

FORAGE SUITABILITY GROUP

Sandy Soils on Stream Terraces, Flood Plains or in Depressions

FSG No.: G154XB145FL

Major Land Resource Area (MLRA 154): South-Central Florida Ridge

Soil Series List

Due to the large list of map units in this group, please refer to Appendix 1.

Anclote	Myakka
Astor	Pickney
Basinger	Placid
Delray	Pomona
EauGallie	Pompano
Holopaw	Sellers
Malabar	Starke
Monteocha	Wabasso

Adapted Species List

The native forage species listed are considered adapted to grow on the soils in this group at their natural pH levels. All introduced grasses will need native pH raised to min. 5.5 (unless noted) for best production. Consult with state extension service for current cultivar or germplasm recommendations

(<http://agronomy.ifas.ufl.edu/foragesofflorida/>).

Perennial Species:

Grasses

Warm season (Introduced)

- Limpoglass (*Hemarthria altissima*)

Warm season (Native)

- Maidencane (*Panicum hemitomom*)
- Blue Maidencane (*Amphicarpum muhlenbergianum*)

Annual Species:

Grasses

Warm season

- Japanese Millet (*Echinochloa esculenta*)

Legumes

Warm season

- Aeschynomene (*Aeschynomene americana*)

Seasonal and Total Production Estimates

Unless previously drained, soils in this FSG have very few forage species adapted to their seasonal high water table (1 to 2 feet above the soil surface). If previously drained see forage list and discussion with FSG G154X141FL.

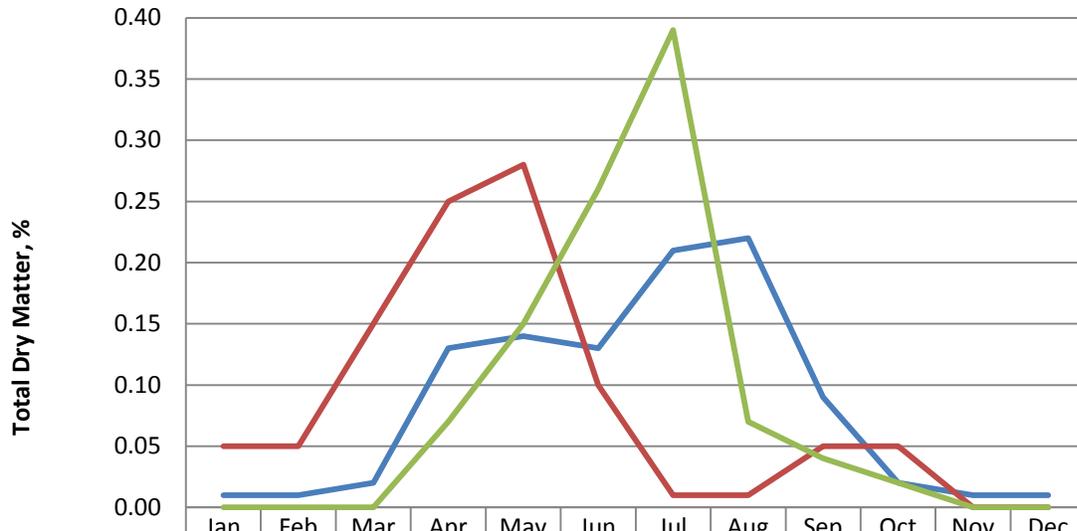
Expected Range in Dry Matter Production and Animal Unit Months (AUM) for Different Forages				
Forage	Range in Dry matter, lbs/acre		Range in AUM/acre†	
Limpoglass (≈ 400 lb N/acre) ^{3,5}	8,000	13,000	5.1	8.2
Maidencane ^{1#}	5,040	6,720	3.2	4.3
Blue Maidencane ^{1#}	2,100	2,520	1.3	1.6
Japanese Millet ²	4,000	6,000	2.5	3.8
Aeschynomene ⁴	2,000	3,000	1.3	1.9

†Animal Unit Month based on 50% grazing efficiency and 2.6% intake per day.

#Superscript numbers refer to references.

#Dry matter estimated based on the assumption air dried yield in reference had $\approx 16\%$ moisture.

Growth Curves and Dry Matter Distribution for FSG 145



	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
— Limpograss	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.13	0.14	0.13	0.21	0.22	0.09	0.02	0.01	0.01
— Maidencane	0.05	0.05	0.15	0.25	0.28	0.1	0.01	0.01	0.05	0.05	0	0
— Japanese Millet	0	0	0	0.07	0.15	0.26	0.39	0.07	0.04	0.02	0	0

Physiographic Features

Dominantly very deep, nearly level, poorly drained or very poorly drained soils formed in sandy marine deposits or alluvial deposits. These soils are on flood plains, stream terraces, or depressions of marine terraces. They have 40 inches to greater than 80 inches of fine sand or sand. Diagnostic subsurface horizons are either a spodic horizon within 30 inches, an argillic horizon below 40 inches or both. Some soils lack a diagnostic subsurface horizon. A few members have either a mollic or umbric horizon. The organic matter content of the surface layer is dominantly medium or high. Unless limed, the reaction in the surface layer ranges from extremely acid to slightly acid.

Climatic Features

Freeze-free period (>28° F 9 years in 10 at least): averages 316 d (range 278-365 d)

Length of growing season (>32° F 9 years in 10 at least): averages 285 d (range 243-365 d)

Annual minimum temperature (° F in month of January): average 50.2 (range 45.2-59.2)

USDA Plant Hardiness Zone:
 9a (20-25° F, Ocala)
 9b (25-30° F, Orlando)

Mean annual precipitation (inches): averages 51.09 (range 47.70-67.03)

Soil Properties

Percent Slope: 0 to 2 percent

Surface Texture: Fine sand, sand, loamy sand, loamy fine sand, and their mucky analogs

Sand Content of Surface Layer: 78 to 98 percent

Clay Content of Surface Layer: 0.4 to 10 percent

Organic Matter Content of Surface: 0.5 to 20 percent

Cation Exchange Capacity of Surface Layer (meq/100g): 1.8 to 12.4

Effective Cation Exchange Capacity of Surface Layer (meq/100g): 0.9 to 19.2

Bulk Density of Surface Layer (g/cc): 1.1 to 1.55

Saturated Hydraulic Conductivity of Surface Layer: Rapid or very rapid

Soil Reaction of Surface Layer: 3.5 to 6.5 (unless limed)

Available Water Capacity (0 to 30 inches): 1.0 to 5.4 inch per inch

Depth to Finer Textured Material: 40 to more than 80 inches

Depth to Bedrock: Dominantly more than 80 inches. A few members have bedrock at less than 40 inches.

Drainage Class (Agronomic): Poorly, very poorly

Depth to Seasonal High Water Table (during wet periods): 1 to 2 feet above the surface

Flooding: If flooded, frequent or occasional with brief to very long duration

Ponding: If ponded, long or very long duration

Note: Some members do not note flooding or depressional in map unit name, but are flooded or ponded.

Monthly precipitation (inches) and temperature (F):

	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Precip avg	2.70	2.59	3.37	2.39	3.90	7.26	6.98	7.14	6.75	3.50	2.66	2.24
Avg Min	50.2	51.4	55.7	59.6	65.5	70.8	72.3	72.7	71.6	63.9	58.9	53.0
Avg Temp	62.3	63.5	67.8	70.5	77.1	81.1	82.0	82.3	81.1	75.8	69.6	63.9
Avg Max	72.7	74.4	78.6	82.7	87.5	90.2	91.5	91.3	89.5	84.8	79.2	74.0

Climate Station Locations (averages from 1971 to 2000; see Appendix 2)

FSG Documentation

Inventory Data References:

1. ----- . 1987. Range management for important native grasses of Florida. Gainesville, FL, USA: US Department of Agriculture, Natural Resources Conservation Service. 168 p.
2. Barnhart, S. 2008. Forage and cover crop considerations for delayed planting and flooded sites. Ames, IA, USA: Iowa State University Extension. Available at: <http://www.extension.iastate.edu/CropNews/2008/0611SteveBarnhart.htm>. Accessed 18 December 2012.
3. Kalmbacher, R.S., P.H. Everett, F.G. Martin, K.H. Quesenberry, E.M. Hodges, O.C. Ruelke, and S.C. Schank. 1987. Yield and persistence of perennial grasses at Immokalee, Florida: 1981 to 1984. Gainesville, FL, USA: University of Florida, Institute of Food and Agricultural Sciences, Agriculture Experiment Station. Bull. 865. Available at: <http://ufdc.ufl.edu/UF00027614/00001?search=kalmbacher>. Accessed 17 December 2012.
4. Mislevy, P., R.S. Kalmbacher, and F.G. Martin. 1981. Cutting management of the tropical legume American jointvetch. Agronomy Journal 73:771-775 Available at: <https://www.agronomy.org/publications/aj/abstracts/73/5/AJ0730050771>. Accessed 17 December 2012.
5. Newman Y.C., A. Agyin-Birikorang, M.B. Adjei, J.M. Silveira, J.M.B. Vendramini, J.E. Rechcigl, and L.E. Soltenberger. 2009. Nitrogen fertilization effect on phosphorus remediation potential of three perennial warm-season forages. Agronomy Journal 101:1243-1248. Available at: <https://www.soils.org/publications/aj/pdfs/101/5/1243>. Accessed 19 December 2012..

State Correlation: (NA)

Forage Suitability Group Approval:



Greg Hendricks, State Resource Conservationist



Tom Weber, State Soil Scientist

Appendix 1: Map Unit List	
Anclote and Myakka soils (FL607)*	Malabar fine sand, frequently flooded
Anclote fine sand (FL053, FL607, FL101)	Monteocha fine sand, depressional
Anclote fine sand, depressional	Monteocha loamy sand (FL001)
Anclote mucky fine sand, depressional	Myakka and Sellers soils, ponded
Anclote sand, depressional	Pickney sand, frequently flooded
Astor sand (FL609)	Placid and Myakka sands, depressional
Basinger fine sand, depressional	Placid fine sand, depressional
Basinger mucky fine sand, depressional	Placid fine sand, frequently flooded
Bluff and Manatee soils, frequently flooded	Placid sand, depressional
Delray fine sand (FL053)	Pomona sand, depressional
Delray fine sand, depressional	Pompano fine sand, depressional
Delray mucky fine sand (FL101)	Sellers mucky loamy fine sand
EauGallie fine sand, depressional	Sellers sand (FL609)
Holopaw fine sand, depressional	Starke sand, frequently flooded
Holopaw sand (FL608)	Wabasso fine sand, depressional

***NOTE: Some members do not identify flooding or depressional in the map unit name but are subject to flooding or ponding. In these cases, please refer to the water features data on the Web Soil Survey or Soil Data Mart. Information in parenthesis refers to soil survey code where map unit occurs.**

Appendix 2: Climate Station Locations		
COOP ID (FL=08)	Location	County
945	Bradenton	Manatee
6414	Ocala	Marion
6628	Orlando Intl. Air.	Orange
7851	St. Leo	Pasco
7886	St. Petersburg	Pinellas
8824	Tarpon Springs	Pinellas
478	Bartow	Polk
4707	Lake Alfred Exp Stn	Polk
4797	Lakeland	Polk
5973	Mountain Lake	Polk
9707	Winter Haven	Polk
1978	Crescent City	Putnam
2915	Federal Point	Putnam
6753	Palatka	Putnam
7982	Sanford Orlando	Seminole
1163	Bushnell	Sumter
2229	Deland	Volusia