

**NATURAL RESOURCES CONSERVATION SERVICE
CONSERVATION PRACTICE STANDARD**

WELL DECOMMISSIONING

(NO.)

CODE 351

DEFINITION

The sealing and permanent closure of a water well no longer in use.

standards. Treatment of contamination source(s) is required before a well is decommissioned.

PURPOSES

The purposes of this conservation practice are to preserve the quality of the groundwater resources, protect the public health, avoid unsafe conditions and restore (to the extent practical) the hydrogeological conditions that existed before the well was drilled.

This practice serves to:

- Prevent entry of vermin, debris, or other foreign substances into the well or well bore hole;
- Eliminate the physical hazard of an open hole to people, animals, and farm machinery;
- Prevent entry of contaminated surface water into well and migration of contaminants into unsaturated (vadose) zone or saturated zone;
- Prevent the commingling of chemically or physically different ground waters between separate water bearing zones.

CONDITIONS WHERE PRACTICE APPLIES

This practice applies to any drilled, dug, driven, bored, or otherwise constructed vertical water well determined to have no further beneficial use.

This practice does not apply to wells that were used for waste disposal, or if evidence of contamination exists. This practice does not apply to wells that contain contaminant levels that exceed state or federal water quality

CRITERIA

General.

Laws and Regulations. All planned work shall comply with the Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) General Manual Title 450-GM, Part 405, Subpart A, and with Federal, State, and Local laws and regulations. The American Society for the Testing of Materials (ASTM) Standard Guide D5299 provides information on properties of common well sealing materials. Well Decommissioning shall comply with the requirements of *Chapter 3 of the "Water Well Rules, Regulations, and Standards, State of Louisiana", Department of Transportation and Development (DOTD), Water Resources Section*. All persons, firms or corporations engaged in the sealing and permanent closure of a water well, as a business, must be *licensed* by the State of Louisiana. An individual may plug a domestic water well on his own or leased property which was intended for use only in a single family house which is his permanent residence, or for use only for watering livestock on his farm. That individual shall comply with all rules, regulations and standards for plugging such well or holes, including the submission of plugging and abandonment forms required by this standard.

Policy. The Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) will assure itself that the completed water well decommissioning meets the minimum criteria called for by this standard. *A copy of the completed "Water Well Plugging and Abandonment Form"*

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(DOTD-GW-2) shall be obtained from the well owner and filed in his case file. The form data will be checked for conformity with this standard.

Data collection. All available data for the well shall be collected and reviewed from as-built construction and maintenance records; i.e., well log, the materials schedule, length, and diameter of casing, total well depth, type of liners and screens, and related information. *Driller's records, if available, shall be obtained from the well owner or from the files located at the Louisiana Department of Transportation and Development, Water Resources Section.* The existing conditions of the well shall be documented as shown in the "Plans and Specifications" section.

Well preparation. The well shall be cleared of all pumping equipment, valves, pipelines, casing liners, debris, and other foreign material.

Casing. The well casing should be removed if possible. Where the well casing cannot be removed, and an open annular space exists between the outside of the casing and the well bore, then the annular space must be sealed, using sealing materials described in this standard. Sealing materials can be directed into the annular space as grout. As an alternative the casing may be ripped or perforated to ensure that sealing materials completely fill the casing and any annular space. Also see "Surface Seal" part of this standard.

Disinfection. Before sealing, the well water shall be brought to a 100-ppm chlorine concentration or other solution specified by local or state requirements.

Sealing materials. All materials used for sealing any portion of the well shall have a hydraulic conductivity equivalent to or less than that of the lowest hydraulic conductivity of the geologic materials being sealed. Properties of sealing materials shall conform to characteristics listed in ASTM D5299, part 6.3 Plugging Materials.

Fill materials. When allowed by state regulations, fill materials, such as sand, pea gravel, sand-gravel mix, crushed stone, or agricultural lime can be used to plug the well

provided that zones of sealing materials (conforming to ASTM D5299, part 6.3) are placed no less than one foot thick each at intervals no greater than 10 feet within the column. Fill materials shall be clean and free of organic or other foreign matter. The gradation shall be such that bridging will not occur during placement.

Placement of materials. All materials shall be placed without bridging. For wells greater than 30 inches in diameter, backfill shall be placed in a manner that minimizes segregation and bulking in order to prevent surface subsidence.

Surface seal. The casing shall be completely removed from the well or cut off at a depth not less than 3 ft. below ground surface or at the maximum depth of frost penetration, whichever is greater. An interval not less than 3 ft. below the cut-off casing shall be sealed with sealing materials. These materials may be an extension of the sealing materials used below this depth.

The interval between the ground surface and the top of the cut-off casing shall be filled with soil materials that achieve an in-place hydraulic conductivity equivalent to or less than the surface soil surrounding the well. The ground surface at the sealed well site shall be mounded and graded in a manner that prevents ponding of surface runoff.

Erosion Protection. All disturbed areas surrounding the well shall be vegetated according to NRCS Conservation Practice Standard "Critical Area Planting", Code 342.

Additional criteria to prevent commingling of ground waters between separate water bearing zones.

Wells with open annular space around the casing shall be treated in a manner that seals the voided annular space. Methods of treatment include (1) removing the casing or (2) grouting the casing in place.

Casing removal is acceptable when the entire casing can be removed from the well. Casings removed from a collapsing formation shall be grouted concurrent with removal such that the bottom of the casing remains submerged in the grout.

Casings grouted in place shall employ a grouting procedure that will fill the open space. Perforated or ripped casing shall provide sufficient apportioned open area to assure passage of the grout to the annular space. The casing shall be perforated or ripped throughout the entire length of a confining layer.

CONSIDERATIONS

This practice may be part of a ground water protection system that includes water and chemical management practices.

To the extent practicable, an abandoned well should be decommissioned in a manner that restores the original hydrogeologic conditions of the well site and does not preclude the use of the site from future land management practices.

Decommissioning requires special consideration of specific geological, biological, physical, and climatic conditions, the chemical composition of the surrounding soil, rock, and ground water at the well site, and the well's construction practices. All procedures, fill, and sealing materials need to be selected according to these considerations.

PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS

The licensed contractor/ driller shall complete form LA-ENG-58, "Existing Well", prior to beginning the decommissioning. A copy of this form shall be included in the case file. Plans and specifications for decommissioning abandoned water wells shall be consistent with

this standard and shall describe the requirements for applying the practice to achieve its intended purposes. An as built record of the installation of this practice shall be made on form LA-ENG-061, "Well Decommissioning Checkout" and shall include the following information:

- Location of the decommissioned well by latitude/longitude, township/range, or other georeference convention, of such precision that it can be readily located in the field, if required, in the future;
- Date of well decommissioning;
- Name of landowner;
- Total depth of well;
- Inside diameter of well bore or casing;
- Casing material type or schedule (e.g., standard weight steel, or PVC sch-80);
- Static water level measured from ground surface;
- Types of materials used for filling and sealing, quantities used, and depth intervals for emplacement of each type.

OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE

The practice site shall be inspected periodically to ensure that the decommissioned well and the adjacent area have not settled or eroded, or are otherwise adversely disturbed. The well site and adjacent ground surfaces shall be maintained in a manner that prevents ponding of surface runoff on the site.