AMENDMENTS FOR TREATMENT OF AGRICULTURAL WASTE
(AU)
CODE 591
Natural Resources Conservation Service
Conservation Practice Standard

I. Definition
The use of chemical or biological additives to change the properties of manure, process wastewater, contaminated storm water runoff and other wastes.

II. Purpose
- Improve or protect air quality
- Improve or protect water quality
- Improve or protect animal health
- Facilitate the management, handling and processing of manure and waste
- Reducing risk associated with the spread and contamination from pathogens

III. Conditions Where Practice Applies
This practice applies where the use of a chemical or biological amendment will alter the physical and chemical characteristics of the waste stream as a part of a planned waste management system. This practice does not include amendments added to the animal feed.

IV. Federal, Tribal, State, and Local Laws
Users of this standard should be aware of potentially applicable federal, tribal, state and local laws, rules, and regulations or permit requirements governing amendments for treatment of agricultural waste. This standard does not contain the text of federal, tribal, state, or local laws.

V. Criteria
The following criteria establish minimum allowable limits for design parameters, acceptable installation processes, or performance requirements applicable to all purposes.

A. Management Assessment
A management assessment shall be conducted, documented, and incorporated into the design. The assessment shall be performed with the owner/operator to explore options for amendments to the waste stream, available resources, and waste characteristics.

B. Labeling and Instructions for Use
The label or accompanying instructions for the use of the amendments shall contain the following information:
- Active ingredients and their percentage of the whole. Proprietary terminology may be used as long as the actual chemical and/or biological names are included.
- The purpose(s) for which the amendment is intended.
- Recommended application rate(s) to achieve the intended purpose(s).
- Application timing and methodology to optimize the effectiveness of the amendment.
- Incorporation requirements (if any).
- Special handling and storage requirements for the amendment.
- Any safety concerns relating to the use of the amendment and recommended measures to overcome the safety concern, including any required personal protective equipment.

C. Validation of Product
It is the responsibility of the amendment provider to furnish the following documentation to the NRCS.

Provide information from a university of other independent research entity to document the species-specific rate, timing and application methodology of an amendment to achieve a needed level of treatment addressing a specific purpose. Documentation from peer reviewed journals is preferable.

Identify potential adverse impacts of the amendment on the ecosystem in the documentation.

Conservation Practice Standards are reviewed periodically and updated if needed. To obtain the current version of this standard, contact your local NRCS office or the Standards Oversight Council (SOC) office, Madison, WI at (608) 833-1833.

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If available, document the effectiveness of the amendment under different climatic factors.

D. System Effects

Limit the use of amendments to situations where adverse impacts on other aspects of the planned manure management system have been addressed in the system design.

Land application of treated manure and other waste must meet the criteria in Wisconsin NRCS Field Office Technical Guide (FOTG) Section IV, Conservation Practice Standard 590, Nutrient Management.

E. Storage and Transfer of Treated Wastes

Waste stream flow to or from a facility used in the amendment treatment process shall meet the requirements of Wisconsin NRCS FOTG Section IV, Conservation Practice Standard 634, Waste Transfer.

Adequate storage shall be provided for manure or manure derivates following amendment treatment unless they are transported directly to the final utilization location. Storage facilities shall be designed in accordance with NRCS FOTG Section IV, Conservation Practice Standard 313, Waste Storage Facility.

F. Plans and Specifications

Plans and specifications shall be prepared in accordance with the criteria of this standard and shall describe the requirements for applying the practice to achieve its intended purpose(s). Specifications for the use of an individual amendment will be developed in accordance with the label directions and other instructions provided by the vendor. As a minimum, the plans and specifications shall provide the following:

- The name of the amendment, the purpose(s) for its use, and the planned outcome(s).
- Application methodology, including rates, timing, mixing instructions, temperature requirements, etc.
- Required tests to determine the effectiveness of the amendment as appropriate.

G. Operation and Maintenance

A site-specific operation and maintenance (O&M) plan shall be developed and reviewed with the operator and owner prior to implementation of the practice. The O&M plan shall be consistent with the purposes of the practice, safety considerations, and label directions and other instructions provided by the vendor.

The O&M plan shall provide sufficient detail as to amendments to be used, application rates and timing, and equipment to be used.

The O&M plan shall detail all safety precautions necessary when handling the specific chemicals or biological amendments to be used.

The O&M plan shall provide for record keeping in sufficient detail to describe the amendment’s use, actual application rates and timing, and any tests performed (including nutrient analysis).

VI. Considerations

Additional recommendations relating to design that may enhance the use of, or avoid problems with, this practice but are not required to ensure its basic conservation functions are as follows.

A. The use of an amendment may alter the composition of the waste stream. The use of amendments should be limited to situations where impacts of the altered waste stream on other aspects of the planned system have been identified.

B. Some amendments have been shown to affect multiple purposes of this standard and other aspect of a livestock production operation. Preference should be given to amendments with the greatest environmental and economic benefit.

C. The use of amendments to reduce ammonia and other emissions from manure in confined spaces may allow altered ventilation strategies at an appreciable energy savings. The reduction of ammonia emissions will also increase the proportion of nitrogen in the manure.

VII. References

USDA, NRCS Wisconsin Field Office Technical Guide (FOTG), Section IV, Practice Standards and Specifications.