

Landowner _____



WHAT ARE WINDBREAKS/SHELTERBELTS?

Windbreaks or shelterbelts are single or multiple rows of trees or shrubs in linear configurations.

PURPOSE

Windbreaks or shelterbelts are generally established to protect or shelter nearby, leeward areas from troublesome winds. Such plantings are used to reduce wind erosion, protect growing plants (crops and forage), alter the microenvironment to enhance plant growth, manage snow, improve irrigation efficiency, reduce energy use and delineate field boundaries. Windbreaks also protect structures and livestock, provide wildlife habitat and travel corridors, enhance aesthetics, and increase carbon storage. Also, when used as a living screen, windbreaks control views, reduce noise, and intercept chemical drift.

HOW IT HELPS THE LAND

Reducing wind speed will reduce soil loss and damage from the wind to a level which will permit crop production to be sustained economically and indefinitely. Field windbreaks also provide wildlife food, cover, nesting sites and travel lanes. A properly

designed windbreak can protect livestock from cold winter winds and still reduce heat stress to animals in the summer by providing shade and allowing wind circulation.

WHERE THE PRACTICE APPLIES

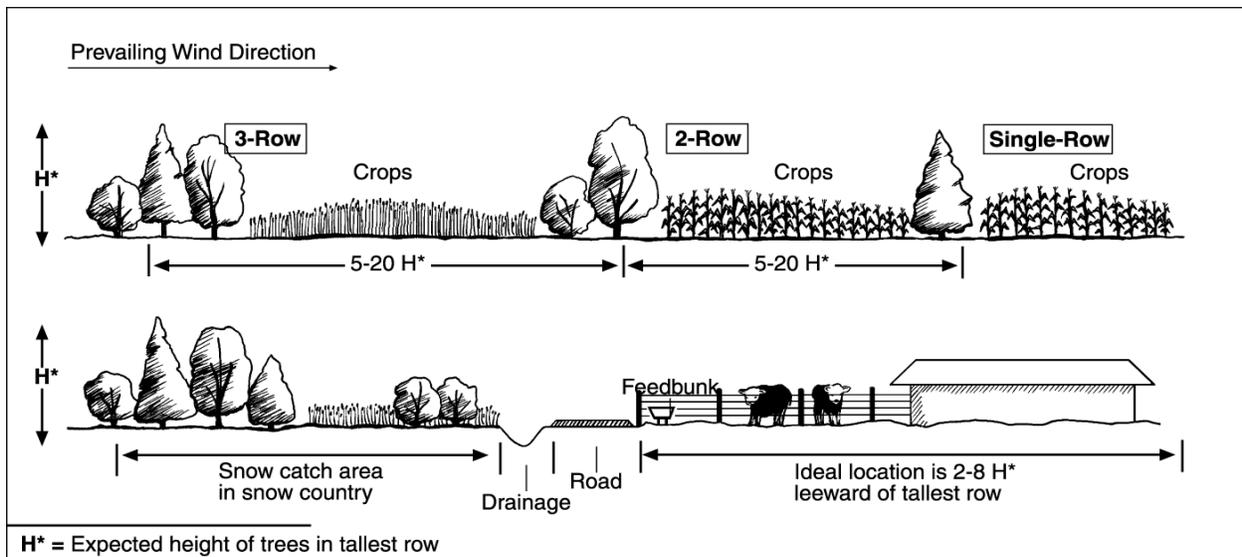
Windbreaks are “environmental buffers” that are planted in a variety of settings, such as on cropland, pasture, and rangeland; along roads, farmsteads, feedlots; and in urban areas.

WHERE TO GET HELP

For assistance and additional information on planning and establishing a windbreak or shelterbelt, contact your local Natural Resources Conservation Service or your local Conservation District office.

APPLYING THE PRACTICE

Windbreaks and shelterbelts are normally established concurrently with other practices as part of a resource management system for a conservation management unit. For example, conservation crop rotation, residue management, and windbreaks can act together to control wind erosion year-round.

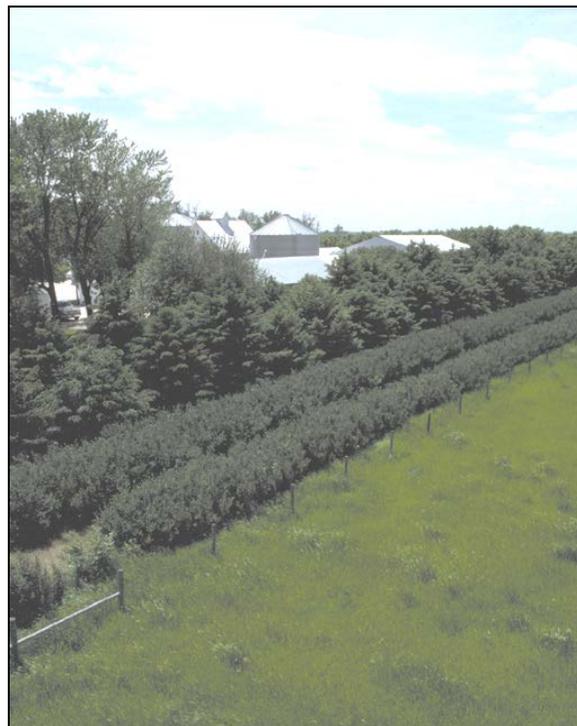


A windbreak or shelterbelt usually consists of multiple rows, with shrubs in the outer rows and taller trees in the interior. Complementary practices work with these environmental buffers to further control wind erosion and snow deposition and modify site characteristics for habitat and screening purposes. For comprehensive protection of a field, windbreaks are placed in a series across the area (typically spaced at intervals of 5 to 20 times the height of each windbreak), with individual windbreaks running parallel to one another, but perpendicular to prevailing winds.

For plantings to function properly, access by livestock and certain wildlife must be managed year-round (use exclusion and fencing). Connecting shelterbelts with existing or planned perennial vegetation, such as woodlots and woody draws or riparian areas (riparian forest buffer), provides additional benefits for wildlife and aesthetics. Select native or adapted species that provide wildlife food or cover.

MAINTAINING THE PRACTICE

Trees and shrubs in a windbreak or shelterbelt need periodic maintenance and, later on, possible renovation. In arid areas windbreaks may need supplemental water or the use of water-harvesting techniques for successful establishment.



This multiple-row windbreak protects the adjacent farmstead and provides important wildlife habitat.

Windbreak/Shelterbelt Establishment – Job Sheet

Landowner _____ Field number _____

Purpose (check all that apply)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Reduce soil erosion from wind	<input type="checkbox"/> Provide living visual screens
<input type="checkbox"/> Protect plants from wind-related damage	<input type="checkbox"/> Improve air quality
<input type="checkbox"/> Alter microenvironment for enhancing plant growth	<input type="checkbox"/> Delineate property and field boundaries
<input type="checkbox"/> Manage snow deposition	<input type="checkbox"/> Improve irrigation efficiency
<input type="checkbox"/> Provide shelter for structures, livestock, and people	<input type="checkbox"/> Increase carbon storage in biomass and soils
<input type="checkbox"/> Enhance wildlife habitat	<input type="checkbox"/> Reduce energy use
<input type="checkbox"/> Provide living noise screens	

Location and Layout	
Width (feet; include widths of maintenance areas next to outer rows):	
Length (feet):	Area (acres):
Total area of zone protected/sheltered (acres; based on expected height and density of the windbreak/shelterbelt):	
Additional requirements:	

Woody Plant Materials Information					
Species/cultivar by row number:	Kind of stock ¹ :	Planting Dates	Distance between plants within row (ft):	Total number of plants for row:	Distance (ft) from this row to next row ² :
1					
2					
3					
4					
5					
6					
7					--

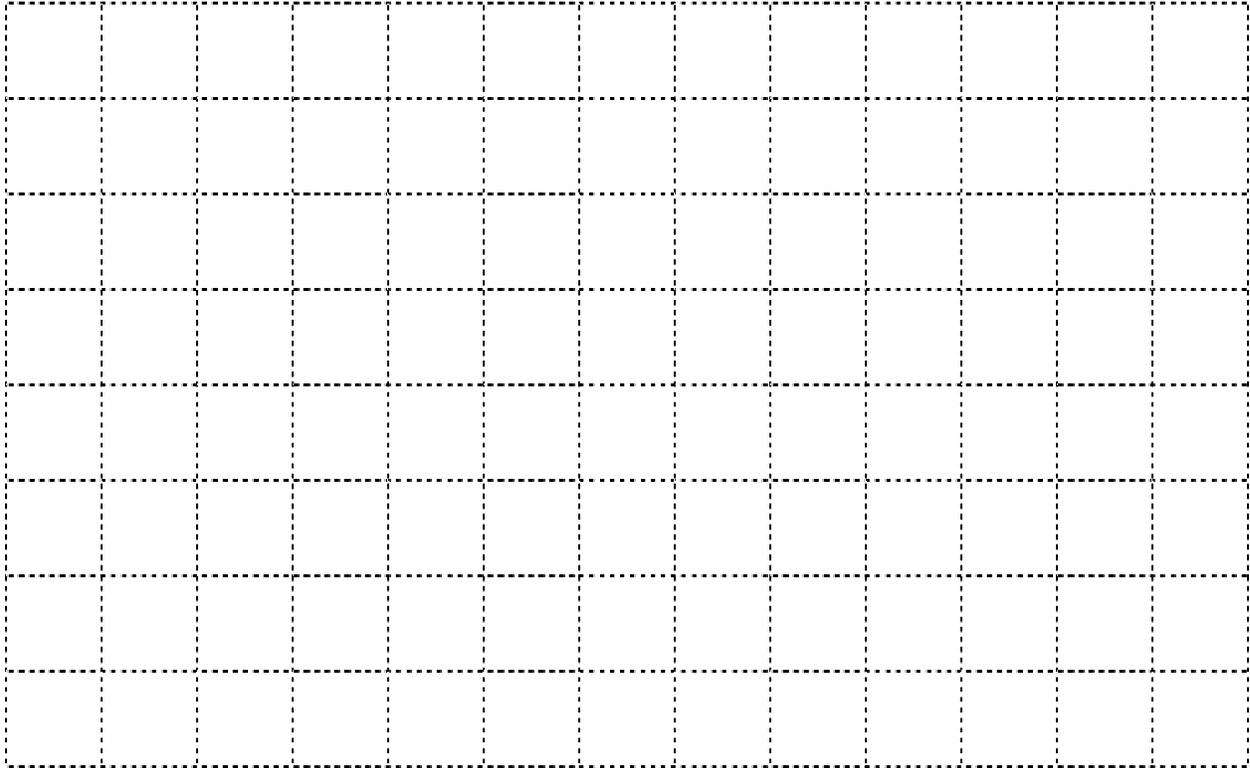
¹Bareroot, ^COntainer, ^Uutting; include size, caliper, height, and age as applicable. ²Adjusted for width of maintenance equipment.

Temporary Storage Instructions
<i>Planting stock that is dormant may be stored temporarily in a cooler or protected area. For stock that is expected to begin growth before planting, dig a V-shaped trench (heeling-in-bed) sufficiently deep and bury seedlings so that all roots are covered by soil. Pack the soil firmly and water thoroughly. Additional requirements:</i>
Site Preparation
<i>Remove debris and control competing vegetation to allow enough spots or sites for planting and planting equipment. Prepare supplemental moisture materials for installation if required by trees and/or shrubs. Additional requirements:</i>
Planting Methods
<i>For container and bareroot stock, plant stock to a depth even with the root collar in holes deep and wide enough to fully extend the roots. Pack the soil firmly around each plant. Cuttings are inserted in moist soil with at least 2 to 3 buds showing above ground. Additional requirements:</i>
Operation and Maintenance
<i>Inspect windbreak/shelterbelt components periodically and protect from damage so proper function is maintained. Replace dead or dying tree/shrub stock and continue control of competing vegetation to allow proper establishment. Install and begin supplemental irrigation if required. Additional requirements:</i>

Windbreak/Shelterbelt Establishment – Job Sheet

If needed, an aerial view or a side view of the practice can be shown below. Other relevant information, complementary practices and measures, and additional specifications may be included.

Scale 1"= _____ ft. (NA indicates sketch not to scale: grid size=1/2" by 1/2")



Additional Specifications and Notes:

Client Signature, as needed _____

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