeesCleame to a gravitaBeeflower, Yellow0-1/4101,00011commonbeesbeesCleame to a gravitaBeeflower, Rocky Mountain0-1/864,00017commonbeessequinterflesCleame to a gravitaBeeflower, Rocky Mountain0-1/864,00010commonbeessequinterflesCrepis oucidentalisHawksbeard, Iaperflower1/4-1/2105,00010common			0-1/8	8,200,000	0.3	Comment	
Asclepias speciosaMilkweed, showy1/8-1/272,00015commonbutterflies; larval host of Monarch butterfly (Danuas pleetpins)Asclepias tuberosaMilkweed, butterfly1/8-1/270,00015commonbutterflies;Aster glaucodesAster, gray1/8-1/21/0,0003commonbees, butterfliesAstragalis cicerMilkvetch, cicer1/4-1/2120,0009'NBR-1'beesBalsamorhiza hookeriBalsamoto, tutleaf0-1/455,00018commonbeesBalsamorhiza sagitataBalsamoto, tutleaf0-1/455,00018commonbeesBalsamoto, tutleaf0-1/455,00018commonbeesbeesChenecits douglastiDusymaiden, Douglas'0-1/455,00018commonbeesCleone lutaBeeflower, yellow0-1/455,00013commonbeesCleone serulataBeeflower, kocky Mountain0-1/864,00017commonbees, wasp, butterfliesCleone serulataBeeflower, vellow0-1/4100,00017commonbeesCrepis accuminataHawksbeard, tapertip1/4-1/2105,00013commonbeesDalea candidaPrairie clover, white1/4-1/2448,0002commonbeesErigeron specinsusFleabane, Engelmann's1/8-1/41,80,0001commonbeesErigeron specinsusFleabane, aspen1/8-1/41,80,0001common </td <td>Antennaria sp. (rosea)</td> <td>Pussytoes</td> <td>0-1/8</td> <td>6,600,000</td> <td>0.3</td> <td>common</td> <td>painted lady butterfly</td>	Antennaria sp. (rosea)	Pussytoes	0-1/8	6,600,000	0.3	common	painted lady butterfly
Asclepias tuberosaMilkweed, butterfly1/8-1/272,0001/8(Danuas plexippus)Asclepias tuberosaMilkweed, butterfly1/8-1/270,0001/8commonbutterfliesAster glaucodesAster, gray1/8-1/2800,0003commonbees, butterfliesAstragalus filpesMilkvetch, cicer1/4-1/2130,0008'Lutana', Monarch', 'Windsot'beesBalsamorit, abookeriBalsamroot, Hooker's0-1/455,0001/8commonbeesBalsamorit, anacrophylaBalsamroot, cutelaf0-1/455,0001/8commonbeesBalsamorit, as agittataBalsamroot, cutelaf0-1/455,0001/8commonbeesChanactis douglasiiDustymaidon, Douglas'0-1/8350,0003commonbeesCleene lutaBeeflower, yellow0-1/4101,00011commonbees, wasps, butterfliesCleene serrulataBeeflower, Rocky Mountain0-1/864,00017commonbeesCrepis occilentalisHawksbeard, lagerflower1/4-1/2148,0002commonbeesDalea candidaPrairie clover, white1/4-1/2148,0002commonbeesErigeron neglemannisFleabane, Fingelmann's1/8-1/4128,0009commonbeesErigeron speciosusFleabane, Engelmann's1/8-1/4180,0001commonbeesErigeron speciosusFleabane, Snagy1/8-1/41,800,0001 <t< td=""><td>Aquilegia caerulea</td><td>Columbine, Colorado</td><td>0-1/8</td><td>400,000</td><td>3</td><td>common</td><td>hummingbirds</td></t<>	Aquilegia caerulea	Columbine, Colorado	0-1/8	400,000	3	common	hummingbirds
Aster glaucodesAster, gray1/8-1/2800,0003commonbees, butterfliesAstragalus cicerMilkvetch, cicer1/4-1/2130,0008'Lutana', 'Monarch', 'Windsor'beesAstragalus filipesMilkvetch, basalt1/4-1/2120,0009'NBR-1'beesBalsamoriza hookeriBalsamoriaBalsamoria0-1/455,00018commonbeesBalsamoriza sagittataBalsamoto, cutleaf0-1/455,00018commonbeesBalsamoria sagittataBalsamoto, arowlaf0-1/455,00018commonbeesChennectis bagitsitiDustymaiden, Douglas'0-1/835,0003commonbeesCleome lateaBeeflower, yellow0-1/4101,00011commonbees, wasps, butterfliesCleome serralataBeeflower, Rocky Mountain0-1/864,00017commonbeesCrepis occidentalisHawksbeard, largeflower1/4-1/2105,0003commonbeesDalea candidaPrairie clover, white1/4-1/2448,0002commonbeesErigeron speciosusFleabane, fagelnann's1/8-1/4128,0009commonbeesErigeron speciosusFleabane, sagey1/8-1/4128,0001commonbeesErigeron speciosusFleabane, shagy1/8-1/41900,0001commonbeesErigeron speciosusFleabane, shagy1/8-1/41900,0001commonbees,	Asclepias speciosa	Milkweed, showy	1/8-1/2	72,000	15	common	(Danaus plexippus)
Astragalus cicerMilkvetch, cicer1/4.1/2130,0008'Lutana', 'Monarch', 'Windsor'beesAstragalus filipesMilkvetch, basalt1/4.1/2120,0009'NBR-1'beesBalsamorhiza hookeriBalsamroot, Hooker's0.1/455,00018commonbeesBalsamorhiza sagitataBalsamroot, arrowleaf0.1/455,00018commonbeesCastilleja spp.Paintbrush, IndianSeedlingsN/AN/Acommonbees, butterfliesCleone luteaBeeflower, yellow0.1/4101,00011commonbees, wasps, butterfliesCleone serulataBeeflower, Rocky Mountain0.1/864,00017commonbees, wasps, butterfliesCleone serulataBeeflower, Nocky Mountain0.1/864,00017commonbeesCrepis acuminataHawksbeard, tapertip1/4.1/2105,0003commonbeesDalac andidaPraitic clover, white1/4.1/2105,00010commonbeesDalac andidaPraitic clover, white1/4.1/2105,00010commonbeesErigeron engelmannitiFleabane, Shaggy1/8-1/4128,0002commonbeesErigeron speciosusFleabane, shaggy1/8-1/41,900,0001commonbeesErigeron speciosusFleabane, aspen1/8-1/41,900,0001commonbeesGailardia aristataBlankefflower1/4-1/2200,0005common <td>Asclepias tuberosa</td> <td>Milkweed, butterfly</td> <td>1/8-1/2</td> <td>70,000</td> <td>15</td> <td>common</td> <td>butterflies</td>	Asclepias tuberosa	Milkweed, butterfly	1/8-1/2	70,000	15	common	butterflies
Astragalus filipesMilkvetch, basalt1/4-1/2120,0009'NBR-1'beesBalsamorhiza hookeriBalsamroot, Hooker's0-1/455,00018commonbeesBalsamorhiza macrophyllaBalsamroot, cutleaf0-1/455,00018commonbeesBalsamorhiza sagitataBalsamroot, arrowleaf0-1/455,00018commonbeesCastilleja spp.Painbrush, IndianSeedlingsN/AN/Acommonbees, butterfliesCheenactis douglasiiDustymaiden, Douglas'0-1/8350,0003commonbeesCleone luteaBeeflower, Yelow0-1/4101,00011commonbees, wasps, butterfliesCleone serrulataBeeflower, Rocky Mountain0-1/864,00017commonbeesCrepis occidentalisHawksbeard, Iargeflower1/4-1/2105,00010commonbeesDalac candidaPrairie clover, white1/4-1/2448,0002commonbeesErigeron engelmannitFleabane, Engelmann's1/8-1/4128,0001commonbeesErigeron speciosusFleabane, sagay1/8-1/41,900,0002commonbeesGailardia aristataBlanketflower1/4-1/2200,0005commonbeesGailardia aristataBlanketflower1/4-1/246,00024'Timp'bees, butterfliesGeranium viscosissimumGeranium viscosissimumGeranium viscosissimumGeranium viscosissimum <td>Aster glaucodes</td> <td>Aster, gray</td> <td>1/8-1/2</td> <td>800,000</td> <td>3</td> <td>common</td> <td>bees, butterflies</td>	Aster glaucodes	Aster, gray	1/8-1/2	800,000	3	common	bees, butterflies
Balsamorhiza hookeriBalsamrot, Hooker's0-1/455,00018commonbeesBalsamorhiza macrophyllaBalsamrot, cutleaf0-1/455,00018commonbeesBalsamorhiza sagiitataBalsamrot, arrowleaf0-1/455,00018commonbeesCastilleja spp.Paintbrush, IndianSeedlingsN/AN/AcommonbeesCleaneati souglasiiDusglas'0-1/8350,0003commonbeesCleaneati souglasiiDusglas'0-1/864,00017commonbees, wasps, butterfliesCleaneati souglasiiBeeflower, yellow0-1/4101,00011commonbees, wasps, butterfliesCleane is conditiaBeeflower, Rocky Mountain0-1/864,00017commonbeesCrepis acuminataHawksbeard, largeflower1/4-1/2800,0003commonbeesDalea candidaPrairie clover, white1/4-1/2105,00010commonbeesErigeron engelmanniiFleabane, Engelmann's1/8-1/4128,0009commonbeesErigeron speciosusFleabane, shagy1/8-1/41,900,0001commonbeesGailardia aristataBlaketflower1/4-1/225,00020commonbeesGailardia aristataBlaketflower1/8-1/41,900,0001commonbeesFrigeron speciosusFleabane, aspen1/8-1/41,900,0001commonbeesGailardia ar	Astragalus cicer	Milkvetch, cicer	1/4-1/2	130,000	8	'Lutana', 'Monarch', 'Windsor'	bees
Balsamorhiza macrophyllaBalsamrot, cutleaf0-1/455,00018commonbeesBalsamorhiza sagittataBalsamrot, arrowleaf0-1/455,00018commonbees, butterfliesCastilleja spp.Paintbrush, IndianSeedlingsN/AN/AcommonbeesChenactis donglasiiDustymaiden, Douglas'0-1/8350,0003commonbeesCleome luteaBeeflower, Rocky Mountain0-1/864,00011commonbees, wasps, butterfliesCleome serrulataBeeflower, Rocky Mountain0-1/864,00017commonbeesCrepis accidentalisHawksbeard, largeflower1/4-1/2105,0003commonbeesDalea candidaPrairie clover, white1/4-1/2105,00010commonbeesEchinacea purpureaConeflower, purple1/8-1/4128,0009commonbeesErigeron ngelmanniiFleabane, shaggy1/8-1/41,800,0001commonbeesErigeron speciosusFleabane, shaggy1/8-1/41,800,0001commonbeesGailardia aristataBlanketflower1/4-1/2200,0005commonbeesGeranium viscosissimumGeranium, sticky purple1/4-1/255,00020commonbees, butterfliesHelianthella unifforaSunflower, oneflower1/8-1/41/00024commonbees, suntsHelianthella unifforaSunflower, oneflower1/8-1/441,00024	Astragalus filipes	Milkvetch, basalt	1/4-1/2	120,000	9	<u>'NBR-1'</u>	bees
Balsamorhira sagitatiBalsamroot, arrowleaf0-1/455,00018commonbees, butterfliesCastilleja spp.Paintbrush, IndianSeedlingsN/AN/AN/Acommonhummingbirds, butterfliesChaenactis douglasiiDustymaiden, Douglas'0-1/8350,0003commonbeesCleone lateaBeeflower, Rocky Mountain0-1/4101,00011commonbees, wasps, butterfliesCleone serrulataBeeflower, Rocky Mountain0-1/864,00017commonbeesCrepis accidentalisHawksbeard, tapertip1/4-1/2800,0003commonbeesDalea candidaPrairie clover, white1/4-1/2448,0002commonbeesEchinacea purpureaConeflower, purple1/8-1/4128,0009commonbeesErigeron ngelmanniFleabane, shaggy1/8-1/41,900,0001commonbeesErigeron speciosusFleabane, aspen1/8-1/41,900,0001commonbeesGailardia aristataBlanketflower1/4-1/246,00024'Timp'bees, butterfliesGeranium viscosissimumGeranium, sticky purple1/4-1/246,00024'Timp'bees, butterfliesHelianthella unifloraSunflower, oneflower1/8-1/41,900,0002commonbeesBerlaneSunflower, oneflower1/8-1/41,900,0002commonbeesBerlaneSunflower, oneflower1/8-1/41,90	Balsamorhiza hookeri	Balsamroot, Hooker's	0-1/4	55,000	18	common	bees
Castilleja spp.Paintbrush, IndianSeedlingsN/AN/Acommonhummingbirds, butterfliesChaenactis douglasitDustymaiden, Douglas'0-1/8350,0003commonbeesCleome luteaBeeflower, yellow0-1/4101,00011commonbees, wasps, butterfliesCleome serrulataBeeflower, Rocky Mountain0-1/864,00017commonbees, wasps, butterfliesCrepis acuminataHawksbeard, tapertip1/4-1/2800,0003commonbeesCrepis occidentalisHawksbeard, largeflower1/4-1/2105,00010commonbeesDalea candidaPrairie clover, white1/4-1/2448,0002commonbutterflies, beesEchinacea purpureaConeflower, purple1/8-1/4128,0009commonbeesErigeron engelmanniiFleabane, Engelmann's1/8-1/41,900,0001commonbeesErigeron speciosusFleabane, aspen1/4-1/2200,0005commonbeesGailardia aristataBlanketflower1/4-1/255,00020commonbees, butterfliesHedisarthella unifforaSunflower, oneflower1/4-1/245,00024commonbees, antsHelianthus annuusSunflower, oneflower1/4-1/245,00024commonbees, antsHelianthus petiolarisSunflower, oneflower1/4-1/245,00024commonbees, antsHelianthella unifforaSunflower, oneflower </td <td>Balsamorhiza macrophylla</td> <td>Balsamroot, cutleaf</td> <td>0-1/4</td> <td>55,000</td> <td>18</td> <td>common</td> <td>bees</td>	Balsamorhiza macrophylla	Balsamroot, cutleaf	0-1/4	55,000	18	common	bees
Chaenaciis douglasiiDustymaiden, Douglas'0-1/8350,0003commonbeesCleome luteaBeeflower, yellow0-1/4101,00011commonbees, wasps, butterfliesCleome serrulataBeeflower, Rocky Mountain0-1/864,00017commonbees, wasps, butterfliesCrepis acuminataHawksbeard, tapertip1/4-1/2800,0003commonbeesCrepis occidentalisHawksbeard, largeflower1/4-1/2105,00010commonbeesDalea candidaPrairie clover, white1/4-1/2105,0002commonbutterflies, beesEchinacea purpureaConeflower, purple1/8-1/4128,0002commonbeesErigeron engelmanniiFleabane, Engelmann's1/8-1/41,800,0001commonbeesErigeron speciosusFleabane, aspen1/8-1/41,900,0002commonbeesGailardia aristataBlanketflower1/4-1/2200,0005commonbeesGeranium viscosissimumGeranium, sticky purple1/4-1/255,00020commonbees, butterfliesHelianthella unifforaSunflower, oneflower1/8-1/41,00026commonbees, antsHelianthella unifforaSunflower, oneflower1/8-1/41,00026commonbees, antsHelianthella unifforaSunflower, annual1/4-1/245,00024'Timp'bees, antsHelianthella unifforaSunflower, prairie1/8-	Balsamorhiza sagittata	Balsamroot, arrowleaf	0-1/4	55,000	18	common	bees, butterflies
Cleome luteaBeeflower, yellow0-1/4101,00011commonbees, wasps, butterfliesCleome serrulataBeeflower, Rocky Mountain0-1/864,00017commonbees, wasps, butterfliesCrepis acuminataHawksbeard, tapertip1/4-1/2800,0003commonbeesCrepis occidentalisHawksbeard, largeflower1/4-1/2105,00010commonbeesDalea candidaPrairie clover, white1/4-1/2448,0002commonbeesEchinacea purpureaConeflower, purple1/8-1/4128,0009commonbeesErigeron engelmanniiFleabane, Engelmann's1/8-1/41,28,0001commonbeesErigeron speciosusFleabane, aspen1/8-1/41,900,0001commonbeesGailardia aristataBlanketflower1/4-1/2200,0005commonbees, butterfliesGeranium viscosisimumGeranium, sticky purple1/8-1/41,900,0002commonbees, butterfliesHelianthella unifforaSunflower, oneflower1/8-1/41,900,0001commonbees, butterfliesHelianthus annuusSunflower, oneflower1/8-1/41,00024commonbees, antsHelianthus petiolarisSunflower, oneflower1/8-1/41,00026commonbees, antsHelianthus petiolarisSunflower, oneflower1/8-1/440,00024commonbees, antsHelianthus petiolarisSunflower, prai	Castilleja spp.	Paintbrush, Indian	Seedlings	N/A	N/A	common	hummingbirds, butterflies
Cleome serrulataBeeflower, Rocky Mountain0-1/864,00017commonbees, wasps, butterfliesCrepis acuminataHawksbeard, tapertip1/4-1/2800,0003commonbeesCrepis occidentalisHawksbeard, largeflower1/4-1/2105,00010commonbeesDalea candidaPrairie clover, white1/4-1/2448,0002commonbeesEchinacea purpureaConeflower, purple1/8-1/4128,0009commonbeesErigeron engelmanniiFleabane, Engelmann's1/8-1/41,900,0002commonbeesErigeron speciosusFleabane, aspen1/8-1/41,900,0001commonbees, butterfliesGailardia aristataBlanketflower1/4-1/2200,0005commonbees, butterfliesHedyarum borealeSweetvetch1/4-1/225,00020commonbees, butterfliesHelianthus annuusSunflower, oneflower1/8-1/41,900,0002commonbees, butterfliesHelianthus annuusSunflower, oneflower1/8-1/41,900,0001commonbees, butterfliesHelianthus petiolarisSunflower, oneflower1/8-1/41,90020commonbees, butterfliesHelianthus petiolarisSunflower, oneflower1/8-1/41,90026commonbees, butterfliesHelianthus petiolarisSunflower, oneflower1/8-1/41,00026commonbees, antsHelianthus petiolarisSunf	Chaenactis douglasii	Dustymaiden, Douglas'	0-1/8	350,000	3	common	bees
Crepis acuminataHawksbeard, tapertip1/4-1/2800,0003commonbeesCrepis occidentalisHawksbeard, largeflower1/4-1/2105,00010commonbeesDalea candidaPrairie clover, white1/4-1/2448,0002commonbeesEchinacea purpureaConeflower, purple1/8-1/4128,0009commonbeesErigeron engelmanniiFleabane, Engelmann's1/8-1/41,900,0002commonbeesErigeron speciosusFleabane, aspen1/8-1/41,800,0001commonbeesGailardia aristataBlanketflower1/4-1/2200,0005commonbeesGeranium viscosissimumGeranium, sticky purple1/4-1/255,00020commonbees, butterfliesHelianthella unifloraSunflower, oneflower1/8-1/441,00026commonbees, antsHelianthus annuusSunflower, prairie1/8-1/41200009commonbees, antsHelianthus petiolarisSunflower, prairie1/8-1/412000094commonbees, antsHelianthus petiolarisSunflower, prairie1/8-1/412000094commonbees, antsHelianthus petiolarisSunflower, prairie1/8-1/412000094commonbees, antsHelianthus petiolarisSunflower, prairie1/8-1/412000094commonbees, antsHelianthus petiolarisSunflower, prairie1/8-1/41200009	Cleome lutea	Beeflower, yellow	0-1/4	101,000	11	common	bees, wasps, butterflies
Crepis occidentalisHawksbeard, largeflower1/4-1/2105,00010commonbeesDalea candidaPrairie clover, white1/4-1/2448,0002commonbeesEchinacea purpureaConeflower, purple1/8-1/4128,0009commonbutterflies, beesErigeron engelmanniiFleabane, Engelmann's1/8-1/4128,0002commonbeesErigeron punilusFleabane, shaggy1/8-1/41,800,0001commonbeesErigeron speciosusFleabane, aspen1/8-1/41,900,0001commonbeesGailardia aristataBlanketflower1/4-1/2200,0005commonbees, butterfliesHedysarum borealeSweetvetch1/4-1/246,00024'Timp'bees, antsHelianthella unifloraSunflower, oneflower1/8-1/441,00026commonbees, antsHelianthus petiolarisSunflower, prairie1/8-1/41200009commonbees, antsHelianthus petiolarisSunflower, oneflower1/8-1/41200009commonbees, antsHelianthus petiolarisSunflower, prairie1/8-1/41200009commonbeesHelianthus petiolarisSunflower, oneflower1/8-1/41200009commonbeesHelianthus petiolarisSunflower, prairie1/8-1/41200009commonbeesHelianthus petiolarisSunflower, prairie1/8-1/41200009common </td <td>Cleome serrulata</td> <td>Beeflower, Rocky Mountain</td> <td>0-1/8</td> <td>64,000</td> <td>17</td> <td>common</td> <td>bees, wasps, butterflies</td>	Cleome serrulata	Beeflower, Rocky Mountain	0-1/8	64,000	17	common	bees, wasps, butterflies
Dalea candidaPrairie clover, white1/4-1/2448,0002commonbeesEchinacea purpureaConeflower, purple1/8-1/4128,0009commonbutterflies, beesErigeron engelmanniiFleabane, Engelmann's1/8-1/41,000,0002commonbeesErigeron pumilusFleabane, shaggy1/8-1/41,800,0001commonbeesErigeron speciosusFleabane, aspen1/8-1/41,900,0001commonbeesGailardia aristataBlanketflower1/4-1/2200,0005commonbeesGeranium viscosissimumGeranium, sticky purple1/4-1/255,00020commonbees, butterfliesHedysarum borealeSweetvetch1/4-1/246,00024'Timp'bees, antsHelianthella unifloraSunflower, oneflower1/8-1/41200009commonbeesHelianthus annuusSunflower, prairie1/4-1/245,00024commonbeesHelianthus petiolarisSunflower, paririe1/4-1/245,00024commonbees, antsHelianthus petiolarisSunflower, prairie1/4-1/245,00094commonbeesHelianthus petiolarisSunflower, prairie1/4-1/245,00024commonbeesHelianthus petiolarisSunflower, prairie1/4-1/21/200094commonbeesHelianthus petiolarisSunflower, prairie1/4-1/21/200094commonbees	Crepis acuminata	Hawksbeard, tapertip	1/4-1/2	800,000	3	common	bees
Echinacea purpureaConeflower, purple1/8-1/4128,0009commonbutterflies, beesErigeron engelmanniiFleabane, Engelmann's1/8-1/41,000,0002commonbeesErigeron pumilusFleabane, shaggy1/8-1/41,800,0001commonbeesErigeron speciosusFleabane, aspen1/8-1/41,900,0001commonbeesGailardia aristataBlanketflower1/4-1/2200,0005commonbeesGeranium viscosissimumGeranium, sticky purple1/4-1/255,00020commonbees, butterfliesHelianthella unifloraSunflower, oneflower1/8-1/441,00026commonbees, antsHelianthus annuusSunflower, annual1/4-1/245,00024commonbeesHelianthus petiolarisSunflower, prairie1/8-1/41200009commonbeesHelianthus petiolarisSunflower, prairie1/8-1/245,00024commonbeesHelianthella unifloraSunflower, annual1/4-1/245,00024commonbees, antsHelianthus annuusSunflower, annual1/4-1/245,00024commonbeesHelianthus petiolarisSunflower, prairie1/8-1/41200009commonbeesHelianthus petiolarisSunflower, prairie1/8-1/41200009commonbeesHelianthus petiolarisSunflower, showy1/4-1/21,000,0002common	Crepis occidentalis	Hawksbeard, largeflower	1/4-1/2	105,000	10	common	bees
Erigeron engelmanniiFleabane, Engelmann's1/8-1/41,000,0002commonbeesErigeron pumilusFleabane, shaggy1/8-1/41,800,0001commonbeesErigeron speciosusFleabane, aspen1/8-1/41,900,0001commonbeesGailardia aristataBlanketflower1/4-1/2200,0005commonbeesGeranium viscosissimumGeranium, sticky purple1/4-1/255,00020commonbees, butterfliesHelianthella unifloraSunflower, oneflower1/8-1/441,00026commonbees, antsHelianthus annuusSunflower, annual1/4-1/245,00024commonbees, antsHelianthus petiolarisSunflower, prairie1/8-1/41200009commonbeesHelianthus petiolarisGoldeneye, showy1/4-1/21,000,00024commonbeesHelianthus petiolarisSunflower, prairie1/8-1/41200009commonbeesHelianthus petiolarisSunflower, prairie1/8-1/41200009commonbeesHelianthus petiolarisSunflower, prairie1/8-1/41200009commonbeesHelianthus petiolarisSunflower, prairie1/8-1/41200009commonbeesHelianthus petiolarisSunflower, prairie1/8-1/41200009commonbeesHelianthus petiolarisSunflower, showy1/4-1/21,000,0002commonbe	Dalea candida	Prairie clover, white	1/4-1/2	448,000	2	common	bees
Erigeron pumilusFleabane, shaggy1/8-1/41,800,0001commonbeesErigeron speciosusFleabane, aspen1/8-1/41,900,0001commonbees, butterfliesGailardia aristataBlanketflower1/4-1/2200,0005commonbeesGeranium viscosissimumGeranium, sticky purple1/4-1/255,00020commonbees, butterfliesHedysarun borealeSweetvetch1/4-1/246,00024'Timp'bees, butterfliesHelianthella unifloraSunflower, oneflower1/8-1/441,00026commonbees, antsHelianthus annuusSunflower, prairie1/8-1/41200009commonbeesHelianthus petiolarisSunflower, prairie1/8-1/41200009commonbeesHeliomeris multifloraGoldeneye, showy1/4-1/21,000,0002commonbees	Echinacea purpurea	Coneflower, purple	1/8-1/4	128,000	9	common	butterflies, bees
Erigeron speciosusFleabane, aspen1/8-1/41,900,0001commonbees, butterfliesGailardia aristataBlanketflower1/4-1/2200,0005commonbeesGeranium viscosissimumGeranium, sticky purple1/4-1/255,00020commonbees, butterfliesHedysarum borealeSweetvetch1/4-1/246,00024'Timp'bees, butterfliesHelianthella unifloraSunflower, oneflower1/8-1/441,00026commonbees, antsHelianthus annuusSunflower, annual1/4-1/245,00024commonbees, antsHelianthus petiolarisSunflower, prairie1/8-1/41200009commonbeesHeliomeris multifloraGoldeneye, showy1/4-1/21,000,0002commonbees	Erigeron engelmannii	Fleabane, Engelmann's	1/8-1/4	1,000,000	2	common	bees
Gailardia aristataBlanketflower1/4-1/2200,0005commonbeesGeranium viscosissimumGeranium, sticky purple1/4-1/255,00020commonbees, butterfliesHedysarum borealeSweetvetch1/4-1/246,00024'Timp'bees, butterfliesHelianthella unifloraSunflower, oneflower1/8-1/441,00026commonbees, antsHelianthus annuusSunflower, prairie1/4-1/245,00024commonbees, antsHelianthus petiolarisSunflower, prairie1/8-1/41200009commonbeesHeliomeris multifloraGoldeneye, showy1/4-1/21,000,0002commonbees	Erigeron pumilus	Fleabane, shaggy	1/8-1/4	1,800,000	1	common	bees
Geranium viscosissimumGeranium, sticky purple1/4-1/255,00020commonbees, butterfliesHedysarum borealeSweetvetch1/4-1/246,00024'Timp'bees, butterfliesHelianthella unifloraSunflower, oneflower1/8-1/441,00026commonbees, antsHelianthus annuusSunflower, prairie1/4-1/245,00024commonbees, antsHelianthus petiolarisSunflower, prairie1/8-1/41200009commonbeesHeliomeris multifloraGoldeneye, showy1/4-1/21,000,0002commonbees	Erigeron speciosus	Fleabane, aspen	1/8-1/4	1,900,000	1	common	bees, butterflies
Hedysarum borealeSweetvetch1/4-1/246,00024'Timp'bees, butterfliesHelianthella unifloraSunflower, oneflower1/8-1/441,00026commonbees, antsHelianthus annuusSunflower, annual1/4-1/245,00024commonbees, antsHelianthus petiolarisSunflower, prairie1/8-1/41200009commonbeesHeliomeris multifloraGoldeneye, showy1/4-1/21,000,0002commonbees	Gailardia aristata	Blanketflower	1/4-1/2	200,000	5	common	bees
Helianthella unifloraSunflower, oneflower1/8-1/441,00026commonbees, antsHelianthus annuusSunflower, annual1/4-1/245,00024commonbees, antsHelianthus petiolarisSunflower, prairie1/8-1/41200009commonbeesHelianthus petiolarisGoldeneye, showy1/4-1/21,000,0002commonbees	Geranium viscosissimum	Geranium, sticky purple	1/4-1/2	55,000	20	common	bees, butterflies
Helianthus annuusSunflower, annual1/4-1/245,00024commonbees, antsHelianthus petiolarisSunflower, prairie1/8-1/41200009commonbeesHeliomeris multifloraGoldeneye, showy1/4-1/21,000,0002commonbees	Hedysarum boreale	Sweetvetch	1/4-1/2	46,000	24	' <u>Timp'</u>	bees, butterflies
Helianthus petiolarisSunflower, prairie1/8-1/41200009commonbeesHeliomeris multifloraGoldeneye, showy1/4-1/21,000,0002commonbees	Helianthella uniflora	Sunflower, oneflower	1/8-1/4	41,000	26	common	bees, ants
Heliomeris multiflora Goldeneye, showy 1/4-1/2 1,000,000 2 common bees	Helianthus annuus	Sunflower, annual	1/4-1/2	45,000	24	common	bees, ants
	Helianthus petiolaris	Sunflower, prairie	1/8-1/4	120000	9	common	bees
Heterotheca villosa Goldenaster, hairy false 1/8-1/4 726,000 3 common bees	Heliomeris multiflora	Goldeneye, showy	1/4-1/2	1,000,000	2	common	bees
	Heterotheca villosa	Goldenaster, hairy false	1/8-1/4	726,000	3	common	bees

TABLE 3 (cont). FO	TABLE 3 (cont). FORB AND LEGUME SEEDING INFORMATION											
		Seeding		Drill	Releases-recommended are							
Latin Name	Common Name	depth	Seeds/lb	lb/ac	underlined	Pollinators						
Ipomopsis aggregata	Gilia, scarlet	0-1/8	360,000	3	common	hummingbirds, moths						
Iris missouriensis	Iris, blue-flag	1/4-1/2	20,000	54	common	bees, bumblebees, butterflies						
Lathyrus pauciflorus	Pea, fewflower	1/8-1/2	12,500	87	common	bees, butterfly larval host						
Liatris punctata	Blazingstar, dotted	1/8-1/4	139,000	8	common	bees, butterflies						
Linum lewisii	Flax, Lewis	0-1/8	260,000	4	Maple Grove	bees						
Linum perenne	Flax, blue	0-1/8	278,000	4	<u>'Appar'</u>	bees						
Lobelia cardinalis	Cardinalflower	0-1/8	11,000,000	0.2	common	hummingbirds						
Lomatium dissectum	Biscuitroot, fernleaf	1/8-1/2	45,000	24	common	bees						
Lomatium macrocarpum	Biscuitroot, bigseed	1/8-1/2	100,000	11	common	bees						
Lomatium triternatum	Biscuitroot, nineleaf	1/8-1/2	45,000	24	common	bees						
Lotus corniculatus	Trefoil, birdfoot	1/8-1/4	370,000	3	'Norcen', <u>'Empire', 'Leo',</u> 'Maitland'	bees						
Lupinus argenteus	Lupine, silver	1/4-1/2	15,500	70	common	bees, bumblebees						
Machaeranthera canescens	Tansyaster, hoary	0-1/8	1,300,000	2	common	bees, butterflies						
Machaeranthera tanacetifolia	Tansyaster, tansyleaf	0-1/8	400,000	3	common	bees, butterflies						
Medicago sativa	Alfalfa	1/8-1/2	200,000	5	multiple, Trevois, Rambler, Spreador, Ladak	bees						
Medicago sativa falcata	Alfalfa, yellow blossom	1/8-1/2	211,000	5	<u>'Don', Yellowhead, SD201</u>	bees						
Melilotus alba	Sweetclover, white	1/8-1/2	260,000	4	recommend 1 lb/ac standard in mixture	bees						
Melilotus officinalis	Sweetclover, yellow	1/8-1/2	260,000	4	multiple	bees						
Monarda fistulosa	Bee balm (wild bergamot)	0-1/8	1,300,000	2	common	bees, bumblebees						
Onobrychis viciifolia	Sainfoin	1/4-3/4	32,400	34	<u>'Delaney', Shoshone</u> , 'Eski', 'Melrose', 'Remont'	bees						
Penstemon acuminatus	Penstemon, sharpleaf	0-1/8	400,000	3	common	bees						
Penstemon angustifolius	Penstemon, broadleaf	0-1/8	313,000	3	common	bees, hummingbirds						
Penstemon eatonii	Penstemon, firecracker	0-1/8	315,000	3	<u>Richfield</u>	bees, wasps, hummingbirds						
Penstemon humilis	Penstemon, low	0-1/8	952,000	2	common	bees						
Penstemon linarioides	Penstemon, toadflax	0-1/8	1,000,000	2	common	bees						
Penstemon pachyphyllus	Penstemon, thickleaf	0-1/8	817,000	3	common	bees						
Penstemon palmeri	Penstemon, Palmer's	0-1/8	294,000	4	' <u>Cedar'</u>	large bees						
Penstemon rydbergii	Penstemon, Rydberg's	0-1/8	132,000	8	common	small bees						
Penstemon speciosus	Penstemon, royal	0-1/8	400,000	3	common	bees, moths						
Penstemon spectabilis	Penstemon, showy	0-1/8	750,000	3	common	bees, wasps, hummingbirds						
Penstemon strictus	Penstemon, Rocky Mountain	0-1/8	286,000	4	<u>'Bandera'</u>	bees						

TABLE 3 (cont). FO	TABLE 3 (cont). FORB AND LEGUME SEEDING INFORMATION												
Latin Name	Common Name	Seeding depth	Seeds/lb	Drill lb/ac	Releases-recommended are underlined	Pollinators							
Phacelia hastata	Phacelia, silverleaf	1/8-1/4	450,000	2	common	bees							
Phacelia sericea	Phacelia, silky	0-1/8	450,000	2	common	bees							
Potentilla arguta	Cinquefoil, tall	0-1/8	4,400,000	0.5	common	bees							
Ratibida columnifera	Coneflower, prairie or Mex hat	1/4-1/2	740,000	3	common	bees							
Rudbeckia hirta	Blackeyed Susan	1/8-1/4	1,600,000	1	common	bees, butterflies							
Sanguisorba minor	Burnet, small	1/4-1/2	42,000	26	<u>'Delar'</u>	bees							
Solidago simplex/canadensis	Goldenrod	1/8-1/4	2,000,000	1	common	bees, beetles							
Sphaeralcea coccinea	Globemallow, scarlet	1/4-1/2	500,000	2	common	bees							
Sphaeralcea grossulariifolia	Globemallow, gooseberryleaf	1/4-1/2	500,000	2	common	bees							
Sphaeralcea parvifolia	Small flower globemallow	1/4-1/2	500,000	2	common	bees							
Symphyotrichum ascendens	Aster, western	0-1/4	2,000,000	1	common	bees							
Symphyotrichum laeve	Aster, smooth blue	0-1/8	1,000,000	2	common	bees, butterflies							
Thermopsis montana	Goldenbanner	1/4-1/2	30,600	36	common	bees, bumblebees							
Trifolium fragiferum	Clover, strawberry	1/8-1/4	300,000	4	common	bees							
Trifolium hybridum	Clover, alsike	1/8-1/4	680,000	3	common	bees							
Trifolium repens	Clover, white	1/8-1/4	800,000	4	common	bees							
Vicia americana	Vetch, American	1.0-2.0	33,000	33	common	bees							
Wyethia amplexicaulis	Mule's ears	0-1/8	28,000	39	common	bees, bumblebees, butterflies							

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TABLE 4. GRAS	SES LISTED BY F	PRECIE	PITATION R	EQUIRE	MENI	ГS				
								Soils		
									e	
					drill	Precip.	Fine	Med	Coarse	
Latin Name	Common Name	Origin	Seeding Depth	Seeds/lb	lb/ac	Range (in)	Εï	Σ	Ŭ	Pollinator benefit
Achnatherum	Ricegrass, Indian									Nesting habitat
hymenoides		N	1/2-3.0	162,000	8	6-14		Х	Х	-
Aristida purpurea	Three-awn, purple	N	1/2-1.0	250,000	4	6-14		Х	х	Nesting habitat
Achnatherum	Needlegrass, Letterman	Ν	1/4-1/2	150,000	6	6-18				Nesting habitat
lettermanii Pleuraphis jamesii	Galletta, James'	N		,	6			х	х	Nacting habitat
Sporobolus cryptandrus	Dropseed, sand		1/4-1/2	270,000	4	6-18	Х	Х	Х	Nesting habitat
Hesperostipa comata	Needle and Thread	N	0-1/4	5,300,000	1	7-12			х	U U
		N	1/2-3/4	115,000	6	7-16	Х	Х		Nesting habitat
Poa secunda	Bluegrass, Sandberg	N	0-1/4	1,000,000	2	8-12	Х	Х	Х	Nesting habitat
Elymus wawawaiensis	Wheatgrass, Snake River	N	1/4-1/2	139000	8	8-13		Х	Х	Nesting habitat
Elymus elymoides	Squirreltail, bottlebrush	N	1/4-1/2	220,000	6	8-15		х	х	Nesting habitat
Elymus lanceolatus	Wheatgrass, streambank	Ν	1/4-1/2	135,000	0	8-16				Nesting habitat
Leymus cinereus	and thickspike Wildrye, basin			,	8		Х	Х		Nesting habitat
Poa ampla	Bluegrass, big	N	1/4-3/4	130,000	8	8-18		х	х	
•	Wheatgrass, slender	N	0-1/4	925,000	2	9-18	Х	Х		Nesting habitat
Elymus trachycaulus	Saccaton, alakali	N	1/2-3/4	135,000	8	10-18	х	Х		Nesting habitat
Sporobolus airoides	,	N	0-1/4	1,700,000	1	10-18	Х	Х	Х	Nesting habitat
Pseudoroegneria spicata	Wheatgrass, bluebunch	N	1/4-1/2	139,000	8	10-20	Х	Х		Nesting habitat
Carex geyeri	Sedge, elk	Ν	1/4-1/2	91,400	12	12-20				Documented larval host plant for <i>Oeneis</i> <i>jutta reducta</i> and <i>Oeneis chryxus</i>
Elymus multisetus	Squirreltail, big		1/4-1/2					Х	Х	Nesting habitat
Boutelou gracilis	Grama, blue	N		192,000	6	12-20	X	X		-
Pascopyrum smithii	Wheatgrass, western	N	1/4-1/2	711,000	3	12-22	Х	Х	Х	Nesting habitat
	• · ·	N	1/4-1/2	115,000	8	12-36	х	Х		Nesting habitat
Elymus canadensis	Wildrye, Canada	N	1/4-1/2	115,000	8	12-45	Х	Х	Х	Nesting habitat
Festuca idahoensis	Fescue, Idaho	N	1/4-1/2	450,000	4	14-20	х	Х		Nesting habitat
Koeleria macrantha	Junegrass, prairie	N	0-1/8	2,135,000	1	14-20		Х	Х	Nesting habitat
Nassella viridula	Needlegrass, green	N	1/4-1/2	180,000	6	14-24		х		Nesting habitat
Bromus marginatus	Brome, mountain	Ν	1/4-1/2	80,000	10	16-25	х	х	х	Nesting habitat
Elymus glaucus	Wildrye, blue	N	1/4-1/2	145,000	8	16-60	х	х		Nesting habitat

TABLE 5. TREES, SHRUBS AND HALF-SHRUBS LISTED BY PRECIPITATION REQUIREMENTS

INDLE J. INEL	Bloom time and												
			DIO	color							Soils		
Latin Name	Common Name	Origin	Early	Mid	Late	Seeding depth	Seeds/lb	Drill lb/ac	Precip range (in)	Fine	Med.	Coarse	Pollinators
						a		2.77.4					
Purshia glandulosa	Bitterbrush, desert	N				Seedlings	N/A	N/A	5-12		х	х	bees
Purshia mexicana	Cliffrose, Mexican	Ν				Seedlings	N/A	N/A	6-12			Х	bees
Artemisia nova	Sage, black	Ν				0-1/4	950,000	2	6-18	х	х	Х	habitat structure
Krascheninikovia lanata	Winterfat	Ν				0-1/8	123,000	2	7-12		х	Х	habitat structure
Chrysothamnus viscidiflorus	Rabbitbrush, yellow (green)	Ν				0-1/8 or Seedlings	782,000	0.25	7-15		х	х	butterflies
Ericameria nauseosa	Rabbitbrush, rubber	Ν				0-1/8 or Seedlings	693,000	0.25	7-16	х	х	Х	butterflies, small bees
Yucca spp.	Yucca (soapweed)	Ν	*			Seedlings	25,000	44	7-60		х	Х	moths
Poliomintha incana	Mint, frosted	Ν				Seedlings	N/A	N/A	8-12			х	bees
Artemisia tridentata ssp. wyomingensis	Sagebrush, Wyoming big	Ν				0-1/8	1,700,000	0.5	8-13	х	х	х	habitat structure
Atriplex canescens	Saltbush, fourwing	Ν				1/4-3/4	52,000	2	8-16		х	Х	habitat structure
Rhus trilobata	Sumac, skunkbush	Ν				Seedlings	N/A	N/A	8-18		х	х	bees
Fallugia paradoxa	Apache plume	Ν				Seedlings	N/A	N/A	8-20		х	х	bees and butterflies
Artemisia tridentata ssp. tridentata	Sagebrush, basin big	Ν				0-1/8	1,700,000	0.5	9-15		х	х	habitat structure
Forestiera neomexicana	Stretchberry	Ν				Seedlings	N/A	N/A	9-24	х	х	х	butterflies
Baccharis salicifolia	Mule-fat	Ν				Cuttings	N/A	N/A	10-15	х	х	х	butterflies
Purshia tridentata	Bitterbrush, antelope	Ν	<u></u>			Seedlings	N/A	N/A	10-15		х	х	bees, butterflies
<i>Opuntia</i> spp.	Cactus, prickly pear	N	.			0-1/8	145,000	8	10-20	х	х	х	bees, beetles
Holodiscus dumosus	Spiraea, rock	Ν				Seedlings	N/A	N/A	10-35		х	х	various insects
Artemisia frigida	Sage, fringed	Ν				0-1/8	4,500,000	0.5	10-40	х	х	х	habitat structure
Ribes aureum	Currant, golden	Ν				Seedlings	N/A	N/A	12-18		х		bees, bumblebees
Amelanchier utahensis	Serviceberry, Utah	N				Seedlings	N/A	N/A	12-20		х	x	Larval butterfly host plant of the weidemeyer's admiral (<i>Limenitis</i> <i>weidemeyer</i> i) and the lorquin's admiral (<i>L lorquini</i>).
Philadelphus microphyllus	Mockorange, littleleaf	Ν	٨			Seedlings	N/A	N/A	12-20			х	bees
Shepherdia argentea	Buffaloberry, silver	Ν				Seedlings	N/A	N/A	12-20		х		bees, butterflies

				m time color	and						Soils		
Latin Name	Common Name	Origin	Early	Mid	Late	Seeding depth	Seeds/lb	Drill lb/ac	Precip range (in)	Fine	Med.	Coarse	Pollinators
Eriogonum heracleoides	Buckwheat, parsnipflower	N				0-1/8	170,000	6 or plants	12-25		x	x	bees, butterflies
Eriogonum umbellatum	Buckwheat, sulphurflower	Ν				0-1/4	209,000	4 or plants	12-25		Х	Х	bees, butterflies
Rosa woodsii	Rose, Woods'	Ν		-		Seedlings	N/A	N/A	12-40		х	х	bees
Cornus sericea	Dogwood, redosier	Ν				Seedlings or cuttings	N/A	N/A	12-60		х	х	bees, butterflies
Ribes cereum	Currant, wax	N				Seedlings	N/A	N/A	13-35		х	х	bees
Arctostaphyllos patula	Manzanita, greenleaf	Ν	.			Seedlings	N/A	N/A	13-60		х	х	bees
Amelanchier alnifolia	Serviceberry	Ν				Seedlings	N/A	N/A	14-30		х		bees, butterflies
Lonicera involucrata	Honeysuckle, twinberry	Ν				Seedlings	N/A	N/A	14-32	х	Х		butterflies, bees, hummingbird
Symphoricarpos oreophilus	Snowberry	N				Seedlings	N/A	N/A	14-45	х	х		bees, butterflies, hummingbird
Chamaebatiaria millefolium	Fern bush, Desert sweet	Ν				0-1/8 or seedlings	144,000	8	15-60		Х	х	bees
Artemisia tridentata ssp. vaseyana	Sagebrush, mountain big	Ν				0-1/8	1,700,000	0.5	16-25		х	х	habitat structure
Ceanothus velutinus	Ceanothus, snowbrush	Ν				Seedlings	N/A	N/A	16-40		х	х	butterflies
Crataegus douglasii	Hawthorn, black	Ν				Seedlings	N/A	N/A	16-60	Х	х		moths, bees, butterflies
Prunus virginiana	Chokecherry	Ν				Seedlings	N/A	N/A	16-60		Х		bees, butterflies
Solidago spp.	Goldenrod	N				1/8-1/4 or seedlings	4,600,000	0.5	16-60	х	X	х	bees, wasps, beetles
Holodiscus discolor	Oceanspray	Ν				Seedlings	N/A	N/A	18-24	х	Х	х	various insects
Dasiphora fruticosa	Cinquefoil, shrubby	Ν				Seedlings	N/A	N/A	18-25		х		moths, bees, butterflies
Arctostaphylos uva-ursi	Kinnikinnick	Ν	*			Seedlings	N/A	N/A	18-45		х	х	butterflies, hummingbirds
Prunus americana	Plum, American	S				Seedlings	N/A	N/A	20-40		х	х	bees, butterflies
Salix spp.	Willow	Ν				Cuttings	N/A	N/A	20-60	х	х	х	bees, butterflies

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