

**Practice:** 649 - Structures for Wildlife

**Scenario:** #1 - Nesting Box, Small no pole

**Scenario Description:** A structure is provided to support the nesting and rearing of smaller targeted species, such as bees and birds, and is directly mounted to a tree, building or other structure. Addresses resource concern for wildlife of inadequate cover/shelter

**Before Situation:** The area lacks sufficient nesting habitat sites (natural cavities). A suitable location to mount the box is available.

**After Situation:** The installation of nesting and rearing boxes support the life-cycle needs of targeted species, such as birds, bats and pollinators. These structures/features enhance habitat, cover, and improve species survivability.

**Scenario Feature Measure:** Number of structures

**Scenario Unit:** Each

**Scenario Typical Size:** 1

**Total Scenario Cost:** \$42.91

**Scenario Cost/Unit:** \$42.91

**Cost Details**

Component Name	Id	Description	Unit	Cost	Qty	Total
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**Labor**

General Labor	231	Labor performed using basic tools such as power tool, shovels, and other tools that do not require extensive training. Ex. pipe layer, herder, concrete placement, materials spreader, flagger, etc.	Hour	\$24.26	0.5	\$12.13
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**Materials**

Habitat Box, Bird	251	Bluebird nesting box to increase nesting success. Each is 1-1/2" x 6" x 12-1/2" w/ 1-1/2" diameter opening. Includes materials and shipping.	Each	\$30.77	1	\$30.77
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**Practice:** 649 - Structures for Wildlife

**Scenario:** #2 - Nesting Box, Small, with wood pole

**Scenario Description:** Constructing a nest box and mounting on a pole. A structure is provided to support the nesting and rearing of targeted species, such as pollinators and birds. Trees, buildings or other structures are not available. These structures are designed to meet targeted species biology and life history needs. Addresses Resource Concern: Inadequate Cover/Shelter.

**Before Situation:** This area lacked sufficient nesting sites to support viable populations of targeted species. Location and conditions suggest that predator guards are not needed.

**After Situation:** The installation nesting and rearing boxes support the life-cycle needs of targeted species, such as blue birds and waterfowl. Location and conditions suggest that predator guards are not needed. These structures/features enhance habitat, cover, and improve species survivability.

**Scenario Feature Measure:** Number of structures with poles.

**Scenario Unit:** Number

**Scenario Typical Size:** 1

**Total Scenario Cost:** \$64.07

**Scenario Cost/Unit:** \$64.07

**Cost Details**

Component Name	Id	Description	Unit	Cost	Qty	Total
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**Materials**

Habitat Box, Bird	251	Bluebird nesting box to increase nesting success. Each is 1-1/2" x 6" x 12-1/2" w/ 1-1/2" diameter opening. Includes materials and shipping.	Each	\$30.77	1	\$30.77
Post, Wood, CCA treated, 6" x 8'	12	Wood Post, End 6" X 8', CCA Treated. Includes materials and shipping only.	Each	\$15.10	1	\$15.10

**Labor**

General Labor	231	Labor performed using basic tools such as power tool, shovels, and other tools that do not require extensive training. Ex. pipe layer, herder, concrete placement, materials spreader, flagger, etc.	Hour	\$24.26	0.75	\$18.20
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**Practice:** 649 - Structures for Wildlife

**Scenario:** #3 - Nesting Box, Large

**Scenario Description:** A structure is provided to support the nesting and rearing of larger targeted species such as waterfowl, bats and barn owls, and is directly mounted to a tree, building or other structure. These structures are designed to meet targeted species biology and life history needs. Addresses Resource Concern: Inadequate Cover/Shelter.

**Before Situation:** The area lacks sufficient overall habitat conditions to support viable populations of targeted species. A suitable location to mount the box is available. Predator guards not needed.

**After Situation:** The installation of nesting and rearing boxes support the life-cycle needs of targeted species, such as birds, bats and pollinators. Because of suitable location and conditions the nesting box can be directly mounted such as on a tree or building, thereby eliminating the need for mounting poles and predator guards. Species such as cavity dwelling birds and pollinators use this approach, but this treatment is not limited to those species. These structures/features enhance habitat, cover, and improve species survivability.

**Scenario Feature Measure:** Number of structures.

**Scenario Unit:** Each

**Scenario Typical Size:** 1

**Total Scenario Cost:** \$84.35

**Scenario Cost/Unit:** \$84.35

**Cost Details**

Component Name	Id	Description	Unit	Cost	Qty	Total
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**Labor**

General Labor	231	Labor performed using basic tools such as power tool, shovels, and other tools that do not require extensive training. Ex. pipe layer, herder, concrete placement, materials spreader, flagger, etc.	Hour	\$24.26	0.5	\$12.13
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**Materials**

Habitat Box, waterfowl	1449	Wood Duck Box, typically 24" x 11" x 12" with 4" wide oval entrance, single. Includes material and shipping only.	Each	\$72.22	1	\$72.22
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**Practice:** 649 - Structures for Wildlife

**Scenario:** #4 - Nesting Box or Rapture Perch, Large, with Pole

**Scenario Description:** Constructing a nest box or rapture perch on a steel pole with a predator guard where needed. A structure is provided to support the nesting and rearing of larger targeted species such as woodducks, bats, barn owls or to provide needed perches or nesting structures for raptures. Addresses Resource Concern: Inadequate Cover/Shelter.

**Before Situation:** The area lacks sufficient overall nesting sites to support viable populations of targeted species. Predator guards provide needed protection of target species during nesting and rearing.

**After Situation:** The installation of pole mounted nesting and rearing boxes support the life-cycle needs of targeted species, such as bats and waterfowl.

**Scenario Feature Measure:** Number of structures

**Scenario Unit:** Each

**Scenario Typical Size:** 1

**Total Scenario Cost:** \$244.39

**Scenario Cost/Unit:** \$244.39

**Cost Details**

Component Name	Id	Description	Unit	Cost	Qty	Total
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**Equipment Installation**

All terrain vehicles, ATV	965	Includes equipment, power unit and labor costs.	Hour	\$31.57	0.5	\$15.79
Concrete, CIP, formless, non reinforced	36	Non reinforced concrete cast-in-placed without forms by chute placement. Typical strength is 3000 to 4000 psi. Includes materials, labor and equipment to transport, place and finish.	Cubic Yard	\$142.77	0.1	\$14.28

**Labor**

General Labor	231	Labor performed using basic tools such as power tool, shovels, and other tools that do not require extensive training. Ex. pipe layer, herder, concrete placement, materials spreader, flagger, etc.	Hour	\$24.26	1.5	\$36.40
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**Materials**

Habitat Box, waterfowl	1449	Wood Duck Box, typically 24" x 11" x 12" with 4" wide oval entrance, single. Includes material and shipping only.	Each	\$72.22	1	\$72.22
Pipe, steel, galvanized, threaded, 1 1/4", schedule 40	256	Spec. A-53, includes coupling and clevis hanger assembly sized for covering, 10' OC	Foot	\$7.56	10	\$75.58
Predator Guard	1461	Predator guards (i.e. stove pipes, cone, hole guard, etc.) for habitat boxes. Materials only. Includes material and shipping only.	Each	\$30.14	1	\$30.14

**Practice:** 649 - Structures for Wildlife

**Scenario:** #5 - Escape Ramp

**Scenario Description:** Retrofit an existing watering trough/tank with an appropriately designed and installed wildlife escape ramp to reduce wildlife mortality and maintain water quality within the watering facility.

**Before Situation:** Existing watering facilities lack escape potential for wildlife. This results in death of the small wildlife accessing the facility for water, and resulting poor water quality as the animal decays.

**After Situation:** Watering facilities provide wildlife safe access. Water quality is improved within the watering facility and wildlife mortality is reduced.

**Scenario Feature Measure:** Each Ramp

**Scenario Unit:** Each

**Scenario Typical Size:** 1

**Total Scenario Cost:** \$36.83

**Scenario Cost/Unit:** \$36.83

**Cost Details**

Component Name	Id	Description	Unit	Cost	Qty	Total
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**Labor**

General Labor	231	Labor performed using basic tools such as power tool, shovels, and other tools that do not require extensive training. Ex. pipe layer, herder, concrete placement, materials spreader, flagger, etc.	Hour	\$24.26	0.5	\$12.13
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**Materials**

Wildlife Escape Ramp	242	Pool size 15' x 30', for small mammals less than one pound	Each	\$24.70	1	\$24.70
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**Practice:** 649 - Structures for Wildlife

**Scenario:** #6 - Fence Markers, Vinyl Undersill

**Scenario Description:** Existing fences are retrofitted with vinyl markers that increase wire visibility and reduce mortality due to collision for wildlife species of concern. Markers are installed approximately every 3 feet along top wire. Scenario is typically implemented along fences in potential high risk areas (red areas in SGI Fence Collision Risk Model) or where a known problem exists.

**Before Situation:** Wire fences located in high risk areas pose a collision threat to wildlife of special concern.

**After Situation:** Fence related mortality of species of special concern is reduced.

**Scenario Feature Measure:** feet of fence marked

**Scenario Unit:** Foot

**Scenario Typical Size:** 1320

**Total Scenario Cost:** \$216.31

**Scenario Cost/Unit:** \$0.16

**Cost Details**

Component Name	Id	Description	Unit	Cost	Qty	Total
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**Labor**

General Labor	231	Labor performed using basic tools such as power tool, shovels, and other tools that do not require extensive training. Ex. pipe layer, herder, concrete placement, materials spreader, flagger, etc.	Hour	\$24.26	5	\$121.32
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**Materials**

Vinyl Undersill Strips	241	Marking material using the "undersill" strips of vinyl siding. Priced per foot of fence per each wire. Materials only.	Foot	\$0.06	1320	\$79.20
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**Equipment Installation**

All terrain vehicles, ATV	965	Includes equipment, power unit and labor costs.	Hour	\$31.57	0.5	\$15.79
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**Practice:** 649 - Structures for Wildlife

**Scenario:** #7 - Brush Pile - Small

**Scenario Description:** Small brush piles are created to provide shrubby/woody escape cover for wildlife. Pushing or cutting of select small trees and placement in selected locations to provide wildlife cover. Typical scenario of 10' x 20' area for structure covered by interlocking limbs of trees less than 12 inches in diameter.

**Before Situation:** The existing habitat lacks escape, ground nesting and safe loafing cover.

**After Situation:** Small brush piles provide needed escape, ground nesting and safe loafing cover for targeted wildlife species.

**Scenario Feature Measure:** brush piles

**Scenario Unit:** Each

**Scenario Typical Size:** 1

**Total Scenario Cost:** \$34.19

**Scenario Cost/Unit:** \$34.19

**Cost Details**

Component Name	Id	Description	Unit	Cost	Qty	Total
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**Labor**

Equipment Operators, Light	232	Includes: Skid Steer Loaders, Hydraulic Excavators <50 HP, Trenchers <12", Ag Equipment <150 HP, Pickup Trucks, Forklifts, Mulchers	Hour	\$25.30	0.5	\$12.65
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**Equipment Installation**

Skidsteer, 80 HP	933	Skidsteer loader with horsepower range of 60 to 90. Equipment and power unit costs. Labor not included.	Hour	\$43.09	0.5	\$21.54
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**Practice:** 649 - Structures for Wildlife

**Scenario:** #8 - Brush Pile - Large

**Scenario Description:** Downed tree structures are created to provide shrubby/woody escape cover for wildlife. Existing sod will be killed prior to placement of tree structures. Felling of select trees and placement in selected locations to provide wildlife cover. Typical scenario of 30' x 50' area for structure covered by interlocking limbs of trees at least 12" in diameter.

**Before Situation:** The existing habitat lacks escape, ground nesting and safe loafing cover.

**After Situation:** Large brush piles provide needed escape, ground nesting and safe loafing cover for targeted wildlife species.

**Scenario Feature Measure:** brush piles

**Scenario Unit:** Each

**Scenario Typical Size:** 1

**Total Scenario Cost:** \$145.40

**Scenario Cost/Unit:** \$145.40

**Cost Details**

Component Name	Id	Description	Unit	Cost	Qty	Total
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**Labor**

Equipment Operators, Light	232	Includes: Skid Steer Loaders, Hydraulic Excavators <50 HP, Trenchers <12", Ag Equipment <150 HP, Pickup Trucks, Forklifts, Mulchers	Hour	\$25.30	1	\$25.30
General Labor	231	Labor performed using basic tools such as power tool, shovels, and other tools that do not require extensive training. Ex. pipe layer, herder, concrete placement, materials spreader, flagger, etc.	Hour	\$24.26	3	\$72.79

**Equipment Installation**

Chainsaw	937	Equipment and power unit costs. Labor not included.	Hour	\$4.22	1	\$4.22
Skidsteer, 80 HP	933	Skidsteer loader with horsepower range of 60 to 90. Equipment and power unit costs. Labor not included.	Hour	\$43.09	1	\$43.09

**Practice:** 649 - Structures for Wildlife

**Scenario:** #9 - Raptor Perch Pole

**Scenario Description:** A structure is provided to improve wildlife habitat by providing a raptor perch. These structures are designed to meet targeted species biology and life history needs. Poles are typically 12 to 15 feet above the ground surface, and buried 3 ft or more.

**Before Situation:** These structures are targeted for areas that lack sufficient overall habitat conditions to support viable populations of targeted species. Insufficient perch locations are available.

**After Situation:** The installation of a raptor perch pole enhances the overall habitat needs of targeted species. These structures/features enhance habitat and improve species survivability.

**Scenario Feature Measure:** Number

**Scenario Unit:** Each

**Scenario Typical Size:** 1

**Total Scenario Cost:** \$521.16

**Scenario Cost/Unit:** \$521.16

**Cost Details**

Component Name	Id	Description	Unit	Cost	Qty	Total
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**Labor**

General Labor	231	Labor performed using basic tools such as power tool, shovels, and other tools that do not require extensive training. Ex. pipe layer, herder, concrete placement, materials spreader, flagger, etc.	Hour	\$24.26	1	\$24.26
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**Materials**

Concrete mix, bag	1226	Pre-mixed dry concrete mix in 60 pound bag. Materials only.	Each	\$3.69	3	\$11.06
Pipe, steel, galvanized, threaded, 2", schedule 40	257	Spec. A-53, includes coupling and clevis hanger assembly sized for covering, 10' OC	Foot	\$26.99	18	\$485.84

**Practice:** 649 - Structures for Wildlife

**Scenario:** #10 - Burrowing Owl Burrow

**Scenario Description:** A structure is provided to improve wildlife habitat by providing a burrowing owl burrow. These structures are designed to meet targeted species biology and life history needs. Two nesting locations are provided per site. Each nesting site has two points of access. The two nest locations may also be connected.

**Before Situation:** These structures are targeted for areas that lack sufficient overall habitat conditions to support viable populations of targeted species. Insufficient natural burrow locations are available.

**After Situation:** The installation of a burrowing owl burrow enhances the overall habitat needs of targeted species. These structures/features enhance habitat and improve species survivability.

**Scenario Feature Measure:** Number

**Scenario Unit:** Each

**Scenario Typical Size:** 1

**Total Scenario Cost:** \$404.98

**Scenario Cost/Unit:** \$404.98

**Cost Details**

Component Name	Id	Description	Unit	Cost	Qty	Total
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**Labor**

Equipment Operators, Light	232	Includes: Skid Steer Loaders, Hydraulic Excavators <50 HP, Trenchers <12", Ag Equipment <150 HP, Pickup Trucks, Forklifts, Mulchers	Hour	\$25.30	2	\$50.60
General Labor	231	Labor performed using basic tools such as power tool, shovels, and other tools that do not require extensive training. Ex. pipe layer, herder, concrete placement, materials spreader, flagger, etc.	Hour	\$24.26	2	\$48.53

**Equipment Installation**

Backhoe, 80 HP	926	Wheel mounted backhoe excavator with horsepower range of 60 to 90. Equipment and power unit costs. Labor not included.	Hour	\$54.15	2	\$108.31
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**Materials**

Bucket, 5 gal	1758	5 gallon plastic bucket. Materials only.	Each	\$2.77	2	\$5.53
Pipe, HDPE, 4", PCPT, Single Wall	1270	Pipe, Corrugated Plastic Tubing, Single Wall, Perforated, 4" diameter - ASTM F405. Material cost only.	Foot	\$0.47	60	\$28.17
Pipe, PVC, 6", SCH 40	980	Materials: - 6" - PVC - SCH 40 - ASTM D1785	Foot	\$6.83	24	\$163.84

**Practice:** 649 - Structures for Wildlife

**Scenario:** #11 - Lunkers

**Scenario Description:** A structure is provided to improve aquatic habitat by providing alternative cover when natural cover is not readily available. These structures are designed to enhance habitat by simulating an overhanging/undercut bank. The resulting cavity provides cover and temperature attenuation to support aquatic organism biology and life history needs. A structure made of wood is placed at the toe of a slope on a rock base. The structure is then weighted with rock and covered.

**Before Situation:** These structures are targeted for areas that lack sufficient cover and overall habitat conditions to support the life cycle needs of numerous aquatic organisms.

**After Situation:** The installation of lunkers, typically in groups of three, provide improved cover. These structures improve species survivability by providing cover and temperature attenuation. Typical installation is a group of three lunkers that are typically 8 ft long and 2 ft wide. Structures are typically located downstream of the apex of a bend to promote flow through the structure and minimize deposition of sediments.

**Scenario Feature Measure:** Number

**Scenario Unit:** Each

**Scenario Typical Size:** 1

**Total Scenario Cost:** \$3,203.61

**Scenario Cost/Unit:** \$3,203.61

**Cost Details**

Component Name	Id	Description	Unit	Cost	Qty	Total
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**Labor**

Equipment Operators, Heavy	233	Includes: Cranes, Hydraulic Excavators >=50 HP, Dozers, Paving Machines, Rock Trenchers, Trenchers >=12", Dump Trucks, Ag Equipment >=150 HP, Scrapers, Water Wagons.	Hour	\$39.75	16	\$636.02
General Labor	231	Labor performed using basic tools such as power tool, shovels, and other tools that do not require extensive training. Ex. pipe layer, herder, concrete placement, materials spreader, flagger, etc.	Hour	\$24.26	16	\$388.24

**Equipment Installation**

Hydraulic Excavator, 1 CY	931	Track mounted hydraulic excavator with bucket capacity range of 0.8 to 1.5 CY. Equipment and power unit costs. Labor not included.	Hour	\$109.89	8	\$879.14
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**Materials**

Lumber, planks, posts and timbers, untreated, rot resistant	1612	Untreated dimension lumber with nominal thickness greater than 2" milled from rot resistant species such as cedar. Includes lumber and fasteners. Does not include labor.	Board Foot	\$2.40	270	\$647.07
Rock Riprap, graded, angular, material and shipping	1200	Graded Rock Riprap for all gradation ranges. Includes materials and delivery only.	Ton	\$29.69	22	\$653.14

**Practice:** 649 - Structures for Wildlife

**Scenario:** #12 - Brush and Rock Piles

**Scenario Description:** A brush pile or rock pile provides improved wildlife habitat by providing resting and escape cover. These structures are located and constructed to meet targeted species biology and life history needs. While size varies, brush piles are typically 10 ft in diameter and 6 ft high at the center. Multiples brush piles are better than one larger pile, and two to four piles per acre of area adjacent to woodlands is desirable. Piles are typically 200 to 300 ft apart. Stumps, logs, rocks and pipes are typically placed at the bottom with limbs and leaves placed on top, thereby allowing easy access to the bottom of the pile. These piles can provide nesting habitat, resting areas, concealment, and protection from some predators for birds, rabbits, and other small mammals. Rock piles provide shelter and basking areas for amphibians and reptiles such as frogs, lizards, salamanders and snakes. Large rocks are typically placed at the bottom. Often depressions are dug in the ground surface and covered with flat rocks to create temporary pools for breeding frogs and salamanders. Rocks absorb heat in the day and radiate heat at night. Materials for brush and rock piles are collected locally.

**Before Situation:** These structures are targeted for areas that lack sufficient overall habitat conditions to support viable populations of targeted species. Insufficient ground cover is available for resting, basking, and escape cover. Existing brushy cover is lacking or not well distributed.

**After Situation:** The installation of a brush piles and rock piles enhances the overall habitat needs of numerous terrestrial species. These structures/features enhance habitat and improve species survivability. By providing resting, basking, and escape cover, larger open spaces are more effectively used by ground nesting birds, amphibians, reptiles, and small mammals. Increased cover reduces predation.

**Scenario Feature Measure:** Number

**Scenario Unit:** Each

**Scenario Typical Size:** 1

**Total Scenario Cost:** \$28.48

**Scenario Cost/Unit:** \$28.48

**Cost Details**

Component Name	Id	Description	Unit	Cost	Qty	Total
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**Labor**

General Labor	231	Labor performed using basic tools such as power tool, shovels, and other tools that do not require extensive training. Ex. pipe layer, herder, concrete placement, materials spreader, flagger, etc.	Hour	\$24.26	1	\$24.26
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**Equipment Installation**

Chainsaw	937	Equipment and power unit costs. Labor not included.	Hour	\$4.22	1	\$4.22
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**Practice:** 649 - Structures for Wildlife

**Scenario:** #13 - Nesting Islands (set of 3)

**Scenario Description:** This practice involves constructing, maintaining, and monitoring loafing structures to provide nesting/loafing cover for waterbirds, reptiles, and amphibians. This practice applies to croplands grown to rice or other flooded cropland capable of water level management. A habitat appraisal guide has identified that nesting/loafing cover is a limiting factor for shorebirds, waterbirds, waterfowl, or other wetland wildlife and where natural recovery of that habitat element is either unlikely or will take many years to naturally develop. Each island will be a minimum of 800 sqft above the waterline with slopes of between 8:1 and 10:1 with a one foot freeboard. There will be one created island per 10 acres with a minimum of three islands per project. Vegetated areas can be used for breeding waterfowl; encourage non-vegetated areas for breeding shorebirds. Resource Concern: Inadequate Habitat for Fish and Wildlife.

**Before Situation:** This practice applies to croplands grown to rice or other crops capable of being managed for shallow water management objectives, where a habitat appraisal guide has identified that nesting/loafing cover is a limiting factor for shorebirds, waterbirds, waterfowl, or other wetland wildlife and where natural recovery of that habitat element is either unlikely or will take many years to naturally develop.

**After Situation:** 3 islands constructed to a minimum of 800 sqft above the waterline with slopes of between 8:1 and 10:1 with a one foot freeboard. There will be one created island per 10 acres. Three island minimum per project. Creating islands provides suitable nesting/ loafing areas within the flooded agricultural fields and offsets the lack of protected uplands for nesting or loafing shorebirds, waterfowl, reptiles, and amphibians.

**Scenario Feature Measure:** 3 Nesting Islands

**Scenario Unit:** Each

**Scenario Typical Size:** 1

**Total Scenario Cost:** \$4,793.65

**Scenario Cost/Unit:** \$4,793.65

**Cost Details**

Component Name	Id	Description	Unit	Cost	Qty	Total
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**Labor**

Equipment Operators, Heavy	233	Includes: Cranes, Hydraulic Excavators >=50 HP, Dozers, Paving Machines, Rock Trenchers, Trenchers >=12", Dump Trucks, Ag Equipment >=150 HP, Scrapers, Water Wagons.	Hour	\$39.75	20	\$795.02
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**Equipment Installation**

Dozer, 200 HP	928	Track mounted Dozer with horsepower range of 160 to 250. Equipment and power unit costs. Labor not included.	Hour	\$187.57	20	\$3,751.47
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**Mobilization**

Mobilization, medium equipment	1139	Equipment with 70-150 HP or typical weights between 14,000 and 30,000 pounds.	Each	\$247.16	1	\$247.16
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**Practice:** 649 - Structures for Wildlife

**Scenario:** #14 - Snag Creation

**Scenario Description:** Create snags from existing live trees to provide nesting, foraging, perching, thermal cover, and display habitat for target species such as cavity nesting birds (woodpeckers, songbirds, wood duck, etc), small mammals (shrew, chipmunk, flying squirrel, bats, etc.), amphibians and reptiles and bumble bees. Trees must be at least 12" DBH. Resulting snag will be a minimum of 25' tall. Snag creation methods may include girdling, chemical injection, or high topping.

**Before Situation:** These structures are targeted for areas that lack sufficient snag habitat conditions to support viable populations of targeted species. Insufficient cavity nests, foraging, and perching habitat exists on the planning unit. Existing snag habitat is lacking or not well distributed.

**After Situation:** Snag creation enhances the overall habitat condition for numerous terrestrial species. These structures/features enhance habitat and improve species survivability. By providing cavity nesting sites, invertebrate foraging area, perching/hunting opportunities, and thermal cover/escape cover, larger open spaces are more effectively used by cavity nesting birds and pollinators, amphibians, reptiles, and small mammals. Increased cover reduces predation.

**Scenario Feature Measure:** Number of snags

**Scenario Unit:** Each

**Scenario Typical Size:** 1

**Total Scenario Cost:** \$26.37

**Scenario Cost/Unit:** \$26.37

**Cost Details**

Component Name	Id	Description	Unit	Cost	Qty	Total
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**Labor**

General Labor	231	Labor performed using basic tools such as power tool, shovels, and other tools that do not require extensive training. Ex. pipe layer, herder, concrete placement, materials spreader, flagger, etc.	Hour	\$24.26	1	\$24.26
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**Equipment Installation**

Chainsaw	937	Equipment and power unit costs. Labor not included.	Hour	\$4.22	0.5	\$2.11
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**Practice:** 649 - Structures for Wildlife

**Scenario:** #15 - Downed Large Wood-Upland

**Scenario Description:** Large log is placed on the upland or riparian forest floor to provide cover, denning, thermal regulation, and/or forage sites for wildlife species such as small mammals, amphibians, and game birds. Large wood is defined as a minimum log diameter of 12" and 20 ft long length. Forest terrian is moderate with existing forest road infrastructure. Log sections are cut on site or hauled. Installation of downed logs deemed necessary following a Wildlife Habitat Evaluation score below planning critiera level. Primary Resouce concern is Inadequate Habitat for Fish or Wildlife-habitat degradation. This practice may be installed alone or in combination with facilitating practices. Facilitating practices may include but not limited to: 382, 391,612, 660 and 666.

**Before Situation:** A habitat assessment (using State Office approved habitat assessment method, protocol or tool) has indicated a need for increased structural complexity in the forest understory to bring one or more habitat limiting factors under Inadequate Habitat for Fish or Wildlife, up to planning criteria. Upland habitat limiting factors include quality, quantity and continuity of forage, cover, shelter, space and water availability. The structures can be installed within a quarter mile of a driveable road and terrain is gentle to moderate.

**After Situation:** Installation of downed large wood brings the identified deficient habitat limiting factors up to planning criteria. The practice is installed using general labor with minimal supervision or skilled labor without supervision with use of common hand tools and small equipment;

**Scenario Feature Measure:** Number of stems large wood

**Scenario Unit:** Each

**Scenario Typical Size:** 1

**Total Scenario Cost:** \$152.83

**Scenario Cost/Unit:** \$152.83

**Cost Details**

Component Name	Id	Description	Unit	Cost	Qty	Total
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**Labor**

Equipment Operators, Light	232	Includes: Skid Steer Loaders, Hydraulic Excavators <50 HP, Trenchers <12", Ag Equipment <150 HP, Pickup Trucks, Forklifts, Mulchers	Hour	\$25.30	1.5	\$37.95
General Labor	231	Labor performed using basic tools such as power tool, shovels, and other tools that do not require extensive training. Ex. pipe layer, herder, concrete placement, materials spreader, flagger, etc.	Hour	\$24.26	2	\$48.53

**Equipment Installation**

Chainsaw	937	Equipment and power unit costs. Labor not included.	Hour	\$4.22	1	\$4.22
Skidsteer, 80 HP	933	Skidsteer loader with horsepower range of 60 to 90. Equipment and power unit costs. Labor not included.	Hour	\$43.09	0.5	\$21.54

**Materials**

Log, un-anchored	2035	Price of log picked up at the Mill. Includes material only.	Ton	\$40.58	1	\$40.58
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**Practice:** 649 - Structures for Wildlife

**Scenario:** #23 - Open topped pipe capping

**Scenario Description:** Closing off the top of an open vertical pipe that poses a hazard to wildlife, such as fence posts or miscellaneous irrigation structures. Typically, fences or irrigation structures have multiple open vertical pipes that require caps, for example, if fence braces are constructed from pipes, 2 or 3 caps would be needed for each fence brace (one per post).

**Before Situation:** Open topped pipes create a hazard for small wildlife that get trapped inside.

**After Situation:** Open topped pipes are capped to prevent wildlife hazards.

**Scenario Feature Measure:** each pipe

**Scenario Unit:** Each

**Scenario Typical Size:** 10

**Total Scenario Cost:** \$301.36

**Scenario Cost/Unit:** \$30.14

**Cost Details**

Component Name	Id	Description	Unit	Cost	Qty	Total
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**Materials**

End Cap - Pipe Steel	2652	End Cap - Cap for Steel Pipe to close open end (2 inch - 4 inch diameter) Material only	Each	\$2.22	10	\$22.17
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**Labor**

General Labor	231	Labor performed using basic tools such as power tool, shovels, and other tools that do not require extensive training. Ex. pipe layer, herder, concrete placement, materials spreader, flagger, etc.	Hour	\$24.26	5	\$121.32
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**Equipment Installation**

All terrain vehicles, ATV	965	Includes equipment, power unit and labor costs.	Hour	\$31.57	5	\$157.87
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**Practice:** 649 - Structures for Wildlife

**Scenario:** #24 - Beaver Dam Template Structure

**Scenario Description:** Posts set in a row across the stream channel, typically in smaller streams where habitat restoration, decreased stream velocities, or aggradation of the channel bed is desired. Post spacing is about 2', intended to catch debris and serve as an anchor point for beaver to construct a dam.

**Before Situation:** Stream channel is degrading and/or stream banks are eroding causing habitat degradation (both aquatic and riparian).

**After Situation:** Installation of the structure causes beaver to continue to build a dam in the location, decreasing stream velocities and expanding the riparian area.

**Scenario Feature Measure:** linear feet

**Scenario Unit:** Linear Foot

**Scenario Typical Size:** 25

**Total Scenario Cost:** \$482.54

**Scenario Cost/Unit:** \$19.30

**Cost Details**

Component Name	Id	Description	Unit	Cost	Qty	Total
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**Materials**

Lumber, planks, posts and timbers, untreated, rot resistant	1612	Untreated dimension lumber with nominal thickness greater than 2" milled from rot resistant species such as cedar. Includes lumber and fasteners. Does not include labor.	Board Foot	\$2.40	13	\$31.16
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**Labor**

General Labor	231	Labor performed using basic tools such as power tool, shovels, and other tools that do not require extensive training. Ex. pipe layer, herder, concrete placement, materials spreader, flagger, etc.	Hour	\$24.26	16	\$388.24
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**Equipment Installation**

All terrain vehicles, ATV	965	Includes equipment, power unit and labor costs.	Hour	\$31.57	2	\$63.15
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